

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

Sept. 2, 1895. 5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

THIRTEENTH YEAR.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1895.

THREE CENTS.

A Duluth Clothing House Exclusively Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men and Not Tributary to Any Eastern Concern.

The Big Duluth

Store Closed all day Today on Account of Labor Day.

Making Ready

for our greater store means good times now for buyers. You buy good Suits now for same money formerly paid for pair of Trousers.

Suits for \$5 Equal to those sold elsewhere at \$10.
Suits for \$8 Equal to those sold elsewhere at \$15.
Suits for \$10 Equal to those sold elsewhere at \$20.
Boys' Suits for \$2, \$3 Equal to those sold elsewhere for \$4, \$5.
Big Boys' Suits for \$4, \$5 Equal to those sold elsewhere at \$8, \$10.
Trousers at Same Rate \$2 for the pair worth \$3.
Trousers at Same Rate \$3 for the pair worth \$5.
Trousers at Same Rate \$4 for the pair worth \$6 and \$7.
Our entire Mammoth stock of seasonable Clothing, Hats, Shoes and Furnishing Goods selling at nearly..... **Half Price**

Williamson & Mendenhall
125 AND 127 WEST SUPERIOR STREET

Hurrah!

FOR THE--

COUNTY FAIR!

SEPTEMBER 19th, 20th AND 21st.

\$3,000

..... IN PRIZES.

Every One Get Ready.

WATCH THIS SPACE FOR ANNOUNCEMENTS.....

ENGRAVING!

WOULD BE PLEASED TO SHOW YOU OUR WORK AND PRICES. KNOW WE CAN SUIT YOU. PLATE AND 100 CARDS (new style) \$1.25.

ALBERTSON,

330 Hotel St. Louis Bk.

FOR RENT.

Cold Storage building, formerly occupied by Swift & Co., on Lake Avenue. Already leed. Also Commission house.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES

IRRIGATION ROW.

Projectors of a Big Enterprise Fall Out.

San Francisco, Sept. 2.—A special to a local paper from San Bernardino says there has been a big shake up in the Columbia colonization capital which has the Victor dam enterprise in hand and Gen. O. O. Howard, of Chicago, and his brother have severed their connection with the concern. The company proposed to construct a dam at the Victor narrows on the Mojave river and by means of a natural reservoir to store water enough to irrigate 200,000 acres or the desert.

It was the biggest irrigating scheme ever attempted in the Southwest. The cause of Gen. Howard's withdrawal is not known. Messrs. Foster, Sweet and several other Chicago capitalists are behind the scheme and announce their intention of continuing with the work.

SAVED BY THE ENGINEER.
Seattle, Wash., Sept. 1.—The engine, tender and baggage car of a passenger train on the Seattle, Lake Shore & Eastern railroad were derailed last night near this city by a tree which had been burned about the roots and fallen across the rails. The train consisted of eight coaches, several of which were filled with excursionists. Engineer Gabriel did not see the tree until within two car lengths but stood at his post and saved the train. As the engine went over he jumped, sustaining serious injuries.

PROMINENT LAWYER DEAD.
San Francisco, Sept. 2.—William C. Belcher, one of the most prominent lawyers in California, died last night after a lingering illness. He came to California in 1856.

IRISHMEN ORGANIZE.

Important Movement Started Today in Massachusetts.

Lawrence, Mass., Sept. 2.—A remarkable movement was inaugurated in this city today at a meeting held in Spiller's hall. Its object is to organize into a compact body all the residents of Lawrence who formerly lived in England, who are of Irish parentage, and who have since become American citizens. The move of the new organization is to combine its members for social and fraternal purposes, and incidentally to make their influence felt in municipal and general politics.

ASHLAND'S MAYOR, TOO.
Ashland, Wis., Sept. 2.—Charges have been preferred against Mayor C. M. E. McClintock and signed by A. E. Dixon, W. L. Windom and J. P. Scott charging the mayor with embezzlement of city money. The city council has ordered an investigation.

THE NEW MERRITT ROAD.
Riverside County Times: The Merritts of Duluth are said to be surveying a new road into the Merritts range to connect with the road controlled by the Rockefeller. The Merritt brothers are original developers of the iron ore in the Merritts and will be doubt secure for the future the patronage of many mine holders who feel kindly towards them.

WILSON WILL BE THERE.
Washington, Sept. 2.—Postmaster General Wilson, left over the Baltimore & Ohio at 3:30 o'clock this morning, in the private car of A. A. Field, of Baltimore, to attend the National Letter Carriers convention in Philadelphia.

FRAKER

Dr. G. W. Fraker, the Notorious Insurance Swindler, Caught North of Tower.

Was Living in the Woods Under the Name of Schnell.

When Placed Under Arrest He Promptly Admitted His Identity.

Brought to Duluth Today and Will Be Taken to Kansas.

Tower, Minn., Sept. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Living in the wilds of Northern Minnesota, fifty miles from a postoffice, with only a boy for a companion, Dr. George W. Fraker, who plans one of the most gigantic and successful insurance swindles of modern times, was today captured by officers who have been on his track for the past two years. Up to Aug. 12 last there was a standing reward of \$20,000 for his arrest offered by the insurance companies. The case has excited intense interest all through Western Missouri, in the neighborhood of Kansas City, and has been bitterly fought by the companies concerned.

In the latter part of 1892 Dr. George W. Fraker was physician to the St. Elmo hotel, the leading hotel in Excelsior Springs, a famous health resort near Kansas City. Together with seven or eight companions the doctor went fishing on the Missouri river one day, and after dark, while in the company of George Harry, James Triplett and Jake Crowley, a negro, he disappeared and was seen no more. These three parties afterwards swore positively that they witnessed his drowning while rowing in a leaky boat, but after a strict search his body could not be recovered.

LOADED WITH INSURANCE.
Some three or four months previous to this he began loading up with life insurance, taking \$10,000 in the Kansas Mutual Life, of Topeka; \$15,000 in the Hartford Life and Annuity; \$15,000 in the Providence Savings Life, of New York, and \$9,000 in the benevolent societies of that place, a total of \$59,000.

Immediately after his disappearance the insurance companies held a conference and discovered that while the doctor's income was only about \$1800 a year, his premiums amounted to \$1000 annually. Besides this George Harry and James Triplett, who swore to having witnessed Fraker's death, were men of bad character. Harry being arrested only the other day in Eastern Missouri on a charge of having conspired to burglarize in New Mexico. Triplett was a well known character in Indian territory, and was said to have been drowned a short time ago.

Before going on his fishing excursion Fraker had drawn all his money from the bank, saying he was about going to California to bring home the orphan children of his deceased uncle. Forty thousand of the insurance money was payable to his brother-in-law in trust for these children and Dr. Fraker, who had practiced medicine for eight years, was an active leader in Sunday school work, but held rather peculiar views on religious subjects. After a thorough investigation all the companies except the Equitable refused to pay the claims, whereupon Dr. Fraker, in the district court at Liberty, Mo., which was afterwards transferred to the United States circuit court at Kansas City. Robert T. Herriek was appointed jointly to conduct the case for the companies, and was assisted by eminent legal talent. In the latter part of 1894, after an intensely sensational trial lasting two weeks, in December, 1894, the jury, acting under positive instructions from the court, declared for the defense.

A new trial was granted on technical points, but in February, 1895, judgment was given for the full amount, and a stay of execution granted for six months, until Aug. 12, 1895. On that date the full amount was paid to the executor, and the companies withdrew their offer of \$20,000 reward.

HERRIEK'S CLUE.
Herriek, who deserves to rank with the best detectives of modern times, obtained a clue in the latter part of 1894, which he has patiently followed ever since, until about a week ago he learned the whereabouts and assumed name of the doctor. Thursday night he arrived in Tower, together with John Wilkinson, chief of police in Topeka, to assist in taking Fraker back. They learned that Dr. Fraker went by the name of Schnell, and lived with a young man in a woodsman's hut fifty miles from Tower on the Tassica county road. A warrant was secured in Tower and Sunday morning, accompanied by Deputy Sheriff Archie Philip, they

started in a rough wagon over still rougher roads, for the place, taking along provisions for five days, giving out that they were to look over some timber lands. About twelve miles from Tower, Deputy Philip, who was acquainted with Fraker under his alias as Schnell, saw his companion in a shanty near the wood, and on enquiring where the doctor was, learned that they had just moved to this place, and that Fraker was out hunting. On examining the shanty a trap door was found in the floor with a considerable excavation underneath, looking rather suspicious. The young man was handcuffed and guarded, and Philip proceeded on the road. About two miles further on a man with a gun on his shoulder was met, who was instantly recognized as the supposed dead man, Dr. George W. Fraker. Herriek engaged him in conversation, when, suddenly Philip seized his arms and Wilkinson put on the handcuffs.

ADMITTED HIS IDENTITY.
Fraker thought he had been arrested for killing game out of season, as Philip was also game warden. When the warrant was read to him he was thunderstruck, but admitted his identity at once. His nerve, however, never deserted him for an instant, and he discussed the matter very philosophically, saying: "Well, Jim, glad I don't have to worry about it any more!" He was brought to town at once, together with his companion, who hails from Wisconsin, and seems to be an honest, moral, and law-abiding citizen. Fraker readily agreed to accompany the officers to Missouri without waiting for extradition papers, and was taken down this morning. The prisoner is a well built man of about five feet six, 40 years of age, with thin, black whiskers. He impresses one as lacking moral stamina. In conversation he stated that he had expected his relatives to get a portion of the insurance money and himself some also. He had been greatly benefited, he said, by the waters of a spring where he stopped, and had about made arrangements to buy the place, intending to make it a water cure resort. He would have spent \$20,000, he said, in improving the place.

WHY HE SKIPPED OUT.
When he left for his fishing trip in Missouri he stated he had no intention of pretending death, but a landslide of the river bank had carried him in and he was obliged to swim the river, and then he decided to go to Chicago. While there he heard of so many ill stories circulated about him in Excelsior Springs after his disappearance that he concluded not to go back, and the temptation to swindle the insurance companies overcame him. On his person was found a charm of some kind, sewed in a couple of pieces of calico, and it proved a false alarm.

Only two weeks ago a telegram was received at Kansas City from Mobile saying Fraker was under arrest there, but it proved a false alarm. The country here is well chosen for a hiding place, and is only a day's travel from the Canadian boundary. Fraker has been here for about six months, coming into town occasionally only for mail and provisions. His supply of money was quite low, and he evidently expected some shortly. As his executor has not yet distributed the money Mr. Herriek telegraphed to Kansas City to have suit instituted against him at once to recover the money.

BROUGHT TO DULUTH.
Dr. Fraker was brought to Duluth today on the Iron Range, and was accompanied by Attorney Robert T. Herriek, of Topeka, Kan. He was lodged in jail pending his removal to Topeka, which will take place as soon as the necessary formalities are observed. Fraker will go without any opposition.

An infallible guide to ideal results in cookery—Dr. Price's baking powder.

IMPORTANT SUIT.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 2.—R. R. Dunbar, of Argentine, a suburb of Kansas City, acting as executor of the estate of Shawnee Indian, has brought suit to recover 32 acres of choice real estate and business property in the west end of that town. The basis of the suit is an old Indian deed which shows the land to have been patented to Nancy Whitefeather, a member of the Shawnee tribe, by the United States government Dec. 28, 1859.

Nancy Whitefeather was a widow. It is claimed that her heirs have never signed a deed to the property nor have they ever authorized any person to deed the property to others for them. Washington is her grandson and the principal heir. On the property which is very valuable are situated the Santa Fe depot and switching yards, the Kansas City Smelting and Refining company's immense plant and the buildings of numerous other big concerns.

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure

DRUGGISTS IN DENVER.

Denver, Sept. 2.—One hundred wholesale druggists arrived in Denver from the East on a special train over the Denver & Rio Grande today. Their twenty-second national convention will open this evening and the sessions will continue for the week.

CHASING A THIEF.
Chicago, Sept. 2.—Five hundred people chased a thief through Main street here today. The prisoner, who gave his name as James Williams, of the Illinois State Penitentiary, was the thief of the Masonic Temple association. He was caught while he was robbing the thoroughfare on a run, but was easily caught owing to the crowds gathered to see the labor day parade.

CARLISLE

His Recent Trip is Likely to Benefit the Lake Region.

"Sound Money" Men at the Capital Agitated by Mr. Towne.

Talk of Comptroller of Currency Eckels for Governor of Illinois.

Washington, Sept. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Herald correspondent has endeavored to secure from Secretary Carlisle something about the recommendations that he will make regarding the lighthouse, life-saving and revenue cutter service on the great lakes. His recent tour of the lakes on a government vessel doubtless gave him certain information which he could not otherwise have discovered. As was telegraphed The Herald a few days ago, the result of this trip is likely to be beneficial to the lake section. There is a possibility that Mr. Carlisle's conclusions will not be made public until they are incorporated in his annual report to congress. This report, as is well known, will not be submitted to congress until a week or ten days after the assembling of the Fifty-fourth session next December.

From sources not close to Secretary Carlisle it is discovered that, while on this trip, he secured more information than would have been the case had he not made the tour, for the reason that members of congress and army engineers submit to the secretary of the treasury certain matters of a routine nature only, from which he is unable to draw the conclusions necessary to enable him to incorporate something conclusive regarding the needs of the section, so much connected with the business interests of the Northern section of the country. Now that Mr. Carlisle has made a trip around this great chain of lakes, he has probably secured more information than he could in any other way, and the probabilities are that his next report to congress will be of greater interest to the lake section and of greater benefit to members of congress who are endeavoring to secure appropriations for the needs of the lakes from every possible standpoint.

It is not probable that Secretary Carlisle devoted very much attention to work under the contract system while on his trip, but gave more of his time to endeavoring to secure information regarding the absolute necessity for bettering the minor service, so far as the lake traffic is concerned on this great waterway. As previously stated, it is unlikely that his views will be known until after he has penned his report to congress, which will be some weeks hence.

The so-called "sound money men" in Washington seem to be considerably disturbed over the agitation started by Congressmen Towne, of the Sixth Minnesota district, regarding the silver question. It is a fact that they are worried by Mr. Towne's agitation, and are endeavoring to organize bimetallic clubs in different sections of the Sixth Minnesota district. They, of course, do not know whether Mr. Towne will be able to do anything detrimental to the so-called "sound money" factions in both the Republican and Democratic parties, but they admit that the agitation started by Towne, and the silver question, is likely to bother them in the next congress, as well as in the next national campaign. The Democrats, apparently, are just as much worried over Mr. Towne's schemes for organizing silver clubs in the Sixth Minnesota district as the Republicans. The Democrats, however, are endeavoring to make it appear in this section of the country at any rate, that Mr. Towne's campaign is likely to injure the Republicans in Minnesota much more than the Democrats.

All expressions of opinion made by them are of course, taken with a grain of salt by those who do not take any partisan view regarding the great silver question. The American Bimetallic league in Washington is still keeping close watch upon Mr. Towne, and it is expected that his next move will be to make his fight in favor of some recognition for silver. Mr. Towne may not succeed in working up any great amount of interest in the white metal in his district or in Minnesota, but he has at least accomplished enough to call the attention of both the Republican and Democratic leaders in Washington to the campaign he has been recently making. When he takes his seat in the next house Mr. Towne will be much better known than he would have been had he remained passive on this great issue and failed to show any appreciation of the fact that he considered the silver question would be fully as prominent, if not more so, than any other in the next great national campaign.

The admirers of James H. Eckels, comptroller of the currency, now seem to be positive that he is to be brought forward by that wealthy and clever politician, ex-Congressman Ren T. Cable, for the Democratic nomination for governor in Illinois. On account of the fact that Mr. Eckels is on his way to Europe no denial or confirmation of this statement can be secured from him. Were he in Washington it is believed that he would be just as ready to make some statement regarding the rumor as he is in discussing his business with the chief officers of the treasury department.

The youthful looking comptroller of the currency has nearly as many admirers in Washington as he has in Illinois. This is probably because of the fact that his record as comptroller of the currency has been a most enviable one. He has not only been a man without number, and all of them after having become acquainted with Mr. Eckels are satisfied that he is a clear headed and conscientious official as well as an able business man. They are of the opinion that there is something better in store for him than the position he now holds. They also believe that if the Democrats of Illinois decide to select him as their standard bearer in the next campaign, he would make a better race than any other man considered available by the men who pretend to know something about Illinois politics.

It will be at least three weeks before the views of Mr. Eckels are known for the reason that it is not likely that he will be interviewed regarding his own political future while abroad. If he has the backing of Ren Cable, as is stated, there are many shrewd Illinois people here who believe that he can be nominated for governor and that if he accepts he will make a canvass that will at least be interesting for his Republican competitor.

The state of Illinois, it is now apparent, is going to furnish more presidential timber in the next national campaign than any other state in the Union. By this it is meant that both the Republicans and Democrats can select from that state some very good men, either for first or second place on either of the national tickets. First and foremost is Col. William R. Morrison, the present chairman of the interstate commerce commission. He may, of course, not be selected by the Democracy in 1896. There is a possibility, however, that after some of the other men are tried and found wanting before the next national convention that it may be decided that Col. Morrison would make a stronger fight for the party than any other man on account of the somewhat peculiar position he takes on the tariff and silver questions.

Mr. Morrison is not chosen there is Adlai E. Stevenson to fall back upon. The present chief executive of the United States is by no means considered out of the race for first place on the Democratic ticket next year. If neither he or Morrison are chosen for first place an Eastern man might be selected to head the ticket.

The Republicans have two men in Illinois that loom up conspicuously as presidential candidates. The gentleman referred to are Shelby M. Cullom and Robert T. Lincoln, ex-secretary of war and ex-minister to England. While neither of the two men are looked upon as being as strong as Reed, McKinley, Harrison or Allison, in the event of a long contest, either in advance or at the next national convention, there is a possibility that Lincoln or Cullom may be selected for first place.

Should they not come to the fore for the presidential nomination, and, as might be similar case with Morrison or Stevenson, an Eastern man is nominated, politicians in Washington and the East seem to be of the opinion that there is good vice presidential timber in this state, and that Cullom and Morrison are the men likely to be considered for the vice presidency. So far in advance of the national conventions, of course, it is impossible to tell whether Cullom or Morrison will be considered most available, either for first or second place on the national tickets.

At all the fashionable resorts Dr. Price's baking powder is preferred.

HINCKLEY'S MEMORIAL.

Elaborate Exercises in the Phoenixville Village.

Hinckley, Minn., Sept. 2.—Memorial services of an extensive and elaborate character were held here yesterday afternoon in commemoration of the terrible forest fires of one year ago, in which over 500 people lost their lives. The exercises took place in the new city hall and were solemn and impressive in the extreme. Chairman Collins presided and the attendance was large. The following resolutions were adopted: Whereas, on Sept. 1, 1894, a fearful calamity befall this people, stripping them of all earthly possessions, leaving them bereft, naked and helpless, and provided with means of sustenance and unable to bury their dead; and Whereas, aid, comfort and succor were promptly afforded to the destitute and afflicted by their fellow men of all the world, who, responsive to the cry of distress, were touched with a generous sympathy and prompted to a noble beneficence; and Whereas, this gracious aid so instantly and bountifully given relieved want, prevented suffering and inspired hope in hearts oppressed by despair; be it Resolved, that we, the survivors of the Hinckley holocaust at memorial services assembled, tender to our countrymen the expression of our heartfelt thanks and lasting gratitude, and be it further Resolved, that copies of these resolutions be sent to the press for publication and a copy be spread upon the minutes of the Memorial society.

Dated at Hinckley, Minn., Sept. 1, 1895.
M. S. Collins, Robert C. Saunders, committee.
Rev. Knudsen and Peterson delivered appropriate addresses touching the events of the fire. Music was furnished by the village quartet. The address of the day was delivered by Robert C. Saunders. Other addresses were delivered by Rev. E. Peterson, S. A. Jamieson and Father Carey. The territory which one year ago was laid waste is now more prosperous than ever, many new people having come in and new industries having started up since the great fire.

NAVAL RESERVES.

Michigan's Marines Will Help Crush the Strike.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 2.—The two divisions of the Michigan naval brigade located in this city have received orders to prepare for duty at Ishpeming. The reserves, if ordered North, will take their outfitting and rapid-drilling camps. They are composed of the sons of the wealthiest and most aristocratic families of Detroit and have been organized only about a year. This will be their first taste of actual service.

WIGAN'S HOROSCOPE.

Denver, Sept. 2.—Gen. James H. Weaver, who spent most of August in Texas, sent the following warning of political conditions in that state to the Rocky Mountain News: "Old party ties are completely dissolved in Texas and there is not a lingering doubt about the attitude of the Lone Star state in 1896. She will cast her vote by an immense majority for the Populist ticket. Men of her intelligence, old time leaders, renounce their allegiance to the Democratic party and widely align themselves with the Populists."

TO RECOVER THE DEAD.

Denver, Sept. 2.—State Commissioner Lee, of the bureau of mines, started today for Central City to assist in the arrangements for the recovery of the bodies of the fourteen men drowned in the disastrous and fiery Hollow mine. The mine owners have agreed to put in pumps of sufficient capacity to free the mines of water. It is believed that there is some hope of recovering more than a month.

Panton & Watson,

GLASS BLOCK STORE.

New Dress Goods. New Black Silks. New Novelty Silks

Our early importations have arrived and our counters are loaded with the handsomest and best selected assortment of Black and Colored Dress, Black and Novelty Dress Silks ever shown in this vicinity. Anticipating the upward tendency in prices of wool merchandise our early purchases place us in the market without a competitor. We show every conceivable weave and design.

Beautiful Mohairs, Beautiful Crepons, Beautiful Novelties

of every description and price. We shall offer one of our great bargains in high class merchandise for

Tuesday and Wednesday....

35 pieces Handsome Crepons, beautiful Mohairs, Silk Mixtures, all worth at least \$2.00, \$3.00 to \$5.00 wide, for these two days at..... **\$1.25**

Bargain Counter No. 2.

Half Price.

REMNANTS. REMNANTS. REMNANTS.

DRESS GOODS REMNANTS. All our remnants of Wool Dress Goods in Black and Colors go on sale Tuesday morning at 8 a. m. on Bargain Counter No. 2 at exactly Half Price.

Come Early

BARGAIN COUNTER NO. 1

All Shell Side and Back Combs in sets at HALF PRICE.

Hundreds of Belt Buckles, sterling silver, all at HALF PRICE. GREAT HALF PRICE SALE ON BARGAIN COUNTERS NO. 1 AND 2 TUESDAY ONLY.

Another Shipment

of New Carpets just opened and marked at Glass Block prices. See the new Handsome Rugs Now on Sale.

New Fur Capes.

A Handsome line of new Fur Capes just opened on sale at Glass Block Prices. Coney Capes, Baltic Seal Capes, Electric Seal Capes, Wool Seal Capes, Astrakhan Capes, Martin Capes, in fact all kinds of Fur Capes are here at Summer Prices for Winter Goods.

Crockery Dept.

Now is the Time to Buy Your Fruit Jars.

One pint size per doz only..... **65c**
One quart size per doz only..... **75c**
Two quart size per doz only..... **95c**

Jelly Glasses Are Going Fast.

Small size, per doz only..... **25c**
Large size, per doz only..... **30c**

50 doz. Fancy China Cups and Saucers, in all kinds of decorations and all sizes, shapes and styles, worth from 50c to 75c, all go on Tuesday for..... **25c**

Panton & Watson

ONE CENT A WORD!

FINANCIAL.

NS ON DIAMONDS AND FURNI-
- Notes and time checks bought

WEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT.

STORAGE.
RAGE—THE ONLY FIREPROOF
rage in Duluth is that of the Duluth
n company, with offices at 310 West

STOVE REPAIRING.

YARE of **Hova Royal Caseworkers**; they repair and renovate all stoves and ranges. The **American Stove Repair Co.** will sell and place for half their charges. Send your order to 115 West Second street.

STEAM DIRT WORKS.

STEAKS NORTHWESTERN DYE Works, Nos. 112 and 732 West Superior street. dyed and cleaned. Clothing taken, fixed and repaired.

FOR SALE.

SALF-CHEAP. A MEDIUM SIZED and coal house with front, practically new like case, etc. Inquire 831 West First street.

SALE-A SNAT. HORSE, HAR-
and phaeton, \$150. Horse, a good
driver. Apply room 22, St. Louis
Hotel.

SALE-3000 BERTS KNOWN
the Howard house, No. 33 West Super-
ior street. By G. W. Thompson, No.
West Second street.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PENSON ANFIN, CLAIRVOYANT,
as reader of the past and future,
gives advice on all business af-
fairs. No. 2 West Second street.

M. ROSCOE, BUSINESS CLAIR-
voyant. Read the past and future. Full
dinars 4, 714 Garfield avenue.

HYPOPODIST AND MANICURE.

UP SISTERS-ROOM 23 WOOD-
bridge building. Graduate of Dr. Pray's
school of hypodomy and manicure in
New York city.

Have everything
everything and almost
everything. Send
to any part of the
city 25 cents.

CLUB OF MEN COMPANY

Telephone 482, Office 210 W. Superior

PROFESSIONAL.

JULIA L. HUGHES SUPERFLU-

Paul & Northern R. R.

 **Trains Leaving and Arriving Duluth.**

A. M. DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.—Arriving St. Paul 2:50 p. m.; Minneapolis, 3:15 p. m.; Duluth, 3:40 p. m. Leaving St. Paul direct connections with all diverging lines east, south and west.

P. M. DAILY—THE FAST LIMITED.—Arriving St. Paul 6:25 p. m.; Minneapolis, 6:40 p. m.; Duluth, 7:10 p. m. Chicago, 7 a. m.; Omaha 9 a. m.; Kansas City, 9 p. m. Leaving St. Paul direct connections with all lines north, east and west. Parlor cars to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Chicago, etc.

DAILY EXPRESS.—Arriving St. Paul 7 a. m.; Minneapolis, 7:15 a. m.; Milwaukee, 7:45 a. m.; with sleepers, Duluth and West Superior, Duluth and West Superior. Direct connections with all morning train east, south and west. Sleepers ready for occupancy 9 p. m.

EXTRA ARRIVE DULUTH.—Day Express 6:30 a. m.; Night Express 1:50 p. m.; Fast Limited, 6:45 p. m.

Tickets available at any point in United States and Canada, sleeping cars from every city or office, 40 West Superior street, corner Fifth building.

Freight and direct from residences, merchandise tickets to and from Europe. E. B. HARRIS

Northern Passenger Agent.

Direct Line

EAST.

S. & A. Ry.	Westbound
bound.	
pm	Duluth.....
am	Marquette.....
pm	Grand Island.....
am	Sault Ste. Marie.....
pm	Montreal.....
am	Buffalo.....
pm	New York.....

enger boat, sleeping cars between
 10 1/2 and 12 1/2 hours. The
 general steamship agency for all first-
 class routes. The Western
 Express Co. has Pacific line to Western
 A. Pacific coast
 T. H. LARSEN
 Commercial Agent.

Spalding House block.

STEAMSHIPS.

THEIRN STEAMSHIP COMPANY
 exclusively for the American
 NORTH WEST AND NORTH LAND.
 Duluth S. P. and Mackinac Islands
 Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo
 to the Western Reserve.
 Sailing from Duluth 12 noon
 Mondays and Fridays.

W. K. Adams, West Superior.
A. A. Heard, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
Gordon, General Manager.

about things you haven't
your eye on these columns and
what you want ask for it
old Want Ad. It's sure to come.

NECENT A WORD!

FINANCIAL.
NS ON DIAMONDS AND FURNI-
Notes and time checks bought.
Torrey building.

EY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE
urity at low rates of interest. Fire
urance. Wm. E. Lucas, 1 Exch. Bldg.

EY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS.

WEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT.
Wey & Underhill. 104 Palladio.

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS - watches, jewelry, etc. Superior Loan office, 234 West Superior street.

STORAGE.

DRAG- THE ONLY FIREPROOF storage in Duluth is that of the Duluth Storage company, with offices at 210 West Superior street, and a large building, Michigan street, floor Tupper building.

STOVE REPAIRING.

REPAIR of Stove Repair Canvasbacks; they repair your stoves with malleable cast-iron. The American Stove Repair Co. will sell the best pieces at lowest prices. Send your order to 118 East Superior street.

STEAM DYE WORKS.

WORKS—NORTHWESTERN DYE WORKS, Nos. 112 and 123 West Superior street, Ladies' and gents, clothing cleaned, dyed and repaired.

FOR SALE.
SALE—CHEAP, A MEDIUM SIZED
d coal base burner, practically new;
k case, etc. Inquire 831 West First

SALE.—A SNAP. HORSE, HARNESS and phaeton, \$250. Horse a good driver. Apply room 123 St. Louis hotel.

SALE.—THE PROPERTY KNOWN the Howard house, No. 33 West Superior street, 17 1/2 W. Thompson No. West Second street.

CLAIRVOYANT.

W. J. PETERSON, CLAIRVOYANT gives readings of the past and present, gives advice on all business affairs. No. 101 N. 2d St. St. Louis.

M. ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT. Sixty cents, questions 50 cents. Full readings 47. 74 Garland avenue.

HIROPODIT AND MANICURE.


MISS L. J. WILSON, CLAIRVOYANT. UP SISTERS—ROOM 213 WOODLAWN BUILDING. Graduate of Dr. Pray's school of chiropody and manicure in New York city.

Have everything
anything and almost
body
is any part of the

WILMUTH VAN COMPANY
Telephone 492, Office 210 W. Superior St

PROFESSIONAL.
JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLU-
ous hair, moles, etc., permanently de-
stroyed by electricity, without injury.
Also scientific face massage and com-
plexion treatment. Manicuring. Choose
your own preparations. 307 Masonic Temple,
Duluth, Minn.

Paul & Duluth R. R.



Trains Leaving

DULUTH SHORT LINE

and Arriving Duluth.

A. M. DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY. Arriving at, Paul 2:50 p. m.; Minneapolis 3:35 p. m.; Stillwater, 3 p. m., making direct connections with all diverging lines east, south and west.

P. M. DAILY—THE FAST

6:25 p. m.; Minneapolis, 6:40 p. m.; Stillwater, 7:10 p. m.; Chicago, 7 a. m.; Omaha, 9 a. m.; Kansas City, 4 p. m.; St. Louis, 3 p. m., connecting with

all lines south, east and west.
Parlor cars to St. Paul, Min-
neapolis, Chicago, etc.
P. M. DAILY-NIGHT EX-

TRASS.—Arriving St. Paul 7 a. m.; Minneapolis, 7:15 a. m.; Stillwater, 7:15 a. m.; with sleepers, Duluth and West Superior to St. Paul and Minneapolis. Direct connections.

with all morning trains east,
south and west. Sleepers
ready for occupancy at 5 p. m.
AINS ARRIVE DULUTH.—Day Ex-
s, 1:50 p. m.; Fast Limited, 6:45 p. m.;
Express, 6:30 a. m.
tickets to any point in United States
Canada, sleeping car berths, call at city
office, 401 West Superior street, cor-
Palladio building.
uggage checked direct from residences.
amship tickets to and from Europe.
ROSS
Northern Passenger Agent.

South Shore Atlantic Railway

& Atlantic Railway.

THE
QUINCY
ROUTE

Direct
Line
EAST.

U.S. & A. Ry.
bound. **Westbound.**
pm/Lv.... Duluth.... Arrive am

am	Ar. . . . Marquette. . .	Lv	10:30 pm
pm	Ar. Mackinaw City . .	Lv	7:30 am
..	Ar. . . . Grand Rapids .	Lv
am	Ar. Sault Ste. Marie .	Lv	5:00 pm
..	Ar. . . . Toronto. . .	Lv

igner buffet sleeping cars between
 th and Sault Ste. Marie.
 neral steamship agency for all first-
 class lines to and from Europe.
 kets via Soo Pacific line to Western
 s, Pacific coast and California.
 T. H. LARKE,
 Commercial Agent.
 Spaulding House block.

STEAMSHIPS.

THE NORTHERN STEAMSHIP COMPANY
 Exclusively Passenger Steamships.

RTH WEST AND NORTH LAND.
Season Opens June 19.
Leave Duluth 3 p. m. Mondays and Fridays
for Sault Ste. Marie, Mackinac Island
Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo and

The Eastern Resorts.
 Returning, arrive in Duluth 12 noon
 Mondays and Fridays.
 Ticket agents:
 J. C. Hanson, C. P. & T. A.,
 Spalding house, Duluth.
 W. K. Adams, West Superior.
 A. A. Heard, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
 Gordon, General Manager.

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2.50

BOOKSTORE, 323 West Superior Street.

known, but they will be issued daily,

New York, Sept. 3.—Vessels & Co. will ship \$100,000 gold tomorrow.

ploded fake.

It will be nearly \$50,000, partially insured.

1. *Controlled* (1997) 100

EVENING HERALD

PUBLISHED BY THE
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
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Weekly, per year.....\$1.00

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH
Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as second-class matter.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION.
17,148
HIGH-WATER MARK.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth.
The barometer is abnormally low north of Minnesota and thence southward to the Canadian border, the lowest pressure being 29.4 inches in the Saskatchewan valley. Southern winds, with light showers and cooler, have occurred since the Canadian border. Northwest winds, with light showers and cooler, have occurred since the Canadian border. Northwest winds, with light showers and cooler, have occurred since the Canadian border.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 69; maximum yesterday, 84; minimum yesterday, 62.
Local forecast for Duluth, until 10 p. m. tomorrow: Showers and cooler; winds becoming brisk and high westerly; northwest winds Wednesday.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Officer.

IN NEW YORK.
New York, Sept. 3.—Butter, steady; Western dairy, 20c; Western creamery, 12c; Eggs, steady, Western, 12c; Eggs, 12c.

Chicago, Sept. 3.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin: Showers, cooler in west portion tonight; cooler Wednesday; high west to northwest winds. Upper lakes: Lake Michigan partly cloudy showers by Wednesday morning; Lake Superior, high westerly, shifting tonight to west and northwest winds. Lower lakes: Partly cloudy, high westerly, shifting tonight to west and northwest winds. Duluth: Partly cloudy, high westerly, shifting tonight to west and northwest winds. Duluth: Partly cloudy, high westerly, shifting tonight to west and northwest winds.

THE GREAT LAKES TO THE SEA.

E. V. Smalley, the editor of the Northwest Magazine, is doing good work in behalf of the movement to secure a deep waterway from the great lakes to the Atlantic ocean. He has contributed several articles lately to the leading magazines on this subject, and in the current number of the Review of Reviews has a strong article urging the importance of the project. "The time of careless expenditure in production has gone by," he says, "and every fraction of a cent saved on the cost of transporting our staples to our own seaboard and the export to Europe has become a matter of great importance." We are at the beginning of a new era, in which greater attention than ever before will be paid to the economies of transportation, from the fact that our great staple export crops are now obliged to meet in the markets of the world with new and powerful elements of competition. If we would compete, we must reduce the cost of transporting the products of the Northwest to the foreign markets, and this can only be done by providing a deep waterway between Duluth and the Atlantic, which can be traversed by ocean-going vessels.

In this connection he draws attention to the deep waterways convention to meet at Cleveland on Sept. 24 for a three days' session. In Mr. Smalley's opinion, the convention will do well if it concentrates its influence to obtain from congress an appropriation sufficient to construct the 26-foot canal around Niagara Falls on the American side of the boundary. There will, of course, be other routes discussed and advocated, but after all the report is read and the talk is over the wise course for the convention, he contends, will be to center its efforts on the Niagara ship canal. "Let us get into Lake Ontario first," says Mr. Smalley, "and afterwards decide upon the plan for going on to the sea." The further enlargement of the Welland canal, it is claimed, is out of the question, for the reason that it would cost more to give it a depth of twenty-six feet to modernize its locks than it would cost to build a new canal on the American side of Niagara.

The Manufacturers, of Philadelphia, the representative journal of the Manufacturers' club of that city and a sturdy advocate of bimetalism, makes an effective reply to the Courier-Journal, which is worth reproducing. It says: Where does silver bullion come from? Who digs it from the bowels of the earth? It is produced by labor, like every other valuable thing in this sinful world. Therefore at least the laborers who produce silver bullion have an interest that the price should be raised. The assertion is made that laborers have no silver bullion. They have labor to sell and they are not interested in raising the price of commodities artificially, and especially of commodities which they do not produce.

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Mr. Smalley continues: "When our Northwestern grain fleet reaches Lake Ontario its cargoes can be transferred at Oswego to canal boats destined for New York harbor and at Kingston to the cargoes that are towed down to Montreal. The next and last step will be to prolong the deep channel to the side of the Atlantic. Whether Montreal or New York shall be the

final objective point is a question that does not vitally interest us in the West, but which does greatly concern the city of New York. The Dominion of Canada has already strained her credit for internal improvements and is heavily burdened with debt, but she certainly would not see the great commercial prize of 100,000,000 bushels of wheat, destined for foreign markets, already as far on its way as Lake Ontario, without making an effort to secure this prize for Montreal. If New York city should then remain as indifferent as now to the deep waterways movement, relying upon a two feet deepening of the old Erie canal to retain her possession of the grain trade, she might receive a serious and irreparable blow. It is by no means probable, however, that she would remain indifferent. Let us once get into Lake Ontario with our big steamers, wheelbacks and barges, and we are confident that New York will find a way to bring them to her own wharves. The ultimate result will probably be two open routes to the sea, one to Montreal and the other to New York bay."

THE MINES RAILROAD.

Mr. Hines, the earnest promoter of the Duluth & Northern Pacific Railroad, is confident that the road will be completed in time to move the crop of 1895. He is publishing a small paper devoted to the interests of the scheme, and it is brim full of his enthusiasm. In one article in the last issue he figures out to his own satisfaction that the road will pay, and he makes out a good case. There is no doubt that a direct line from the wheat country to Duluth, running through a rich grain and lumbering country, should be a profitable enterprise.

Here is Mr. Hines' argument on this point: "North Dakota alone expects to ship this year about 100,000,000 bushels; our average freight is about 10 cents per bushel; this, you see, is \$10,000,000; we can safely add \$4,000,000 more for other freight, making a total of \$14,000,000. Now they carry wheat from Minneapolis to Duluth, a distance of 120 miles, for 3 cents a bushel. Twice the distance, or 240 from Duluth, will reach most of the grain in North Dakota. The same freight rate would take it all to Duluth for 6 cents per bushel, a saving of \$4,000,000. The other \$10,000,000 we can safely cut in two and save \$5,000,000 more, making a total of \$9,000,000.

"Now, don't say it can't be done, for our road is not half as hard to build as theirs was, neither will we need to bond it for \$70,000 per mile, or one quarter what theirs is bonded for; and yet remember they pay interest on all these bonds and have four competing lines and have only a short haul, and yet we don't believe they are running their roads at a loss. We have said nothing about Minnesota with all her millions of grain and lumber, which now has to be shipped hundreds of miles round to get to market.

"But our road will pass right through the best of it. They cut logs 100 miles from Warren, drive them 600 miles on the Mississippi to Minneapolis (taking them two years to get there), then haul them by rail to St. Paul, and then haul them nearly 400 miles to Warren. Again, our road will be 200 miles further than it should be, and the freight costs twice as much as the wood. In the face of all these and other facts you might as well say it wouldn't pay to go to the moon. It is a novel method of building a railroad, and yet it should succeed, and no doubt will. The business men of Duluth, who will be greatly benefited by its construction, should give Mr. Hines every assistance within their power.

Mr. Hines may be a little enthusiastic as to the amount of earnings at such low rates, but he is making steady progress with the project and is securing the co-operation of the farmers along the route. A large number of the grading has been done, and arrangements have been made for getting out a large quantity of ties during the winter. It is a novel method of building a railroad, and yet it should succeed, and no doubt will. The business men of Duluth, who will be greatly benefited by its construction, should give Mr. Hines every assistance within their power.

THE TOILERS WANT BIMETALISM.
The Louisville Courier-Journal, advocating the retention of the single gold standard and opposing bimetalism, recently made this statement, which it evidently considered a strong blow against the further recognition of silver as standard money: "The laborers have no silver bullion. They have labor to sell and they are not interested in raising the price of commodities artificially, and especially of commodities which they do not produce."

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final objective point is a question that does not vitally interest us in the West, but which does greatly concern the city of New York. The Dominion of Canada has already strained her credit for internal improvements and is heavily burdened with debt, but she certainly would not see the great commercial prize of 100,000,000 bushels of wheat, destined for foreign markets, already as far on its way as Lake Ontario, without making an effort to secure this prize for Montreal. If New York city should then remain as indifferent as now to the deep waterways movement, relying upon a two feet deepening of the old Erie canal to retain her possession of the grain trade, she might receive a serious and irreparable blow. It is by no means probable, however, that she would remain indifferent. Let us once get into Lake Ontario with our big steamers, wheelbacks and barges, and we are confident that New York will find a way to bring them to her own wharves. The ultimate result will probably be two open routes to the sea, one to Montreal and the other to New York bay."

Women cyclists who affect what is called "rational dress," alias knickerbockers, should take a hint from what is taking place in Paris, says the New York Sun. A rumor was spread recently that the professor of the great teaching institutions have presented a petition to M. Leprieu praying him not to make his order operative in the Latin Quarter. The reason they assign is that since the women of that district have taken to wearing knickerbockers, whether cycling or not, they have lost all charm for the students, who are now attending to their classes and their duties with an assiduity hitherto unknown. The professors fear that if "rational dress" be preferentially repressed, and the young women compelled to resume their former coquettish costumes, their old ascendancy over the students will be renewed, with a corresponding decrease of study.

The statement by the official organ of the Illinois State Federation of Labor, that the trades unions of Chicago are not in sympathy with James Keefe, Hardie or his teachings, and that they are not co-operative with the socialistic element which proposes to entertain him, is very gratifying to the public, says the Kansas City Star. The American laborer is not an advocate of the red flag which Mr. Hardie and the balance of the foreign agitators seek to popularize in this country. He is a believer in organization, not to destroy, but to build up. He does not believe that the cause of labor can be advanced by destroying the fabric of civil government or creating chaos in the industrial world. He sees no elevation for himself in merely pulling down others. His only purpose is to combat those things which seem to oppose his own advancement, and in this he has the sympathy of all people.

The New York Sun asked the following question the other day: "Does the man live, or did the man ever live, who, when he was proposed in good faith and in respectable English as a candidate for president of the United States, was capable of taking the matter otherwise than seriously? This is an interesting question in psychology." In order to furnish the Sun with an early reply the Denver Times makes this nomination: "For president of the United States, Charles A. Dana."

Referring to the jealous snarling of the Minneapolis Journal, the Wadena Journal says: "Truly there is a vast growth about the head of the lake, and St. Louis county inhabitants and wealth are enhancing every day. It ought to be a matter of congratulation, not criticism."

The first news of the capture of the noted insurance swindler, Dr. George W. Fraker, near Tower on Sunday, was given to the world by The Herald yesterday. The Herald's story was sent by the Associated Press to all the leading papers in the country.

A London writer brings to notice the distressing fact that if the Cuban revolution keeps on long enough it may interfere with the manufacture and shipment of the special brand of cigars which the prince of Wales uses.

The Boston Globe says: "Bostonians who went to heaven last spring have missed a most delightful summer." Is it to be inferred that they found the weather not up to the Boston ideal?

It is reported that it cost Quay \$125,000 to capture the Republican state convention in Pennsylvania, but this is no doubt a gross exaggeration.

Yesterday was a great day for labor in Duluth. The parade was particularly fine and indicated the great strength of organized labor in this city.

New York has 50,000 children out of school because there is no room for them. But it is proposed to erect new buildings at once to accommodate them.

Della Fox is reported to have lost her voice, but it cannot be correctly called a heavy loss, because it was always light.

Mexico has resolved to squelch dueling on the field of honor. The code duello belongs to a barbaric age.

Life in Washington must be tough indeed, when Hon. W. S. Bissell says he prefers Buffalo.

A total eclipse of the moon is billed for tonight. The sun has been eclipsed all day.

TORONTO AND RETURN \$22 VIA D. S. S. & A. R. Y.
Tickets on sale Sept. 2 to 9. Good until Sept. 10. Ticket office 426 Spaulding House block.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

AMUSEMENTS.

"THE OLD HOMESTEAD."
That "The Old Homestead" is as popular a play after its years on the boards as it ever was is evidenced by the crowd which packed the Lyceum last night upon its return after a two years' absence. The play is always good, and it probably will be so as long as its authors can afford to avoid economy in the salaries of the performers.

A truer picture of home life was never shown for the stage than "The Old Homestead." But everybody knows that and nearly everybody has seen the play itself, so it is unnecessary to speak of its popularity. The company has been pretty thoroughly reorganized since it was here last August, and it is confessed that in some of the minor parts, especially it has been with a view of reducing the salary list. George W. Wilson is an excellent Joshua Whitcomb, his presentation of the old man's strong and lovable character possesses strength and truth, though at times he is called upon to do a little too much. Frank Thompson made a good enough he was called upon to do a little too much. Frank Thompson made a good enough he was called upon to do a little too much. Frank Thompson made a good enough he was called upon to do a little too much.

ALL RECORDS BROKEN.

Ore Shipments Last Month Larger Than Ever.

August ore shipments from Duluth and Two Harbors, exclusive of the shipments from the Duluth & Winnebago docks, doubled those of August, 1894, and exceeded those of July by nearly 300,000 tons. The two ports shipped 624,172 tons, according to the custom house report, of which Duluth shipped 262,256 tons and Two Harbors shipped 361,916 tons. Last month 674,977 bushels of wheat were shipped against 1,073,513 bushels a year ago. Lumber also shows a decrease, 25,638,067 feet against 42,779,500 feet a year ago. Last month 600,000 shingles were shipped. The total tonnage in shipments last month was 736,628 against 666,662 last month and 429,744 a year ago. There were 545 clearances last month, of which 111 were light.

The receipts show a decrease from last year. Of coal 123,331 tons were received against 231,778 last year and 91,126 a month ago. But 785 barrels of sugar were received against 20,199 last year, and 25,213 barrels of salt were received against 8773. There was also received 6897 tons of manufactured iron and 20,200,000 feet of logs. The total tonnage was 191,000 against 242,931 last year and 143,496 in July. There were 541 arrivals, of which 264 were light.

SCOTCHMEN ARE ANGRY.
London, Sept. 3.—Sir Archibald Campbell has arrived at Inverary, Scotland, to complete arrangements for the march of his hand of pirates through Glenelg. The report that the expedition is for the purpose of celebrating the anniversary of the massacre of the MacDonalds at Glencoe, in 1692, has caused his pirates will merely traverse Glenelg en route to a Gaelic concert which is to be held at Oban. The MacDonald clanmen are not satisfied with Sir Archibald's explanation, but maintain a turbulent attitude and mutterings of anger are to be heard among the people of the glen.

A QUEST FOR A TITLE.
Oakland, Cal., Sept. 3.—William H. Grant, a well known lawyer, has written to a lawyer in this city to secure information about a tract of land upon which Highway, N. J., is now situated which was found in a pile of waste paper in this city two months ago. The document is dated April, 1852, and purports to be a deed from William Grant to the Associated Press. Grant writes that he believes that the grant was his grandfather from the fact that his family was the only one of that name in New Jersey at that time.

STANLEY IS COMING.
Liverpool, Sept. 3.—The white star steamer Majestic which sails for New York tomorrow will have among its passengers Henry M. Stanley, M.P., the African explorer, Charles H. Sherill, Jr., of New York, chairman of the American committee on track athletics, and Mrs. Pierpont Morgan and daughter.

DEPOSITORS ARE EXCITED.
Storn Lake, Iowa, Sept. 3.—Great excitement prevails over the closing of Bura Vista State bank. Depositors are largely men with earnings of years entrusted to the bank. Its doors were closed yesterday morning, and a big crowd of men gathered outside. The business methods of the Lemon family who ran the institution into bankruptcy being very apparent.

BLACKSMITHS' CONVENTION.
Cleveland, Ohio, Sept. 3.—The National Railroad Master Blacksmith association commenced a four days' convention here last night. Delegates in attendance, representing all parts of the country. The association was organized at Chicago during the World's fair, being composed of foremen of departments in the blacksmith shops of locomotive and car factories. A number of papers were read at today's session upon topics pertaining to the trade.

WELSH LABOR CELEBRATION.
Cardiff, Wales, Sept. 3.—When the trades union congress resumed its sittings today the president, John Jenkins, delivered his formal address at the conclusion of which the American delegates, Samuel Gompers and P. J. Maguire, were conducted to the platform. Their appearance was greeted with much applause.

THE VALKYRIE'S CRUISE.
New York, Sept. 3.—The Valkyrie III sailed this morning and passed out Sandy Hook at 930 a. m.

FOUND.
At Max Wirth's drug store, a marvelous cure for all kidney complaints, nervous exhaustion and female weakness. It is the Clinie Kidney Cure.

CURE FOR HEADACHE.
Electric Hitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habit, sick headache, is its bane. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Hitters will cure. It is a powerful laxative, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it. Only 50 cents a bottle. Sold at all drug stores.

WHAT KOLA DOES.

RENEWES THE TISSUES AND PREVENTS WASTE.
IT IS A SURE SPECIFIC IN ALL CASES OF NERVOUS DEBILITY.

The Modern and Approved Form of the Remedy is Dr. Charcot's Kola Nerve Tablets—Alkie Speedy and Certain.

Any modern physician will tell you of the virtues of the West African Kola nut as an invigorator, a sure specific for all nervous complaints, a renewer of waste tissues and a provoker of energy. For centuries the Kola nut has been used by natives of the dark continent as a natural and harmless sustainer of labor, a preventer of fatigue and a general preserver of health. Modern research has shown that the nut has wonderful and certain effects upon the nerves, brain, blood and muscles. Dr. Charcot, the most eminent specialist of his day in nervous diseases, has prepared a prescription of Kola nut, with sleeplessness, restlessness and unnatural lassitude and fatigue. They are an absolute boon to those cursed with sleeplessness, restlessness and unnatural lassitude and fatigue. They are both speedy and effective and wherever they have been introduced have leaped at once into lasting public favor.

READ ONE OF MR. HARRIS' TESTIMONY.
S. V. Harris is chief clerk of the Ryan, St. Paul, Minn., one of the principal hotels of the country. This is what he says:

"I commenced taking Dr. Charcot's Kola Nerve Tablets in a skeptical mood. I was not a believer in proprietary medicines but I was in such a nervous condition and so great a sufferer from sleeplessness, restlessness and unnatural lassitude and fatigue. They are both speedy and effective and wherever they have been introduced have leaped at once into lasting public favor.

Free treatise on Kola and its medicinal virtues sent by Bureka Chemical and Manufacturing company, La Crosse, Wis.

ENGAGEMENT KNOWN.

Gertrude Vanderbilt and Moses Taylor to Wed.

Newport, R. I., Sept. 3.—The engagement of Miss Gertrude Vanderbilt to Moses Taylor, though not formally announced, is known by their friends. Mr. Taylor was the special friend of the late William H. Vanderbilt, the brother of his fiancée, and the families have long been on terms of intimate friendship. The great fortune of Miss Vanderbilt is almost matched by the millions of Mr. Taylor. He is the son of Henry A. C. Taylor and his inheritance came from his grandfather, Moses Taylor, one of the most successful and respected of the old time merchants.

Miss Gertrude Vanderbilt is the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt and one of the world's richest heiresses. She is pretty and attractive, slightly above the medium height, and slender. Her complexion is fair, her features small and regular, her eyes gray and her hair brown and abundant. Mr. Taylor was graduated from Yale college in the class of '93 and belongs to the Knickerbocker and Metropolitan clubs of New York. He is an enthusiastic lover of athletics, outdoor sports and has become expert at polo this season.

A SOURCE OF SUIRRE

Dr. Redmond, a specialist in the study and treatment of Piles and rectal diseases, recently stated that the Pyramid Pile Cure, the new discovery for the cure of piles, was the most remarkable remedy he had ever seen or tried in one respect; and that was, the instant relief experienced in all cases. The remedy was applied; this was the most surprising to him, because he had carefully analyzed the preparation and no trace of opium, cocaine or similar poison could be detected.

Physicians look with great favor upon the Pyramid Pile Cure, because it is rapidly taking the place of surgical operations and because it is so simple, so easily applied and contains no mineral or other poisons so commonly used in pile cures.

Dr. Esterbrook reports that "the Pyramid Pile Cure not only cures the various forms of piles, but never fails to give immediate relief on the first application, no matter how severe the pain or discomfort may be.

People who have suffered from piles for years are often astonished at the instant relief experienced from the first application. Another important advantage is the fact that anyone can use the remedy without detention from business or interference with daily occupation.

J. W. Hollins, of Sweet Springs, Mo., writes: "I consider the Pyramid Pile Cure without an equal; it cured me in less than thirty days. I waited fifteen days or more to be sure I was fully cured before writing you. I can now say I am cured and I shall recommend the Pyramid Pile Cure at every possible opportunity, because it deserves it."

Although a comparatively new remedy, its popularity is such that all druggists now sell it; if your druggist hasn't it in stock, he will get it for you if you ask him, as all wholesale druggists have it on sale.

A pamphlet describing the cause and cure of piles sent free by addressing the Pyramid company, Albion, Mich.

ONE PRICE AND THAT RIGHT

HOWARD & HAYNIE

American Store.

WATER PROOF Garments

In Ladies' Fine Mackintoshes

We have the largest variety and the best values for the money ever seen. The prices range from

\$3.00 to \$25 each.

Black Cravenette [water proof] dress goods 52-in wide, for per yard

\$1.25.

Manufacturers' Lengths...

1 lot of odd lengths ranging from 1 1/2 yards to 14 yards of extra heavy double fleeced English Flannellette, in choice patterns and colors of this season's productions, goods that would be considered cheap at 12 1/2c, while they last we will sell them at, per yard

8c

New Dress Goods.

1 lot of Scotch Tweed fancy mixed colors, all wool Dress Goods at

49c A Yard.

44 in Plaid Boucle Dress Goods, the new effect in Mixed shades of 3 and 4 colors combined, well worth 90c a yard, will sell for.....

63c

Silk Waists

All our fine Silk Waists will sell tomorrow at each

\$1.75

Howard & Haynie

TARRANT'S SELTZER

If the valuable properties of Tarrant's Effervescent Seltzer Apertient were universally known, no family would be without it. It is the best known preventive of all cases of Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation, Impure Digestion, Disordered Stomach, Nervousness, Low of Appetite, Irritation on Face, Prickly Heat, and all bad effects arising from excess in eating or drinking. 50c and 75c.

MEMBERS OF THE DULUTH CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION.

First National Bank.....\$1,000,000
American Exchange Bank.....500,000
Marine National Bank.....200,000
National Bank of Commerce.....200,000
State Bank of Duluth.....50,000
Security Bank of Duluth.....100,000
Iron Exchange Bank.....50,000

AT....
Boyce's Drug Store.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE LYCEUM.
L. N. Scott, Manager.

Last Time Tonight. DENHAM THOMPSON'S Beautiful play—

"THE Old Homestead"

A TRIUMPH OF MODERN

BREWING IS THE

Edge Beer

\$3.00

Minneapolis Brewing Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

Orders Promptly Filled by A. G. ANDERSON, Agent, 120 Nineteenth Avenue West, MINN.

Don't Shrink Woolen Goods.

WOOL SOAP

FREE MEDICINE!

THE AMERICAN MEDICAL DISPENSARY make these Diseases their Specialties:

Specific blood poisoning, pneumonia, diphtheria, kidney and bladder diseases, various hydrocele, varicocele, stricture, piles, rheumatism, skin and blood diseases of all forms, catarrh and diseases of women. Address or call on D. J. A. FAULKNER, 19 East Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

Bicycle FREE.

BUY YOUR CIGARS AT BOYCE'S DRUG STORE AND GET A CHANCE ON THE BICYCLE TO BE GIVEN AWAY.....

BUY--

Your Drugs Here.

With every cash purchase of 25 cents or over we give you a ticket numbered, and on the 5th day of each month the lucky number will receive \$10 in gold.

The second.....\$5
The third.....2
The fourth.....1
The fifth.....10

AT....
Boyce's Drug Store.

ALBERTSON,

CHIEF MERTZ RETIRED.
Spokane, Wash., Sept. 4.—Chief Police Mertz has been retired by the city council. The action is supposed to have been based on political reasons.

PROMINENT LAWYER GONE.
Chillicothe, Ohio, Sept. 4.—John Boyd, an ex-editor of note and a prominent lawyer, is dead at his home here aged 63 years. Mr. Boyd was born in Licking county, Ohio. During the rebellion he published the Fairmount Vindicator at Fairmount, Va., and to him belongs the credit of agitating that portion of the state and carrying his agitation to a successful termination.

[illegible]

A general cleaning up of our Wash Goods department takes place on Bargain Counter No. 1. There you will find **Black Satteen Remnants**, worth 15c to 25c; **Covert Cloths**, worth 25c; **Handsome Crepons**, worth 15c to 25c; **Handsome Dimities**, worth 18c, 20c, 25c and 35c, in fact odds and ends of every description at less than one-third of value. Take your choice of this grand assortment Thursday at **7c**

HARDWARE DEPT.
100 doz Glass Oil Cans, worth 50¢
For one day only, each **25¢**

Des Moines, Iowa, Sept. 4.—John Briggs, colored, the assailant of Michael Holloran was bound over to the grand jury today for murder. Holloran died yesterday afternoon, nineteen days after the assault.

cl- Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 4.—A report
to has reached here that thirteen hours

EVENING HERALD

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH
Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as second-class matter.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION.

17,148
HIGH-WATER MARK.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Minn., Sept. 4.—An area of low pressure has advanced eastward over the lake region and the Central valleys since yesterday morning has been accompanied by thunderstorms and very heavy local rains. At Indianapolis the rainfall was 4.9 inches at Sault Ste. Marie, 2.3, and at Davenport, 1.4.
The temperature has fallen 10 to 20 degrees in the Dakotas and Minnesota.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 60; maximum yesterday, 72; minimum yesterday, 52.
Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity until 7 p. m. tomorrow: Fair; cooler tonight; fresh to brisk north-west to southwest winds.
JAMES KENNELLY,
Local Forecast Officer.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—For Wisconsin: Fair, probably preceding showers today, slightly cooler, westerly winds. For Minnesota: Partly cloudy, cooler in east portion tonight; northwest winds. Depth of water over mill sill at Sault Ste. Marie canal, 16 feet 3 inches, and the forecast is that it will rise during the next twenty-four hours. On the Upper Lakes: Showers, fresh westerly winds. Unsettled and showery weather is indicated for the upper lake region today and tonight. High southerly winds have prevailed over Lakes Michigan and Superior.

NORTHERN PACIFIC FINANCES.

E. V. Smalley, of St. Paul, appears to be a pretty busy man these days. He is in New York writing articles for the prominent magazines on the proposed waterway to the sea, from one of which The Herald quoted liberally yesterday, and at the same time he is pouring hot shot into Mr. Hill's scheme to consolidate the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific railroads. Mr. Smalley is now of the opinion that the necessity for a consolidation, if it existed at any time, has now passed, so far as the Northern Pacific security holders are concerned. The railroad, in spite of depressed times, has made a remarkable showing during the last year and is destined during the coming twelve months to demonstrate its earning ability. Mr. Smalley is of opinion that it can meet all its charges, and the analysis which he makes of the figures contained in the statement of the road's earnings and expenses during the fiscal year ended June 30 last is very interesting, particularly in view of the action of the federal court at Seattle in declaring that Judge Jenkins, of Milwaukee, has no control over the property and in calling upon the present receivers to show why they should not be removed.

According to Mr. Smalley's analysis the road earned during the last fiscal year \$17,434,980.80. After deducting operating expenses, rentals, and taxes, there remained for the creditors the sum of \$5,031,045.05. This sum was applied as follows: Interest on receivers' certificates, \$208,785; account of interest, and sinking fund, general first mortgage, \$3,286,010; account of Missouri division mortgage, \$149,100; Pend O'Reille division mortgage, \$49,540; interest on collateral trust notes, \$568,458.33; interest on Duluth and Manitoba bonds, \$149,754.16; interest on Spokane and Palouse bonds, \$52,413.33; total interest, and sinking fund payments, \$4,485,670.82.

After making all these payments there remained in the hands of the receivers the sum of \$257,540, which is applicable to interest on the second mortgage bonds. It appears, however, that this sum would have been considerably increased if the receivers had paid during the fiscal year on account of the first mortgage bonds only the interest charge for one year and the annual sinking fund contribution of 1 per cent. There was about \$31,170 paid to make good a deficiency of the previous year. Mr. Smalley contends that a fair conclusion from his analysis of the Northern Pacific statement is that during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1895, a year when railway revenues were at the lowest ebb and the effects of the general business depression were most severely felt, the Northern Pacific would have earned, had not the strike occurred, the sum of \$31,170 over and above the interest and sinking fund charges on its first mortgage.

There is a further consideration of great importance to the security holders in enabling them to estimate correctly the real value of their holdings. A receivership is proverbially expensive. That of the Northern Pacific is probably not open to any charge of unnecessary outlay, yet, according to a competent authority, it added at least \$900,000 to the expense of managing the property during the last fiscal year, to what that expense would have been had the Northern Pacific been managed by its own directors and officers. If this sum be added to the \$31,170 previously arrived at, we shall have a grand total of \$1,431,710—enough to pay the full interest on the second and leave a handsome surplus for the thirds.

Coming now to the current fiscal year, the gain in gross earnings from July 1 to Aug. 21 over the corresponding period of the previous year was \$753,112. This heavy gain was made before

the new wheat crop began to move. The crop in Northern Minnesota and North Dakota is a very large one. The gain in earnings of the Northern Pacific during the three fall months of this year, on account of the haul of the great wheat crop of the prairies will be very large. The passenger receipts of the roads improve because people have money for traveling. Thus the aggregate gain in earnings resulting from a large crop is more than double what is derived from the movement of the crop to market.

Mr. Smalley points out in conclusion that in any reorganization provision will have to be made by the junior securities for paying off the receivers' certificates and collateral trust notes, and for the reduction of grades and curvatures and replacement of wooden with steel bridges, the filling of trestles and other improvements that will result in large reductions of operating expenses, and accordingly in increased net earnings. The interest paid on receivers' certificates last year was \$208,785, and on collateral trust notes, \$568,458.33, or \$777,243.33. (The amount of receivers' certificates outstanding at present is \$4,900,000, on which the annual interest charge is \$204,000). With these two charges eliminated there would be enough money, even on the basis of the present earnings, to pay the interest and sinking fund charges on the second mortgage bonds and to leave a large surplus for the thirds. This goes to show that the Northern Pacific's finances are not in such bad shape as those who are interested in the settlement of the water question at the approaching election. There is a very general sentiment that too much time has been wasted in dilly-dallying with the matter, and that the whole question should now be definitely settled.

ALL SHOULD UNITE.

The Herald is gratified to see the people taking such deep interest in the settlement of the water question at the approaching election. There is a very general sentiment that too much time has been wasted in dilly-dallying with the matter, and that the whole question should now be definitely settled.

The people who favor doing nothing are decreasing in numbers, because they are beginning to see that if they vote against every proposition they will simply be lending aid to those who favor the purchase of the company's plant. Those who favor purchase will vote solidly in support of that proposition. It is essential therefore that those who oppose purchase should not be divided upon minor points. There is no doubt some degree of strength in the claim that the city should not take any action to increase its indebtedness, but this is more than counterbalanced by a consideration of the burdens which are now imposed upon the people in the shape of heavy charges for the water they consume and the high insurance rates which they are compelled to pay because the present water supply is insufficient for the protection purposes. Those who oppose purchase and at the same time are opposed to increasing the city's debt should bear in mind that it is better for those who live in Duluth to have their burdens in the shape of water charges and insurance rates decreased, even if the general taxation should be temporarily increased to a small extent. But it is safe to assume that this increase in taxes would be very small and extend over but a short period because the city's plant would soon be earning enough to pay the interest on the bonds and the cost of maintenance.

There is another point that they should not overlook. The city must have a pure water supply. The present state of affairs, which is resulting in such sickness and mortality, cannot be continued, and an increase in the city's debt is preferable to the thinning out of the city's population by death from disease traceable to an impure water supply. This reason should prompt every one to insist upon a settlement of the water question now, and every man who is opposed to purchase should vote in favor of the city building an independent plant. If all opposed to purchase will vote together in favor of building, there is no doubt that there will be a very large majority against purchase. But if the opposition to purchase divides its vote, the result will be less certain.

THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

There has been considerable discussion recently, started by Mr. Patterson, of Denver, in regard to the money plank in the Democratic national convention, it being claimed by Mr. Patterson and others that the committee on resolutions which submitted it to the convention considered that it was a declaration in favor of genuine bimetalism, and that Senators Vilas and McPherson, as members of the committee, declared their friendliness to silver and objected to the words "free coinage" being inserted in the resolution because they were not misleading and not because the senators were themselves opposed to coining gold and silver on equal terms.

Mr. Patterson's statement has now been confirmed by Hon. C. H. Jones, of New York, who was chairman of the committee on resolutions. He says: "Mr. Patterson's statement of the conflict in the committee room is substantially correct. The money plank at first submitted was a straight-out bimetallic plank, declaring for the free coinage of gold and silver on equal terms. It was discussed seven hours and repeatedly amended and recast. Patterson and Senator Daniel, of Virginia, led the contest for the insertion of the words 'free coinage of silver.' Senators Vilas and McPherson led the fight against the use of these words, but not on the ground that they were opposed to the use of silver. They declared over and over again that they were just as good bimetallicists and just

as friendly to silver as Patterson and Daniel. They said their objection to the words 'free coinage' was simply that they had a special meaning in certain parts of the country that would be misleading.

"Atkins, of Tennessee, introduced the compromise resolution, that was adopted after being modified. Patterson and Daniel fought it to the end and voted against it when it was put to a vote. I recall that in the fight in the final discussion Senator Vilas read that plank as it now stands to Patterson, dwelling with a strong emphasis on the first clause, and asked Patterson how it differed essentially from his demand for free silver. Every member of the subcommittee completely refused to say that the plank was in favor of genuine bimetalism. It Vilas or McPherson or Bayard had admitted that the resolution could be interpreted to mean gold monometallism it could not have passed the subcommittee or the general committee or the convention. All three of these bodies supposed real bimetalism was being introduced when this resolution was adopted."

The particular importance of these statements by Mr. Patterson, Mr. Jones and other members of the committee is stated by the Cleveland Democrats that the platform does not place the Democratic party on record in favor of genuine bimetalism—the free coinage of gold and silver on equal terms as standard money.

A large number of federal officers, holders appeared as delegates in the recent Ohio Democratic state convention. In all there were between thirty and forty of them. They included not only postmasters, but United States district attorneys, an United States marshal, an United States sub-treasurer, a member of the United States board of ordinance, etc. Some of them came all the way from Washington to attend the convention and influence its proceedings. The question is now being asked, will they be removed for offensive partisanship? This is hardly likely, because they went to the convention to aid Mr. Cleveland's gold-bug friends.

The executive committee of the New York Reform club has just issued its report for the three months ending Aug. 23. It has sent out 65,000 copies of Adams Smith's "Scotch Bank Currency," 40,000 of the "Bullion Report" made in 1810 by a committee of parliament; 70,000 of "The People's Money," by W. L. Trenholm; 300,000 of "Coin's Financial Fool," by Horace White; 50,000 of H. L. Nelson's "Bimetalism in History." The total cost of the committee's work for the three months has been about \$46,000, and it is stated that at least \$25,000 more will be needed before the end of the year. It is costing the goldbugs lots of money to combat the steadily growing strength of bimetalism among the masses of the people.

Mayor Holland, of Dallas, Tex., declares that he is opposed to prize fighting, but that, if pugilism is legal in Texas, he wants Dallas to get all the profit possible out of the Corbett-Fitzsimmons contest. As an office holder he will do what he can to prevent the fight, but as a private citizen he will rejoice if the mill shall not be stopped and Dallas shall be enriched in consequence. In this attempting to ride two horses, the mayor is likely to receive a severe fall.

Secretary of State Berg returned to St. Paul yesterday for the first time since the Minneapolis Journal made its unjustified attack on the census figures and he promptly declared that there was nothing remarkable about the large figures as compared with the vote. "Duluth has had a perfectly fair census so far as it is concerned, and an increase in the census figures is a fair result of the census figures and he promptly declared that there was nothing remarkable about the large figures as compared with the vote. "Duluth has had a perfectly fair census so far as it is concerned, and an increase in the census figures is a fair result of the census figures and he promptly declared that there was nothing remarkable about the large figures as compared with the vote. 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You Have a Pull

Wm. M. Prindle & Co.,
216 W. Superior St.

Opponents as well as advocates of the club's principles are invited to participate. The "question box" will be a feature.

Severe gripping pains of the stomach and bowels instantly and effectually stopped by De Witt's Colic and Cholera Cure. S. F. Boyce.

and in
Purity Cuticura
Sold throughout the world. British depot: F. NEW-
BERRY and SONS, 1, King Edward-st., London. POHLE
DRUG & CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

same subject. You say the business men have seen the streets so frequently torn up that they are rather "accustomed to it," and therefore they will not be alarmed at the idea of a trench being dug to lay new mains. The business men of Duluth, it is true, have been sadly imposed upon by the block-

These, Mr. Editor, are a few of the
deads which have occurred to me while
have endeavored to study this all-im-

First National Bank.....	\$1,000.00	\$300.00	who took advantage of the market panic speculations would more than make up the interest on the \$300,000 investment.
Commerce Exchange Bank.....	100.00	350.00	
Marine National Bank.....	200.00	30.00	
National Bank of Commerce.....	200.00	27.00	
State Bank of Duluth.....	43.00	60.00	
Security Bank of Duluth.....	100.00	40.00	
Iron Exchange Bank.....	30.00	

[illegible]

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Prepare to spend your money.
The Final Whirl!
Hundreds have been waiting for it.
So here you are:
A Great Half Price Sale!

Mail Orders

Promptly filled.
Cash must come with the order.



Of Men's and Boys' Suits.
3 days--Tomorrow, Friday and Saturday.

Commencing tomorrow morning we'll offer our entire stock of this season's Men's and Boys' medium and lightweight Suits and all heavy-weight suits carried from last season, at just one-half the original price. This includes Sack, Frock and Prince Albert Suits—Cassimeres, Cheviots, Tweeds, plain and fancy Clay Worsteds, Light and Mixed Colors and Black Goods.

\$35.00 Suits	\$17.50
\$30.00 Suits	\$15.00
\$25.00 Suits	\$12.50
\$20.00 Suits	\$10.00
\$15.00 Suits	\$7.50
\$10.00 Suits	\$5.00
\$8.00 Suits	\$4.00

This half price sale we have only put on after much deliberation as it means a very serious loss to us, and we want to take the loss quickly and get through with it. There will be a big crowd. Those who come first, of course, will have the best selection.

M. S. BURROWS & CO.

SECRETARY SUSTAINS IT.
The decision of Secretary Hoke Smith in the case of Hugh P. Strong vs. P. Pettijohn, G. W. Buck, Nathaniel N. Betts and William Little was received here today. The result was received from Wash-

ington some days ago. The land involved is the new, of section 29, and 30, of sec. and 31, of sec. 30-2-30. It was unsurveyed at the time of the action. In 1890 the local officers called Pettijohn's entry with Sioux half-breed scrip because the required improvements had not been made. Pettijohn ap-

pealed, claiming the government had no jurisdiction until the lands were surveyed. The secretary holds differently and sustains the local officers.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Willhead, Bremen.

CITY BRIEFS.

Gullon, dentist, Ballado, Phone No. 9. Dr. Schmittman pulled teeth without pain. Large loans wanted, Moore & Stark. Smoke Eddon cigar. W. A. Foote, Travelers Ins. Co., Providence bldg. Charles Engstrom, a saloon keeper at 100 East Superior street, was arrested in municipal court this morning on the charge of selling liquor on Sunday. Engstrom thought the complaint was a joke and refused to pay the fine. He was released on \$500 bond. Engstrom was not prepared to argue it and asked that the case go over until this afternoon. Judge Edson granted his request and fixed Engstrom's bail at \$50.

Births of daughters to John F. and Anna Scheinman, 277 Nineteenth avenue, east, and Nels and Emma Almkvist, 202 West Sixth street, were reported today. Permits have been issued S. J. Brotherton for the building of a 1-story frame dwelling on the east side of Fifty-third avenue west, between Second and Third streets north, to cost \$450 and John E. Brotherton, same description, street and cost.

Judge Nelson has issued an order setting aside the sale of the schooner H. M. Emile made on July 18, 1905, to satisfy the claim of H. J. Redmyer. The boat was sold for almost nothing at that time.

The jury in the case of the W. W. Kimball company against Nels Hall, the trial of which was begun in municipal court yesterday afternoon, returned a verdict this morning for the defendant. Lot 2, block 25, Central division of Duluth, brought in \$2000. Lloyd having assumed a \$1500 mortgage.

Harry Thomas, of Red Oak, Iowa, a half interest in the heavy business of W. L. Nichols, Mr. Thomas said he would come in the future. A marriage license has been issued to Karlus Faduck and Juliana Mackalski.

QUICK LOANS
WITH OUR INVALUABLE
"On or Before"
Repayment Plan.
WITHOUT THE GOLD CLAUSE.
R. M. NEWPORT & SON,
Providence Bldg., W. BARTON CHAPIN, Mgr.

The County Fair.
The state fair exhibit is now out of the way and the agricultural society from now on will give its undivided attention to the county fair. The firms which have already agreed to take space and make exhibits are Pantin & Nelson, Howard & Haynie, R. Krojaner, Duluth Imperial Mill company, Schiller-Hubard company and Marshall-Wells Hardware company.

It is quite probable that the annual sharp shooter's contest of the state militia can be secured to be held here at fair time and if so the boys will camp at Glen Aven. They will also participate in the sham battle if they come.

The building is now ready for exhibits and work may begin upon them at any time.

MR. GASSER RETURNS.
M. M. Gasser returned today from Boston where he attended the annual convocation of the Knights Templar. He says it was a grand trip and for pleasure and enjoyment he had all records, no other record ever equalling it. The others in the Duluth party are visiting different points in Canada and the Eastern part of the United States and will return about the last of the week.

MONEY TO LOAN
AT 6 AND 7 PER CENT.
Any amount. No delay.
Howard & Patterson,
201-203 First National Bank Bldg.

COURT

September Term Was
Opened This Morning at
the Court House.

Judge Morris Charged the
Grand Jury--A New Rule
Announced.

Bailey Case Against the
Bankers Life Insurance
Was Stricken.

The September term of the district court opened this morning with Judge Ensign, Moer and Morris presiding. The first thing in order was the calling of the calendar, which occupied an hour, after which Judge Morris, as his first judicial duty, was assigned to charge the grand jury. There were eighteen members of the jury present, and to them Judge Morris delivered the usual charge, reading the statutes relating to their duty and commenting upon them briefly. After this the jury retired in charge of a deputy sheriff for the purpose of organization. It will probably not get actively to work before tomorrow.

Judge Moer has charge of Room 1 this term, and before beginning the call he announced a new rule regarding exhibits in cases on trial. After this all exhibits will be left with the stenographer during the progress of the trial, and after that the clerk will take charge of them, putting them in a safe place and properly listing them. They are not to be removed except by a written order of the court. The practice in relation to exhibits has been more or less irregular, and many exhibits have been lost, hence the new rule.

The calendar of cases for jury trial will not be a long one. The Bailey case against the Bankers Life Insurance company, the only civil case of particular interest, was stricken from the calendar by request of the plaintiff. The call resulted in eighty-seven court cases and sixty-six jury cases, as follows:

Court cases--3, 5, 6, 7, 9, 14, 17, 19, 24, 29, 30, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 45, 46, 51, 53, 57, 61, 62, 71, 74, 75, 79, 82, 83, 84, 88, 89, 90, 94, 95, 99, 100, 103, 105, 106, 108, 111, 112, 113, 117, 118, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 143, 144, 145, 148, 149, 150, 154, 155, 157, 158, 161, 164, 165, 166, 168, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 180.

Jury cases--8, 22, 23, 25, 27, 28, 37, 42, 43, 44, 47, 49, 50, 52, 58, 59, 60, 63, 64, 65, 66, 68, 69, 72, 77, 78, 80, 81, 85, 87, 91, 92, 93, 96, 97, 98, 101, 102, 104, 107, 109, 114, 116, 119, 125, 126, 127, 137, 142, 146, 147, 151, 152, 153, 156, 159, 160, 162, 169, 175, 176, 177, 178.

Stricken from the calendar--4, 13, 15, 26, 31, 38, 54, 56, 70, 163, 167.

The following motions were entered to be heard this afternoon: To place the foot of the calendar, 8, 27, 28, 29, 32, 53, 60, 81, 84, 102, 107, 111, 112, 125, 127, 148, 152, 153, 159, 172, to continue, 66, 67, 104, 128, 129, 130, 141, 161, to strike from the calendar, 68, 106, for judgment on the pleadings, 77, 83, 108.

Tomorrow the court will hear uncontested divorce cases and ex parte matters, and Monday the trial of jury cases will begin.

DULUTH BUSINESS UNIVERSITY
And College of Shorthand opens for the year Monday, Sept. 5.

PERSONAL.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Light on Sunday last.
Mrs. W. M. Oddie returned Monday on the Monarch from a two months' visit to Peterboro and Port Elgin, Canada.
Mrs. W. D. Sanford was a passenger on the Monarch Monday, returning from a month's visit to her former home in Port Elgin, Canada.
Misses Jennie and Maggie Cargill returned Monday on the steamer Monarch from a ten weeks' visit to their home in Wingham, Canada.
George Urban, Jr., of Buffalo, is in the city.
H. S. Kennedy, of Mankato, is here today.
Mrs. H. R. Ensign and Miss Reed, of Minneapolis, are in the city.
Hon. Charles W. Gillet, member of congress from the Twenty-ninth district of New York, is visiting his nephew, W. C. Winton.
Dr. Salter is expected to return from the East this week.
J. D. Armstrong, solicitor of the St. Paul & Duluth road, is in the city.
A. B. Dickinson, of Ashland, a brown-skin querryman, is in the city.
A. N. Peterson, of Mountain Iron, came down last night on business.
A. Murphy, Jr., returned this morning after a three-months' sojourn in Europe. He is much improved in health, and reports a delightful trip.
Misses Jennie McDonald and Lulu Cerr left for Alma college where they will study for a year.
Miss Kennedy, Miss Eva Sinclair, Miss King and Miss Lyons, of Ashland, are in the city today.
Mrs. S. M. Linander left for the East today.
H. A. Dowd and wife, of Chicago, are at the St. Louis. Mr. Dowd is secretary of the Commercial Travelers' association and editor of the association organ.
J. C. Houck, one of Livable's business men, is in the city today.
E. G. Scott, of St. Paul, is visiting friends here.

RATE IS LOWER.

Mortality Last Month Shows a
Large Decrease.

The annual death rate per 1000 for last month shows a reduction of nearly 50 per cent from that of August a year ago, being 11 as compared with 53.8 last August, and 8.02 in July. Deaths from cholera infantum were the most numerous. The total number of deaths was 60, apportioned among causes as follows: Tuberculosis, 2; granular, 1; typhoid fever, 6; accident and violence, 1; mania, 2; general sarcomatosis, 1; pertussis, 1; enteritis, 2; paralysis, 1; pneumonia, 1; catarrh of bronchitis, 1; general carcinoma, 1; chronic nephritis, 1; meningitis, 2; meningocele, 1; intestinal obstruction, 2; cholera infantum, 15; cholera morbus, 2; enterocolitis, 2; infantile convulsions, 1; senile debility, 2; insufficiency of cordis, 1; valvular heart disease, 1; perforation of the gall bladder, 1; perforative appendicitis, 1; exzema capitis, 1. Seventeen of the deaths were of people 1 year old and under, 10 to 5 years, 2 between 5 and 10, 2 between 10 and 20, 12 between 20 and 40, 6 between 40 and 60, 2 between 60 and 80, and 1 80 years of age. Thirty-six were born in Duluth, 9 in other parts of the United States, and 15 abroad. Forty-four were males and 16 females. Forty-six were single and 14 married.
The births during the month numbered 118, or one less than in July, of these 65 were males and 53 females. There were no twins and no illegitimates.
The meat consumed in butcher shops and commission houses as unit for eating amounted to 2665 pounds.

ROOM! ROOM! ROOM!

FOR 1896 STOCK.

WALL PAPER!

AT COST FOR 30 DAYS.

FULL COMBINATIONS.

LaVague Paint and Wall Paper Company,
12 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

The Water Campaign.

The general committee which has in charge the campaign against the purchase of the water plant and for the construction of a new plant is meeting daily. Yesterday, ward and precinct committees were named. Every detail is being vigorously watched and the organization will be complete as soon as possible. A general election ever held in the city. Headquarters is to be established at No. 220 Burrows block, and within a few days a man will be constantly in charge there.

Kilgore & Siewert,
Under St. Louis Hotel.

New Neckwear!

EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT.

50c LINES UNUSUALLY STRONG.

Neckwear to Order--

From Silks in the piece, Virgoe, Middleton & Co.'s London Silks.

Dunlap & Co.'s Hats
Miller Styles, \$5.00
Golf Hose and Caps.

KILGORE & SIEWERT.

DULUTH

HIGHEST GRADE.

IMPERIAL

FLOOR.

MAKES PERFECT BREAD.

FREIMUTH'S

THURSDAY

THE DAY

For Phenomenal Values

IN THE

Dress Goods and Silks!

In Black Goods.

Black Figured Mohairs, in pretty designs, the sorts that you would think cheap at 60c a yard; they'll go on the counters tomorrow at a 39c

Double-fold Black French Serge, pure wool, and should be 35c a yard; Thursday price, a yard..... 25c

45-in. Black All-Wool, Silk Finish Henrietta, well worth \$1 a yard; for tomorrow's big trading, a yard..... 59c

48-in. Black All-Wool Figures, imported to sell at \$1.25 the yard; Thursday price, 75c a yard.....

60-in. Black All-Wool Cravenette that some houses think cheap at \$1.75; we make \$1.25 the price a yard.....

In Colored Dress Goods....

50 pieces of Choice Fall Dress

Stuffs, comprising some of the latest weaves, worth up to 85c a yard.

These are in the lot:

Figured Jacquards,

Figured Solids,

Boucles

Silk and Wool Cheviots,

Armures

French Serges.

They all go Thursday at

48c a yd

See our Assortment of Fancy

Plaids for Waists and Children's Dresses at.....

35c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00

In the Black Silks...

Black Armure Silk, worth \$1; tomorrow, a yard..... 79c

Black Faille Silk, worth \$1; tomorrow, a yard..... 75c

Black Bengaline Silk, worth \$1.25; tomorrow, a yard..... 75c

Black Moire Silk, \$1 quality; tomorrow a yard..... 69c

FOR BLACK SILKS VISIT OUR SILK DEPARTMENT.

FREIMUTH'S

Simon Clark

GROCERY CO.

118-120 West Superior Street.

BUY YOUR

Preserving

Fruits

Now.

A full line at reasonable prices.

Big....

Fruit Sale

Today....

From 4 to 7 p. m.

SIMON CLARK

GROCERY CO.,

118-120 West Superior Street.

SUFFEL & CO.
Dry Goods Department

DRY GOODS GIVEN AWAY!
Wool Soap, Wool Soap, Wool Soap, TOMORROW ONLY.

1000 Cakes of "Wool Soap" Will Be Given Away Free.

To introduce this celebrated Soap we shall present each lady visiting our Dry Goods Department with a sample cake absolutely free. (None will be given to children). This soap prevents shrinking of underwear and all woolen goods and is an elegant Bath and Toilet Soap. Come tomorrow and get a cake free. Be sure and ask for it. Special Bargains in Dry Goods for This Week. Well selected, cash-bought bargains, without equal in style or quality and away down in price.

Wash Goods.

At 10c--Dark Ground Satens, with neat figures; always sold at 15c per yard, going at 10c per yard.
At 10c--Fleeced Vienna Cloth, fine pattern for Wrappers and Dresses, at 10c per yard.
At 3c--Red and Black Calico, with neat figures and stripes, worth 5c per yard, at 3c.
We carry the finest line of INDIA LINS, NAINSOOKS, Indian Dimities, etc., and sell them at extremely low prices.

Sheetings--For Thursday and Friday.

Heavy 1-1 Unbleached Sheetings for two days, per yard..... 12 1/2c
Heavy 2-4 Bleached Sheetings for two days, per yard..... 18c
Regular 10c Bleached Sheetings, better than Lonsdale or Fruit of the Loom; for two days you can buy 10 yards for..... 59c
Good quality Unbleached Muslin, worth 7c a yard, for two days only you can buy 10 yards for..... 49c
Heavy Fancy Striped Bed Tickings, per yard..... 6c

Dress Goods.

Broadened Mohair Dress Goods, worth 75c, for this sale..... 39c
Broadened Mohair Dress Goods, worth 85c, for this sale..... 49c
All Wool Serges, worth 75c, for this sale..... 49c
Black Henrietta, 50 inches wide, worth 75c, for this sale..... 49c
Fancy Dress Goods, worth 40c, go at..... 23c

Shirt Waists.

50c Shirt Waists, for tomorrow, each..... 13c
\$1.00 Shirt Waists for tomorrow, each..... 33c
\$1.50 Shirt Waists for tomorrow, each..... 69c

Hosiery--Men's Sox.

Men's 5c English Cashmere Black Socks, for tomorrow, a pair..... 25c
Men's 5c Black Cotton Socks for tomorrow, a pair..... 17c
Not more than 8 pair to a customer.

Ladies' Hose.

Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, 10c a pair, 2 pair for..... 25c

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5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

THIRTEENTH YEAR.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1895.

THREE CENTS.

A Great Carpet Stock

Since making our contracts with the mills on Carpets, in June, the prices have advanced decidedly. We knew they would, and bought accordingly.

WE ARE SHOWING TODAY

Double the number of patterns ever shown by us before, which means a very large stock.

All Wool Ingrains start at (14 good patterns at this price.) And end up with the celebrated **38c**

Agra and Sevelan Carpets at The above Carpets are sold in most stores for 55c and \$1 respectively. **75c**

John Bromley & Sons' Smyrna Rugs, 30 inches by 60 inches, for Sold usually at \$3.00. **\$1.50**

A lot of Fine White Fur Rugs for The best quality. **\$2.00**

A good High Back Dining Chair for Hard wood and worth \$1.00. **50c**

A Long Glass Chamber Suite for Full size, hard wood, 3 pieces. **\$15.00**

A Square Glass Suite, 3 pieces, for Hard wood. **\$12.50**

FRENCH & BASSETT,

West First Street and Third Avenue, Duluth.
OPPOSITE BOARD OF TRADE.

Blank Books,
Office Supplies,

The
Largest assortments
In the city
At our own
Popular prices.

Chamberlain & Taylor's

BOOKSTORE, 323 West Superior Street.

FOR RENT.

Cold Storage building, formerly occupied by Swift & Co., on Lake Avenue. Already looted. Also Commission house.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES

Hurrah!

FOR THE--

COUNTY FAIR!

SEPTEMBER 19th, 20th AND 21st.

\$3,000

..... IN PRIZES.

Every One Get Ready.

WATCH THIS SPACE FOR ANNOUNCEMENTS.....

GUESSES

Much Speculation as to the Time Allowance of the Defender.

Majority Keep the Allowance Under a Minute and a Half.

Indications Point to Largest Attendance Ever Seen at a Race.

New York, Sept. 5.—The most interesting topic of conversation among yachtsmen today, in fact the one that is absorbing all their attention, concerns the measurements of the Defender and the Valkyrie III. There have been several estimates made on "guess figures," and they grant to the Defender a time allowance of anywhere from one minute to two. A majority of them keep the allowance under a minute and a half, or a good deal less than was estimated when the challenger's enormous sails were first seen.

Of course these results come from figures that are only guesses at, but there are some pretty shrewd yachtsmen among those who are taking a chance at naming the allowance and perhaps it may be said that the smartest of them fix the difference at between a minute and a quarter and a minute and twenty seconds. Just what it will not be known until tomorrow, when John Hyslop will officially take the measure of both racers. Indications point to the largest attendance at a yacht race that the world ever saw. Every idle steamboat and tug about the harbor will be brought into requisition on Saturday, and dozens of schooners will be taken to their usual routes to carry people to see the race. Parties from Philadelphia, Boston, New Haven, New Bedford and many other places will come on chartered boats.

The cup committee held a meeting last night and decided to leave out Sunday as one of the intervening days between races. Therefore while the first race will take place on Saturday, the second will not take place until Tuesday. The other days settled upon are 12th, 14th and 17th.

Saturday's international yacht race will be the occasion of an inundation of the progress in the contest between the champion boats and that of the reports of such events has been attended with great difficulty. Watchers stationed at the course have given the public on the earliest information obtainable of the progress of the races, following, as best they could, the various maneuvers of the yachts, and estimating as closely as might be the distance which separates the craft as at a distance, sometimes of as much as fifteen or twenty miles. It is not a fog and more frequently a haze, obscures the view, the difficulty of accurately reporting each race may be realized. It has in a number of instances been impossible for the newspapers to give accurate information as to the times of crossing the starting line, turning the stake boats and finishing the race. The Post Office had been detailed to follow the yachts on board tugs, could reach land and communicate with their papers, sometimes a matter of an hour or more.

Now, however, the public of both the Old and the New World are to have prompt and accurate information of the yacht races between the Defender and the Valkyrie III as they progress, through the enterprise of the Commercial Cable company. This company's steamer, the *Blackburn*, is carrying a submarine cable to the scene of the yacht races. The end of the cable will be on board the *Blackburn*, and will forward telegrams to all points in the United States and Canada.

An inveterate foe of indigestion is Dr. Price's baking powder.

MILLING NEWS.

A Slight Decrease in the Flour Production.

Minneapolis, Sept. 5.—The Northwestern Miller gives the following summary of the week's milling news: The flour output last week at Minneapolis was 219,129 barrels against 229,750 the week before, 228,240 for the same week in 1894 and 187,615 for the same week in 1893. The output may show a small increase this week. Sales of flour were large last week being over 100,000 barrels in excess of the production, but the prices obtained were exorbitantly low. The orders taken for export were quite large in the aggregate, and patients were the grade most traded in. It is clear in is very good demand and it is not difficult for most millers to keep hold ahead on this part of their product.

Prices are a shade lower than a week ago, they having been advanced slightly with wheat and then lost ground. All grades of flour below first clear are hard to move and weak in price. Bran and shorts are \$1 to \$1.50 lower than a week ago, but the demand is supposed to have been about touched as on present basis there is an inducement for handlers to buy and store for higher prices. Export shipments of flour were 90,575 barrels against 87,360 week before and 61,040 in 1894.

POSTMASTER AT DULUTH. Washington, Sept. 5.—The *Herald*—Upon recommendation of Maj. Baldwin, Dwight D. Eisenhower, postmaster at Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, vice J. M. Murphy, removed.

MEDICO-LEGAL MEETING.

Sociology and Criminology Discussed at Today's Meeting.

New York, Sept. 5.—Sociology and criminology formed the subject discussed during the session of the medico-legal congress this morning, with Merrill Sellinger presiding. The business opened with five minutes address. The chairman, in opening, said there was no more important matter between the legal and medical sciences than the point where they met. This was important, especially in the matters of public health and more particularly of insanity. Lawyers should keep their minds open, and law like everything else should be progressive. To the medical brethren he said if they had a theory let them put it rigidly logical, let them rather be practical.

Dr. D. Crothers read a paper on "Legal Responsibility in Inebriety," which was laid over yesterday. He said that inebriety was disease, and that excess of alcohol paralyzed the nerves and brain. In the discussion of the subject, it was not called upon to very properly held the inebriate responsible for crime, because he knew that the effect of his taking alcohol would be. He admitted that a man in an alcoholic trance was not really responsible for his crime, but it would be a dangerous thing to permit the inebriate to escape punishment for his crime.

Dr. Forbes Winslow said the only cure for the habitual drunkard was to lock him up. In England, however, a man who is a delirium tremens when he is not well could bring a civil action against the doctor who restrained him. There should be a distinction made in the matter of responsibility between the man who gets drunk and the habitual drunkard. The chairman then introduced the regular subjects of the meeting.

Dr. Crothers, in a five minute talk, said criminology was in a state of chaos at the present time. Studious crime the mind should be considered and he believed the criminal was stamped on the physical body. Dr. Ross, of Washington, was called upon to preside. Dr. Forbes Winslow then read a paper on "Science Considered as a Mental Epidemic."

A positive guarantee against failure in cooking, Dr. Price's baking powder.

NEWS FROM JAPAN.

Rice Failure--A Volcano--Cholera and Formosa.

Vancouver, B. C., Sept. 5.—By the Empress of China, the following advices were received: Owing to the failure of the Japanese rice crop large quantities are being imported from Bangkok. According to Japanese papers Mount Fugurama is expected to become an active volcano shortly. Smoldering in the vicinity is not enough to cause an egg, but the volcano is known to have been volcanic and for years past smoke has been coming from the mountain. At Vladivostok states that cholera of a mild type has broken out there. The Japanese government has received word that on the 24th ult. the Chinese prisoners from Japan were released over to the Chinese authorities at Shimon and the Japanese officers in charge were entertained at a banquet by Li Hung Chang.

Gen. Viscount Takashima has been appointed vice commander-in-chief in Formosa. The Japanese command at Vladivostok states that cholera of a mild type has broken out there. The Japanese government has received word that on the 24th ult. the Chinese prisoners from Japan were released over to the Chinese authorities at Shimon and the Japanese officers in charge were entertained at a banquet by Li Hung Chang.

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FRAKER

Some Doubt as to the Identity of the Man Arrested.

Official of One of the Companies Says He is Not the Doctor.

Hackley Gives the History of His Search After Dr. Fraker.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 5.—A special to the Star from Liberty, Mo., says: Astounding developments, it is rumored, may be developed in the Dr. Fraker insurance case before another twenty-four hours elapse. An official of one of the defrauded companies, who is here working on the case, it is said, on good authority, makes the statement that the much talked of prisoner is not the doctor. The name of the doubting official is not made public.

Judge J. E. Sandusky, attorney for Judge J. E. Lincoln, executor of the Fraker estate, states this morning that he had not admitted yet that the prisoner is Fraker. All Judge Sandusky will say, however, is that it may and may not be Fraker. Persons who know Fraker intimately, Excelsior Springs, where the doctor lived before his memorable disappearance, will be here this afternoon when the question of identity will be permanently settled.

St. Louis, Sept. 5.—J. S. Hackley, the liquor drummer, who says he "turned up" Dr. G. W. Fraker after the best detectives in the country had spent two years in a fruitless search for Fraker, is indignant that the Kansas City attorneys interested in the case should attempt to cast doubt upon his story as published yesterday. Mr. Hackley is still in St. Louis, and he was more inclined to talk today about the important details of the case than he was yesterday, because of the language imputed to Lawyer D. J. Hoff of Kansas City, in the morning papers.

In regard to the statements of Mr. Hoff that the insurance people had all their plans for the capture and knew the whereabouts of Fraker before Hackley informed them, the latter said: "The whole story of my part in turning up Fraker, so far as my connection with the affairs of the insurance companies is concerned, is: On Aug. 21 I wired Mr. Herrick, the general attorney of the Kansas Mutual Insurance company, asking for the names of some of the officers of the company most interested by Fraker's recovery. I thought Herrick lived at Kansas City and so sent my telegram there. In a few hours it was answered by D. J. Hoff, giving me the name of J. P. Davis, of Topeka, as president of the Kansas Mutual.

"On Aug. 26 I went to Kansas City and wired President Davis to meet me there that evening. Instead of Davis Herrick came, and we had a long talk. After Herrick satisfied himself that I was not a doctor, he was really in possession of knowledge as to the whereabouts of the genuine Fraker he telephoned for Hoff to come to the hotel immediately. In a few minutes Hoff's partner, Van Vandenbergh, came over to the hotel. Hoff then repeated to him what I had told Herrick. When they left me I agreed to meet them that night in Hoff and Van Vandenbergh's office for a further conference. We talked until nearly midnight. Though the information given them was specific, the lawyers for a long while seemed to doubt my story.

"Finally they asked me how much Harry wanted to 'beach.' I told them \$10,000. Then they requested me to go back to Liberty and see Harry again. In the jail, stand him off in his demands until Saturday, Aug. 31, and get all I could from him. This I did and on the evening of Aug. 31 I received a telegram from Herrick at Kansas City. It consisted of two and a half pages of typewritten matter containing an offer of \$2000 in cash, and a certain percentage of all the money recovered for the insurance companies, was signed by three attorneys whose names I have mentioned. This was on Sept. 1, 1895. I received a telegram from Herrick telling me to let the matter drop. That evening Dr. Fraker was arrested in his retreat in Minnesota."

In speaking of another claim made by the Kansas City attorneys in the apparent determination to rob him of the credit for turning up Fraker, Mr. Hackley said: "I will give \$1000 for every dollar of an incriminating nature which the Kansas City lawyers and detectives have of Harry's. All such letters taken from Harry are now securely locked up in a vault at Moberly and I have read them all and know their contents. It was no more than Harry's confession that convinced me that he was telling the truth and that Fraker was still alive."

RECOGNIZED THE DOCTOR. St. Louis, Sept. 5.—A special to the Post Dispatch from Richmond, Mo., says: "Dr. Fraker, who is in jail here on the charge of attempting to defraud insurance companies, was recognized today by a score of people. There are five counts in the information which has been filed here. The aggregate penalty being thirty-five years in the penitentiary. It is believed that the defense will waive examination and allow the doctor to be bound over to await the action of the grand jury, which meets in October. In case the doctor is released on bail, the amount of his bond will be at least \$50,000. An indictment should be found the trial may come off at the October term of the Ray county circuit court."

SAYS IT IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL. Washington, Sept. 5.—The controller of the treasury department, at a 1 o'clock today, promulgated his decision in the now celebrated sugar bounty question. He holds that as controller he has jurisdiction to pass upon the claims for sugar bounty, and he holds that the part of the act of congress making an appropriation for

the payment of sugar bounty claims is unconstitutional.

BURGLAR HORRIE.

Repeats His Story of Dr. Fraker's Disappearance.

Raton, N. M., Sept. 5.—George Horrie, one of the principal witnesses in establishing the death of Dr. Fraker, and who is accused by the doctor with being his betrayer, is in the county jail at Springer charged with burglary. He makes the following statement:

"On July 10 Dr. Fraker, James Triplett, Alex. Manendez, a man named McMurray, the driver and myself, went on a fishing trip. We did not reach the river near Camden until 7 o'clock that night. I saw Fraker drop into the river. It was about 9 o'clock in the evening. He sank out of sight, rose to the surface once and then disappeared. I do not believe it possible for the man to have gotten out alive. Not one of us have ever seen the doctor since that night, and I will not believe that he is living until I see him face to face. Our party remained in the neighborhood that night and next day, making every effort to find the body, but without success."

Mrs. Ash, who is in jail as an accomplice of Horrie in the burglaries, states that Horrie received some remittances from Liberty, Mo., from Attorney Lincoln, and at one time met Lincoln at Junta, Col.

NEBRASKA BOURBONS.

Administration Convention is in Session at Lincoln.

Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 5.—The administration convention was called together at the Funk Opera house at noon, the clans gathering last night. Secretary John B. Shane was early on the ground, with headquarters at the Capitol hotel. There is a full representation from all the counties in the state. Conspicuous among the notable rock-ribbed Bourbons here are Dr. Bradshaw, of Kearney; J. E. Crocker, of Kearney; and Dan W. Cook, of Bent.

The convention will not be short on candidates, a number having been mentioned for supreme judge, prominent among those who will be nominated are: Charles B. Ryan, Grand Island, and R. S. Riba, Beatrice. Omaha may present two names, T. J. Maloney and J. Covine, present supreme court commissioner. For recorder, Omaha may name J. H. McIntosh. Editor Ashby, of Arapahoe, also has many friends in the convention.

This evening there will be a hard money round up. Ex-Congressman M. D. Harter, of Ohio, will be one of the speakers.

A teaspoonful of Price's baking powder will go farther than two of any other.

COMING TO DULUTH.

Roman Catholic Church Dignitaries Here Tomorrow.

St. Paul, Sept. 5.—Most of the outside clergy who attended the dedicatory ceremonies of St. Paul's seminary yesterday left for their homes this morning to resume parish duties. The dignitaries, bishops, monsignors and archbishops will remain over to attend the reception given in their honor by James J. Hill at his residence this evening.

Tomorrow Archbishop Keenan, Dr. Facci, Dr. Boquillon, Dr. Dumont, Monsignor McMahon and Bishop McGillicuddy will leave for Duluth. The members of the faculty of the university at Washington will spend a day at Duluth and then take the steamer Northwest for Buffalo, from thence returning to the capital city.

Mr. Hill has again come to the front with his accustomed liberality and has given the use of his palatial steamer to the members of the party. This afternoon Monsignor Satoli and all of the church men stopping at the archbishop's residence will take a drive to Minneapolis, returning by way of Fort Snelling.

It is the intention of Archbishop Ireland to prepare a brochure containing the history of the seminary and a full and complete report of the exercises incident to the dedication, together with the addresses and speeches delivered in the evening. This will probably be presented to President Hill and family as a souvenir of the event.

THE CHIPPEWA COMMISSION.

Washington, Sept. 5.—(Special to the *Herald*).—Mr. Baldwin is now engaged with commissioner of Indian affairs and the assistant attorney general of the interior department on questions pertaining to a settlement of the affairs of the Chippewa commission. It is expected that by the return of Secretary Smith, on Sept. 14, an agreement will have been reached regarding many vexed questions that will be concurred in by the secretary and thus enable the commission to speedily finish the work for which it was appointed.

FATALLY SHOT.

Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 5.—J. Roddy and Jim Woollee were shot and seriously wounded at Tracy City last night by Deputy United States Marshal J. M. Hall, while effecting the seizure of some contraband whiskey. Woollee is dying.

HACKETT A PROFESSIONAL.

Winthrop, Man., Sept. 5.—Before three weeks have passed, Hackett, the phenomenal young sculler of Hat Portage, will be in the professional ranks. A match race has been arranged between him and Dan Murphy, coach of the Winthrop Rowing club, to take place on the Red river at Selkirk.

A TREASURER SHORT.

Paulding, O., Sept. 5.—Ex-County Treasurer Phinan, whose term of office expired Monday, is declared by the treasury examiners to be short \$18,000.

BOMB FOR ROTHSCHILDS.

Paris, Sept. 5.—La Presse, a newspaper, and one which is not regarded as reliable in the matter of news, states that a man threw a bomb in front of the Rothschild's bank in this city today. The bomb did not explode. The man, according to La Presse, when arrested, declared that he had forgotten to attach a fuse to the bomb.

LONG OVERDUE SHIP.

London, Sept. 5.—The British ship Star of Austin, of Belfast, Capt. Russell commanding, and with thirty hands on board, is long overdue. The ship left Santa Rosa March 25 for Palmport, Swamsea and San Francisco, since which time no news of her has been received.

PANTON AND WATSON

GLASS BLOCK STORE.

To Make FRIDAY

a busy day we put on sale the following big values.

Dress Goods. Friday Bargain—10 piece Blue and Black Storm Serges in all the new weaves. 15c to 25c; Ward Cloths, worth 25c; Hand-some Dimities, worth 15c, 20c, 25c and 35c, in fact odds and ends of every description at less than one-third of value. Take your choice of this grand assortment. Friday at..... **7c**

Dress Goods. French Serges, German Henriettes, all black, worth up to \$12.50. Friday only..... **48c**

Bargain Counter No. 1. A general clearing up of our Wash Goods department takes place on bargain counter No. 1. There you will find Black Salen Remnants, worth 15c to 25c; Towel Cloths, worth 25c; Hand-some Crepons, worth 15c to 25c; Hand-some Dimities, worth 15c, 20c, 25c and 35c, in fact odds and ends of every description at less than one-third of value. Take your choice of this grand assortment. Friday at..... **7c**

Bargain Counter No. 2. Ladies' Silk Embroidered Handkerchiefs in white and colors. Friday bargain, each **10c**. Ladies' Embroidered Handkerchiefs, worth 25c and 35c. Friday bargain, each only..... **50c**. Men's Silk Colored Border Handkerchiefs, worth 50c. Friday bargain, each only..... **25c**. Men's colored border Linen Handkerchiefs, worth 25c. Friday bargain 9c each or, per doz **\$1.00**.

Fruit of the Loom Muslin or Lonsdale Muslin. Friday **10 yds for 65c**

See what we are selling in Ladies' Shoes at, per pair..... **97c**

Fine Muslin. 36-inch Unbleached Muslin. Friday **20 yds for \$1.00**

Hanan's Men's Shoes, your choice, per pair for..... **\$2.75**. Worth \$3.00 to \$5.00.

Men's Negligee Shirts. 36-inch Unbleached Muslin. Friday only..... **75c**. Worth \$1.00 and \$1.25.

The new Carpets are here. Make your selections now. Prices lower than ever.

Ladies' Ribbed Vests. While they last..... **6 for 25c**

BARGAINS IN MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES FRIDAY.

LADIES' BLACK BOOT AND COLORED TOP BOOTS. Worth \$2.50, while 2 pairs for **25c**

RUSSET SHOES CLOSING OUT VERY CHEAP FRIDAY.

FRESH CUT FLOWER SALE FRIDAY. Roses..... **20c per doz**. Sweet Peas..... **6c a bunch**

LADIES' MUSLIN UNDERWEAR AND CORSET DEPARTMENT, Second Floor, Take Elevator.

Now is the time to buy Fruit Jars!

HERE'S HOW THEY SELL FRIDAY.

One pint size only..... **65c doz**

One quart size only..... **75c doz**

Two quart size only..... **95c doz**

Panton & Watson

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EVENING HERALD

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth,
Minn., as second-class matter.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION.

17,148

HIGH-WATER MARK.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Minn., Sept. 5.—Showers have fallen during the past twenty-four hours in the region lying between the lower lakes and Tennessee. In the remaining districts the weather has continued fair.

The barometer is lowest in Nebraska and highest in the Ohio valley.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 58; maximum yesterday, 75; minimum yesterday, 50.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity until 7 p. m. tomorrow: Fair, with nearly stationary barometer today; probably showers Friday; cooler tonight; fresh to brisk northeast winds.

JAMES KERNALY,
Local Forecast Officer.

Chicago, Sept. 5.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin, fair; southern Minnesota, partly cloudy; eastern Wisconsin, fair.

Depth of water over Miller sill in St. Mary's ship canal 11 feet 4 inches and it will remain stationary during the next twenty-four hours. Upper lakes: Fair; variable winds shifting to southwest and becoming fresh Friday.

During the last twenty-four hours rain has fallen in the lower lake region, the Ohio valley and Tennessee. Light showers have occurred in the extreme north-west and last night a heavy local rain was reported at Springfield, Mo.

Barometer has fallen over the upper lakes. Heavy frost with a temperature of 25 degrees prevailed this morning at Prince Albert.

THE WATER QUESTION.

The chief argument which is advanced by the advocates of the proposition to purchase the company's water plant is that the expense of building an independent plant would be too great for the city to assume and that there would be no other way of obtaining water for the city.

It is a very plausible argument but there is really nothing in it whatever. It falls to the ground at the slightest investigation. The advocates of purchase must admit that even if the city purchased the company's water plant, it would be necessary to build a new plant to supply the water to the city.

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be foolish for the citizens to vote to give the Duluth Gas and Water company \$1,500,000 for a plant that would require the expenditure of \$1,000,000 or more in addition in order to put it in first class shape and give all sections of the city a good water supply. The Herald is confident that after the citizens have seen the actual value of the plant, they will not be so ready to give it to the company.

On Sept. 24 to build an independent plant and they begin work on the laying of a main to a point beyond Lester river, where the new intake pipe will be located, the gas and water company will abandon its present attitude and offer its plant to the city at a figure much nearer to its actual value than is the exorbitant price which it now asks.

Mr. Mitchell, like the News Tribune, dwells at some length upon the blocking of the streets which would be caused by the construction of an independent plant, and even figures that the actual loss occasioned thereby to the merchants would aggregate \$1,200,000. Of course the sole object of this assertion is to scare the merchants into support of the proposition to purchase the company's plant at the price demanded, the idea being that they would rather pay an extortionate price than submit to the inconvenience and loss by the streets being torn up. But like all the arguments made by the advocates of purchase, this one will not stand investigation. It is not an argument at all against building a new plant to claim that the streets would be torn up for a long period and business seriously interrupted, because the same state of affairs would be true if the proposition to purchase the existing plant were adopted.

One of the chief objects of purchasing the company's plant would be to improve the service and this cannot be done without replacing the mains on the business streets with mains that are larger or able to stand a higher pressure. The business men should remember this: Sufficient water for fire protection cannot be obtained through the plant as it now stands, and the laying of new mains in the business district would be a necessity. But there is no reason why the mains which the city would put down, when constructing an independent plant, should not be laid in the alleys, thus avoiding any interference with business on the principal streets.

THE TWIN'S POPULATION.

The census bureau this morning issued a bulletin announcing that the population of Minneapolis, as shown by the state census, is 129,833. The federal census of 1890 gave Minneapolis a population of 124,735, so that the increase during the five years has been 5,098. Yesterday the official census gave St. Paul a population of 140,292, an increase of 7,136 during the five years.

The result of the census is said to have disappointed many St. Paul people but it is really quite favorable when all the circumstances are considered. The city has passed through a period of severe business depression which caused many people to remove to the country districts and sent a large number to Duluth where the state of things was much better owing to the development of the iron industry and other causes. St. Paul's increase is therefore very satisfactory, and there is little doubt also that it is fairly accurate, being devoid of any padding. The large increase reported in the population of Minneapolis is surprising. It may be the result of the many failures of banking and other institutions in Minneapolis.

The great disparity in growth, not attributable to any natural conditions, naturally will lead to the suspicion that the Minneapolis count is not straight. But this may be an unjust suspicion, as the census of the Minneapolis Journal's contemptible charges that the Duluth census lists had been padded to a large extent. Every resident of Minnesota will rejoice at the evidence of steady growth shown by both Minneapolis and St. Paul. They are both fine cities and a credit to the state, and Duluth expects when the census of 1900 is taken to be well up alongside them in population as it is now in business.

A TAXPAYERS' LEAGUE.

There should be a large attendance of taxpayers at the meeting called for tomorrow evening at the old postoffice building on Fourth avenue west. The object is to form an organization for the purpose of securing a reduction of city and county taxes and special assessments and an economical and business like management of the city and county governments. This is a good move, and every taxpayer should aid in furthering the object, which is in line with what the Herald has steadily urged for some time past.

There is no doubt that the taxation is altogether too high and that it will steadily increase unless the taxpayers become aroused and unite to secure the selection of city and county officials who will practice rigid economy in the administration of the municipal government, and apply the pruning knife vigorously in all the departments. If Duluth is to prosper as she should, the handicap of burdensome taxation must be removed. A taxpayers' league can accomplish much in this direction.

GROWTH OF THE WEST.

An interesting article on the growth of twelve Eastern and seven Western states in manufacturing and mercantile industries during the past thirty years, or from 1864 to 1894, appears in the last number of Dun's Review. The number of firms in these Eastern states in 1864 was 107,828, having a capital of \$3,923,262,000, while in 1894 there were 455,989 firms with an aggregate capital of \$67,724,000. This is a splendid growth, the capital being three times greater in 1894 than in 1864.

But the Western states, for which the statistics are given, make a better showing, comparatively, than do the Eastern states. These Western states are Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota. Of course it should be remarked that thirty years ago these states were largely undeveloped, and this accounts in some measure for the better showing in comparison with the Eastern states. Yet the Western states have made amazing progress. In 1864 these seven states contained only 65,066 firms, with a total capital of \$84,325,000, while in 1894 the same states had 267,427 firms, with an aggregate capital of \$5,455,283,937, or six times greater than in 1864. The statistics for this state are particularly interesting.

In 1864 Minnesota had 579 firms, with a total capital of \$7,000,000. In 1894 there were 25,320 firms in this state with an aggregate capital of \$353,923,407—fifty times the amount in 1864. This is a splendid showing and the record of the next decade will undoubtedly show as great a growth comparatively.

According to a St. Louis paper, but it may be a libel on the Windy City, returning St. Louisans who happened to come home via Chicago report great literary advancement in that city. A young St. Louis school teacher had occasion recently to go to a Chicago stationery store, and she asked the bright young man who stepped up brusquely to wait upon her, if he had any scrap-books. The s. b. y. m. looked puzzled a moment, scratched the lid of his brain vessel, and then the light slowly dawned upon him, and with a brisk "Yes'm," he went behind the counter and took down a paper-bound yellow-back book and handed it to her, and when she opened it she discovered it was the "Life of John L. Sullivan."

The Grand Rapids Magnet, the oldest Republican paper in Itasca county, and edited by a former chairman of the Republican county committee, says: "The Magnet is not in a position to know the sentiment of the people throughout the entire district, but does know that nine-tenths of the voters of Itasca county are with Mr. Towne in his position on bimetalism. And from casual remarks made by gentlemen even from Stearns county, there seems to be a growing sentiment there, that the most patriotic and honorable position which he has taken."

Neal Dow says he has been trying since 1851 to have liquor law enforced as it ought to be, but so far without success. He asks for the indulgence of his critics and a little more time. This, says the New York Mercury, is only reasonable; you can't expect to make a complete success of prohibition in forty-four years. Rome wasn't built in a day; give Neal Dow a chance.

"Little Billee" Fuller, of the Little Falls Transcript, is still winning about Mr. Towne's "treachery" to the Republican party, because his views on the money question do not agree with the Morrison county editor. His stock-in-trade is abuse and not argument.

President Elliot, of Harvard, is quoted as saying recently: "Many things mathematics necessary. In reality there is no subject which has been so unduly neglected as mathematics. It is the most useless thing that any child learns."

O. P. M. Huffman, of the proposed Minnesota & North Dakota Central railway, is really too modest. If he wants the earth, why does he not ask for it? Why ask for only a part of it?

The Chicago Inter-Ocean thinks there is greater need of missionaries at Jackson's Hole, U. S., than in heathen or Buddhist Japan.

WHO IS TO BLAME?

Detroit Free Press. The men serving in the legislative branch of this municipality are the cause of the trouble. The moral education from the average school-boy, who are utterly regardless of the moral obligations that should be applied in public or private business, even were they disposed to act upon them, would not be a firm, a bank or an individual that would trust and a credit to the state, and Duluth expects when the census of 1900 is taken to be well up alongside them in population as it is now in business.

THE IRONY OF FATE.

Atlanta Constitution. The editor of the Courier-Journal is not its owner. He is hampered by the business office. He has made a brave struggle, but slowly and against all interests and wishes, the business office have called around him, until his burden, without the power to strike, is the irony of fate. Here is a man who yesterday was willing to do everything for the people against the money power, and today he finds himself a slave of that power. But he must accept his lot or cut loose from the great enterprise which he has built up, and begin life anew in his old age.

AN OBJECTIONABLE BOARD.

Topeka, Kas., Sept. 5.—Today the commission men at the Kansas City stock yards telegraphed the governor demanding the reorganization of the live stock sanitary board. They give as a reason the fact that two members of the present board constitute a majority, publish broadcast every report of Texas fever, in order to justify the collection of 2 cents a head inspection fees on cattle shipped from Texas, New Mexico and Arizona through Kansas to market. The stock men are organizing and will demand the removal of the present board. The stock men of Kansas buy their cattle in New Mexico and Texas, and they claim the inspection fee is a rake off for the board.

MINNEAPOLIS LEADS.

Population of Twin Cities Stated by Secretary Berg.

St. Paul, Sept. 4.—The census bureau this morning issued a bulletin announcing the population of Minneapolis as 129,833. The federal census of 1890 showed a population of 124,735, so that the increase has been 5,098.

Another bulletin states that the population of St. Paul is 140,292. In 1890 it was 133,156, and the increase has been 7,136.

THE TESTIMONY

YOU MAY SHARE IN OTHER'S BENEFITS.

KOLA NERVE TABLETS A SURE SPECIFIC FOR ALL NERVOUS DISEASES.

Speedy and Permanent Relief in Cases of Sleeplessness, Exhaustion, Impaired Vigor, Neuralgia, Nervous Dyspepsia and Kindred Complaints.

The virtues of Kola as a sure specific in all cases of nervous debility are no more in doubt among modern physicians than are those of the best known remedies in the materia medica.

Dr. Charcot, the late specialist in nervous diseases and the most eminent of this century, after careful research, prepared a prescription upon which Kola Nerve Tablets are compounded, only the fresh, undried nuts being used.

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5 O'CLOCK
EDITION.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

5 O'CLOCK
EDITION.

THIRTEENTH YEAR.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1895.

THREE CENTS.

Our First Annual Septemb'r Sale of Shoes

Commences
Tomorrow.

Men's \$7 Enamelled Cork
Sole Shoes sell tomorrow
and Monday for.....

\$4

Men's \$7 Calf and Cord-
ovan Shoes, made by J. S.
Turner for this fall's
trade, the most fashion-
able shoe in the market,
sell tomorrow and Mon-
day for.....

\$4.98

Men's \$3.50 Calf Shoes,
lace or congress. These
goods are strictly hand
made, sell tomorrow and
Monday for.....

\$2.50

Men's \$2 Working Shoes
sell tomorrow and Mon-
day for.....

\$1.50

Extraordinary Bargains

All this month in ladies'
and children's shoes.
BUY YOUR FOOTWEAR HERE
AND SAVE MONEY.

Slater & Loeb,

111 West Superior
Street.

Choice (FIVE- ROOM) Flat

To rent, \$18.00 per month.
LOWEST RATES.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL.

\$1800 on Hand
Today.

THE DULUTH BANKING COMPANY,
400 Burrows Block.

AMUSEMENTS.

POSTPONED! Open Air Fairy Play

BY CHILDREN.
Under the auspices of the King's Daugh-
ters, in the grounds of the residence of Mr.
C. P. Craig, London Road, has been post-
poned to
TUESDAY, SEPT. 10th, 8 P. M.
Followed by a Popular Concert by the Du-
luth Orchestra Society, Soloists, Misses
Farnell.
ADMISSION - 25 CENTS.
Proceeds to be devoted to Children's Home
and other charities.

Concert... ...Turner Hall

TUESDAY EVENING,
Sept. 10.
Mrs. Schmidt, Miss Mokk,
Carl Riedelberger,
Ernest Lechmann,
Mark C. Baker, Gounod Choir.
ADMISSION 75c.
Tickets at music stores and
at the door.

BY SPECIAL REQUEST THE Duluth Turn Verein

Will hold another of its
socials
Picnics
Next Sunday, Sept. 8.
At Brimicom's Summer Gardens.
A two-act comedy will be presented in
the evening and Mollie's Orchestra
will furnish the music.
Admission Free.

A Duluth Clothing House Exclusively Owned
and Controlled by Duluth Men, and Not
Tributary to any Eastern Concern.
Established in 1881.

THE BIG DULUTH

Store Open Tomorrow THU 10:30 p. m.

Choice

Tomorrow of 1000
Men's double and
single-breasted new

Fall Suits

IN HANDSOME BLUES, BLACKS
AND OXFORDS. Worth \$12.00.
FOR

\$7.50

Buy Your New
Fall Hats Here
Tomorrow.

SHORT POCKETS WILL
GO A LONG WAY.

THIS STYLE 98c TOMORROW.
Choice tomorrow of 300 Men's Derby
Hats, worth \$1.50 and
\$2.00 for..... **98c**

THIS STYLE \$2.48.
Choice tomorrow of 200 Men's Derby
Hats, worth \$3.50 and
\$4.00 for..... **\$2.48**

THIS STYLE 59c TOMORROW.
Choice tomorrow of 50 dozen Men's
Black Fedora Hats, worth
\$1.00 for..... **59c**

THIS STYLE \$1.48 TOMORROW.
Choice tomorrow of 25 dozen men's
Hats, worth \$2.50 for..... **\$1.48**

THIS STYLE 48c TOMORROW.
Choice tomorrow of 10 dozen Men's
new fall styles in Yachting
Caps, worth 75c for..... **48c**

New Fall Styles in
GOLF CAPS..... **50 and 75c**

"Walk This Way
Madam"
TOMORROW, and buy your
Boys' Clothing at our great Altera-
tion Mark Down Sale. From \$2 to
\$10 saved on every suit bought from
those great bargain tables.
Your Money Back if You Want It.

Williams & Mendenhall,
125 and 127 West Superior Street.

FRENCH

Horrible Double Murder and Suicide in Sullivan County, Ind.

Murderer Cuts Off the Head
of One Victim and Kicks
It About.

Splits the Skull of the Other
One and Then Com-
mits Suicide.

Sullivan, Ind., Sept. 6.—The most
horrible murder and suicide in the his-
tory of Sullivan county occurred last
night. James Ward killed Aaron
Hunter, his father-in-law, and John
Hunter, his brother-in-law. Ward cut
off the head of the elder Hunter, and
split wide open the head of his son.
Family differences, supposed to have
led to the crime. Last night at 11
o'clock Ward and Aaron Hunter were
in town and had apparently ar-
rived at a satisfactory understanding.
Ward insisted, however, upon the old
man going to the woods for the pur-
pose of hunting coons.

While the hunt was in progress, and
Hunter was sitting on a stump, Ward
hit him on the neck with an ax. His
head was split wide open. Then Hun-
ter fell. Ward struck the prostrate
body again, cutting off the head. The
ax sank into the ground. The mur-
derer then proceeded to kick the head
of his victim about. He then went
home, awoke his wife and told her to
call her brother, as he and the old
man had tried a coon and ask him to
come and help feed the coons.

The younger Hunter got up, went out
into the yard with only his night
shirt on, and with a stroke of the
ax he killed him to the ground. Young
Hunter died almost immedi-
ately with his head split open. Then
he told his wife to keep quiet about
the whole affair; that if she did not
stomped at the Becker's home. He told
Mrs. Becker that he had killed both
the Hunters. Before many hours the
time was generally known, and a
posse, consisting of miners and farm-
ers, started on the hunt for Ward.

Ward had two revolvers, and this
fact was known by his pursuers. The
posse became excited, and when the
old man's body was found the mob be-
came more determined than ever, and
decided to hang Ward if captured.
Just as the posse had located Ward and
surrounded the field in which he
been hiding, a sheard,
who was closed in on the spot from
whence the firing had come, and when
Ward on his back on the ground with
a revolver in either hand and a bullet
wound under the left ear. He was al-
ready dead.

OREGON RAILWAY MEETING.

New York, Sept. 6.—A meeting of the
bondholders representing the Oregon
Railway and Navigation company, who
the Consolidated and Storage Bond-
holders company was held today in the
office of the New York Security and
Trust company, for the purpose of con-
sidering the plan and agreement for
reorganization. There was a full rep-
resentation of all the bondholders, and
they were unanimous in their approval of
the plan. The total amount of the
plan is \$12,500,000, of which \$12,194,000
was deposited this morning with the
New York Security and Trust company
at the instance of Charles C. Beauman,
counsel for the company.

MONTANA EARTHQUAKE.

Butte, Mont., Sept. 6.—At 12:25 this
morning a slight shock of earthquake
this city, lasting for about six sec-
onds was felt. It was not severe enough
to do any damage and was noticed only
by a few. At Helena the shock was
severe and people rushed from hotels
and buildings and much excitement
was caused. The shock was also felt
in Great Falls several enough to be
noticed by all who were up at the time.
The time of the shock at Great Falls
was given as 12:30.

THEY DISCUSSED SILVER.

Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. 6.—The silver
question occupied the greater portion of
the first session of the American Social
Science association today. A. J. War-
ner, of Ohio; Josiah Patterson, of Ten-
nessee; Joseph Sheldon, of Connecticut;
and Roswell G. Horr, of New York,
participated in the discussion.

THE DOCTORS' MEETING.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 6.—At today's ses-
sion of the Mississippi Valley Medical as-
sociation, the committee reported in favor
of Dr. H. O. Walker, of Detroit, for presi-
dent; Dr. Merrill Rice, of Cincinnati,
for vice president; Dr. C. Woodruff,
of Indianapolis, second vice president;
Dr. H. W. Meyer, of Chicago, treasurer;
Dr. W. N. Washburn, T. E. Holland, and
T. J. Buchanan, judicial committee. Dr.
Paul was selected as the place of meeting
in 1896. The report was unanimously
adopted.

COLORED BRUTE HANGED.

Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 6.—At Fayette-
ville, last night Jack King, colored, ar-
rested on the charge of attempting to
commit suicide. Mrs. Charles Jones,
was taken from jail by a mob of 200 men
and hanged. King protested his innocence,
but he was identified by Mrs. Jones as the
guilty man.

HEAVY FINES IMPOSED.

Portland, Ore., Sept. 6.—Judge Hollen-
berg today sentenced ex-collector of cus-
toms James Lunt, convicted of conspir-
ing to illegally land Chinese, to pay a fine
of \$500. Sent back the Chinese merchant
who was convicted with Lunt, was fine
\$200.

DAISY MILLVILLE SUICIDES.

London, Sept. 6.—The Sun today says
that news has reached London that Daisy
Millville, who went to South Africa in the
Daisy Girl company, has committed sui-
cide there. No motive for the act is
known.

TREASURY STATEMENT.

Washington, Sept. 6.—Today's state-
ment of the condition of the treasury
shows: Available cash balances, \$181,-
577,169; gold reserve, \$100,115,222.

TOMORROW'S YACHTING.

Everything in Readiness for
the Great Race.

New York, Sept. 6.—No previous con-
test for the America's cup has ever
aroused such intense and widespread in-
terest on both sides of the Atlantic as
the races between the Defender and the
Valkyrie III which begin tomorrow off
Sandy Hook. Not only are hundreds of
strangers in town from Boston, Phila-
delphia and Chicago and many other
cities of the far West, eager to witness
the grand struggle between the two
speedy yachts, but the number of foreign
visitors who are here for the same pur-
pose has never before been exceeded.
The hotels are packed with guests and
every available excursion steamer in the
vicinity has been pressed into service to
accommodate the thousands of sight-
seers who will witness the rare spec-
tacle.

Such a big rush for the ocean course
has been anticipated for tomorrow that
unusual precautions have been taken by
the cup committee to prevent the course
properly patrolled so that the races
shall not be interfered with by the ex-
citement. The patrol force will be in
charge of L. S. Bout, who looked after
the recent naval parade at the opening
of the Harbor ship canal, and Lieut.
Delahanty, supervisor of the port, and
Superintendent Gillip, of the engineer
corps of the United States navy yard, are
much interested in securing fair play
for the races. The committee has also
issued notice urging the pleasure craft
to keep an absolutely clear course and do
all in their power to prevent interfer-
ence with the races.

Local Forecaster Dunn said regarding
tomorrow's probable weather: "Taking
it all in all, the conditions most likely to
prevail tomorrow will be favorable for
the contest. There will be a light wind
of from twelve to eighteen miles an
hour. It will come at first from the
northeast, shifting to southeasterly.
The indications are that the sky will be
overcast nearly all day. There may be pos-
sibly light showers, but it is not likely
that there will be any heavy rain."

Designer Watson, of the Defender, said
today to a reporter: "I am going to the
race tomorrow expecting to lose." He
said this seriously, but he was not
any other of the Valkyrie people looked
very downcast.

Everything is in readiness for the
race. Official Measurer J. D. Hyslop, of
the New York Yacht club, went this
morning to the dry dock at Peking, and
both yachts. He said that his report will
be made public late in the afternoon at
the New York Yacht club. He told
Smith and a number of the prominent
members of the New York Yacht club,
every one of whom expressed surprise
at the beauty and general excel-
lence of the two boats.

MISSIONARY'S LETTER.

Recommend Appointment of a
Strong Commission.

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 6.—President
E. P. Pearce, of Kentucky Wesleyan
college, at Winchester, today received
a letter from Dr. D. C. F. Reid, of Shanghai, China, who is
a citizen of the United States, and pre-
siding elder of the Shanghai district
Methodist church.

Shanghai, Aug. 10.—Only two weeks
ago today I sent you an account of
Sze-shun outrages, and today I am
sending you an account of the massacre
at Ku Cheng. Had our minister ar-
rived promptly and adequately in the
case, the second would probably not
have occurred, and we should have been
spared the spectacle of eight young
and consecrated women dragged from
their beds and brutally massacred, help-
less infants hacked to death and a
dead servant of God burned in his
bed. I am sending you these accounts
in the hope that you will use them
in the most good.

I wish I could put my copy in the hands
of every editor, every congressman and
every other man with any interest in
the welfare of the church or the honor
of his country.

In our opinion the action required at
this time is the appointment of a strong
commission, with such rank and au-
thority as will enable them to try and
fix the guilt of the highest official. To
punish any other man will be worse
than useless. We must go to the source
of these troubles, which is found in
some of the highest officials in the em-
pire.

BOMB ANALYZED.

But Identity of the Thrower
Not Known.

Paris, Sept. 6.—The man who at-
tempted to explode a bomb in the vest-
ibule of the Rothschild banking house
yesterday still refuses to reveal his
identity. All he will say about him-
self is that he is a deserter from the
army. In the hope of obtaining infor-
mation as to the man and his ante-
cedents the police will distribute 500
photographs of him in the various tri-
bunals throughout France.

An analysis of the contents of the
bomb taken from the prisoner shows that
it was composed of from 50 to 70
grammes of chlorate of potassium and
15 to 20 grammes of ordinary gun
powder.

WILD WEST SHOW ACCIDENT.

Pine Bluff, Ark., Sept. 6.—While the
show of a wild west show was being
coupled in the Iron Moun-
tain yards early this morning for a
trip to the city, a sudden explosion
tremendous force which smashed al-
most all the glass in the train and six
attaches of the show were more or less
seriously injured. John Ross, of Ham-
ilton, had his foot smashed. John Mc-
Lain, of Lawrence, N. Y., back seri-
ously injured. Mike Ryan, Leaven-
worth, Kan., shoulder dislocated. Frank
Smith, of Lawrence, Mass., hip and
foot injured. John Beans, of Erie, Pa.,
acrobast, ankle badly sprained. One of
the Indians was also injured but not
seriously.

CHENG TU

Uncle Sam Will Individually Investigate the Mission- ary Outrages.

Tired of Waiting for Eng-
land's Consul Who Has
Been Delayed.

Expected That China Will
Furnish an Escort for
the Americans.

Washington, Sept. 6.—The United
States government, it is announced,
has decided to enter forthwith upon an
investigation of the Cheng Tu riots. As
at first arranged, the inquiry was to
have been made in co-operation with
England, but there has been a change
of plan within the past few days, oc-
casioned partly by the fact that the
British consul at Chung King, who is
to conduct the investigation on behalf
of his government, and to whom, with
the concurrence of an American mis-
sionary member, it was at first proposed
to enter upon the preliminary investi-
gation of the facts, has been detained
at his post and it is said will not be able
to begin the inquiry for a month or
more.

There are also understood to be other
reasons why the state department of
the government has decided upon an
independent investigation, such as
France has already made, and such as
England will make later. It is said at
the state department that it is not, how-
ever, as has been represented, that the
policy of this government has been
changed by any feeling of dissatisfac-
tion or resentment caused by whatever
apparent delay has been observed on
England's part in conducting the in-
quiry. The department has other
reasons which it is not yet prepared to
make public.

China is expected to lend her support
to the American inquiry to the extent
of supplying sufficient force to the
who will conduct it, but who have not
yet been decided upon, and will probably
furnish an official who will co-operate
with the American investigator as in
the Ku Cheng investigation. The in-
vestigation is expected to be made by
some official now on the Chinese coast.
It will probably take a month to reach
Cheng Tu, which is the capital of the
interior provinces of Sze Chuan, and
lies some 1500 miles from the nearest
ocean port.

MINNEAPOLIS' FIRE.

Westminster Church Destroyed
by Incendiary Fire.

Minneapolis, Sept. 6.—Westminster
church, a handsome brown stone struc-
ture at Nicollet avenue and Seventh
street, in the heart of the retail busi-
ness district, was gutted by fire at an
early hour this morning. There was a
high wind blowing and as the fire broke
out in a tower on the lofty roof the
fire department worked at a heavy dis-
advantage. Nothing is now standing
but the walls.

The building was erected fifteen years
ago. The building cost \$150,000. The
congregation is the wealthiest and larg-
est of the Presbyterian denomination
in the state. It has had
three pastors—Dr. R. P.
Samuel and Dr. David James
Burrell, both of whom were called to
New York, and the present pastor, Rev.
Phineas Hunter. The fire was clearly
incendiary.

The total insurance on buildings, organ,
electric plant and furniture was \$75,000,
which will just about cover the loss.

LEADER ARRESTED.

Head of the Ku Cheng Riots is
Captured.

Hong Kong, Sept. 6.—The leader of the
Ku Cheng riots, in which a number of
English and American missionaries were
killed, has been arrested. An attempt
was made by Chinese soldiers to kid-
nap this person, in the hope of securing
the reward which had been offered for
his delivery to the authorities. The total
number of arrests thus far of those con-
cerned in the Ku Cheng massacre is 130,
and twenty-three of the number have
been convicted, but up to this time the
sentence has not been passed upon any
of them, the viceroys of Peking demand-
ing the right to review the evidence ad-
duced at the trial.

HEALYITES DEFEATED.

Dublin, Sept. 6.—The parliamentary
election in Kerry, where so much bitter-
ness was caused by the nomination of a
candidate by the Healyites in opposition
to the candidate previously put forward
by the followers of Justin McCarthy,
has resulted in the choice of Parrell, the
McCarthyite nominee, by 1200 votes
against 474 votes cast for Murphy,
Healyite.

CANNING FIRM ASSIGNS.

New York, Sept. 6.—Henry M. An-
thony & Co., manufacturers of canned
meats, fruits, etc., assigned today to
Thornel Dickson, a lawyer, with pref-
erences to the Chatham National bank
for \$5,000, as a Charles Hathaway &
Co., for \$5,488.

SUGAR STOCK PROFITS.

New York, Sept. 6.—The directors of
the American Sugar Refining company
have decided that the regular quarterly
dividend of 1 1/4 per cent on the pre-
ferred stock.

FINALS IN TENNIS.

Buffalo, Sept. 6.—Carr B. Neal, of
Chicago, won the decisive in the finals
at the tennis at the club grounds to-
day by beating Edwin Fischer, of New
York, 6-4. The gentleman's double was
won by Neal and Fischer, beating Pope
and Howe two straight sets, 6-5, 6-3.

Panton & Watson

GLASS BLOCK STORE.

Bigger Bargains FOR A . . . Bigger Trade Saturday At the Big Store.....

Conceded to be the greatest value shown
this season are those blue and black
Storm Serges; all new goods, 54 inches
wide, worth \$1.25.
For Saturday only..... **79c**

Here is Where the
Bargains Shine.
See those French Serges, German Hen-
riettas, all black, worth \$1.00.
Saturday cut at..... **48c**

Here's a Bargain
For the Children . . .
Saturday we offer 200 dozen Children's
Colored Border Handkerchiefs
at, each..... **3c**

Here's a Snap in Gloves.
A special bargain for Saturday only is a
\$2.00 Ladies' Kid Glove at, a
pair..... **\$1.00**
4-button. How can they last long.

Fresh Cut Flowers
Saturday at . . . CUT PRICES.

Another shipment of the finest fresh
Marshallows, 6c kind. For
Saturday only, a pound..... **15c**

Shoe Department.

Saturday's Bargains
Will Please Everybody.

200 pairs ladies' fine Dongola, patent
leather tip, shoes, always
sold at \$2.00; Saturday..... **\$1.50**

150 pairs Misses Dongola spring-heel
shoes, made to sell for \$1.75; **98c**
Saturday.....

200 pairs child's Dongola patent tip
shoes, 3/4 to 11, regular dollar
grade; Saturday..... **75c**

Trilby.
A bargain in Books Saturday is
Trilby at..... **99c**

Linens.
Turkey Red Table Damask, 45c
kind, Saturday for..... **25c**

100 rolls Crash Toweling, Satur-
day only, per yard..... **4c**

Fine 36-in Brown Sheeting, Sat-
urday only, per yard..... **5c**

Stationery Values
Saturday . . .
10,000 Square Envelopes, 10c kind,
will sell Saturday for,
a package..... **5c**

One pound fine Writing paper,
for..... **15c**

Men's Furnishings Dept.
Waterproof Collars sell at..... **5c**

Waterproof Cuffs sell at..... **10c**

Men's White Dress Shirts, custom made,
long and short bosoms open bosom;
others ask \$1.25; here you
buy it for..... **\$1.00**

Men's Suspenders, good elastic,
worth 30c; Saturday..... **25c**

Men's Ties Saturday 3 for..... **50c**

Men's Negligee Shirts, worth
\$1.00 to \$1.25; Saturday..... **75c**

Hosiery Dept.
Ladies' black boot and colored top
Hose, worth 25c; Saturday,
two pairs for..... **25c**

Ladies' Combination Suits,
Saturday, per suit..... **19c**

BARGAIN COUNTER NO. 1.

Last Chance Saturday to get those fine black Sateen Remnants
worth..... 15c to 25c

Those Covert Cloths, worth..... 25c

Those handsome Crepons, worth..... 15c to 25c

Those handsome Dimities, worth..... 18c to 25c

And odds and ends of all Wash Goods at one-third their value.

Saturday your choice for only **7c**

BARGAIN COUNTER NO. 2.

Last Day at These Prices.

Ladies' Silk Embroidered Handkerchiefs, in white and colors,
some say they are worth 60c, but we give bargains, our price only **10c**

Ladies' Embroidered Handkerchiefs, worth 25 to 35c;
Saturday's Bargain only..... **17c**

See these Men's Silk Colored Bordered Handkerchiefs,
worth 50c, going at..... **25c**

How is this for value? Men's Colored Border Linen Handker-
chiefs, worth 25c; Saturday all day for..... **9c**

EACH. IT'S A HUMMER.

New Jackets Here.

First shipment of New Fall Jackets
and Capes just opened, in the new-
est materials and latest styles. Prices
will be low. Shown tomorrow for the
first time. Come and see them.

SPECIAL CORSET BARGAIN—
Ball's Kabo Corset, in drab, cream or
white, regular value \$1.00;
Saturday bargain, per pair..... **59c**

SPECIAL VALUE TOMORROW—
Ladies' Muslin Gowns, the \$1.25
quality; for Saturday only..... **75c**

A Family Jar

is not always an unpleasant and uncom-thing, nor is the fruit they bear always alike. Often they leave behind thoughts and words that rankle and disturb and gnaw away at domestic peace. But the kind of family jars we refer to, while they bear fruit, it is of the preserved kind that tends to promote family happiness and content. We refer, of course, to

Fruit Jars

which we have been receiving lately in CAR LOAD LOTS. Fruit was never so cheap in Duluth, as now. Over six cars were "on track" in a single day this week. If there were a time to

PUT UP FRUIT

and plenty of it, it is now. The stock we have just received is supplied with extra caps and rubbers. We have them in pint, quart and two-quart sizes and we propose to sell them in retail lots

At Wholesale Prices.

We also are in receipt of an immense invoice of

Jelly Tumblers

just what you want. We have them in endless profusion. We also have a complete stock of

Stone Jars for Preserving

in half gallon, gallon and two-gallon sizes, with covers. By the use of these the housewife saves one-half the cost of glass jars in preserving the same quantity of fruit. We are headquarters for everything in preserving line packages.

F.A. Parker Co

Everything in Crockery, Glass and China Ware, Lamps and Bric-a-Brac. The only Retail Store giving customers the benefit of Wholesale Prices. 10 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

PERSONAL.

Miss Lathrop, of Baltimore, who has been the guest of Miss Sharp for several weeks, returned on the Northland today.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Kilduff, of Mason, Iowa, arrived in the city yesterday on their wedding tour and left for Marquette last evening. Mrs. Kilduff was Miss Kate Campbell, sister of ex-Marshal W. M. Campbell, of St. Paul.

Miss Cooke, of St. Paul, will arrive this evening and attend the assembly party, being the guest of Miss Stella Sistrup while here.

Andrew Erwin, assistant attorney general, arrived from St. Paul this morning.

Miss Elizabeth Hall, of St. Paul, who came up to attend the Dickinson-Spence wedding, has returned home. Samuel Owens came down from Tower today.

Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Johnson, of Cloquet, are in the city.

George Lydick, of Grand Rapids, is in the city today.

E. R. Young will leave tomorrow for Northwest, Ia., to spend Sunday.

The Massees, of Chicago, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Vance, left today for Chicago, accompanied by Mrs. Doty.

Mayor Lewis has returned from the Twin Cities and will stay at the latter place where he saw L. A. Costello and family. He found Bert, who was injured nearly two years ago while playing football, greatly improved and in a fair way to complete recovery.

Miss M. J. Hunt, of Princeton, Minn., who has been visiting her son, Officer W. E. Terry, of Duluth Heights, returned home yesterday, accompanied by Mrs. Terry, who will visit a couple of weeks in Princeton.

W. A. Abbott and A. R. Murphy, who went to Des Moines last evening, will bring a few days ago, have sent in a fine box of birds to keep their friends good natured until their return.

Miss Mae L. Dole, of Chicago, is the guest of Mrs. C. F. Howe, of Sixth avenue west.

C. E. Kramer, of the Chicago marine law firm of Schuyler & Kramer, is in the city.

H. S. Leighton, a Minneapolis contractor, is in the city.

S. A. Harris and Stewart Harris came up from Minneapolis last evening.

George S. Shaw came down from Cloquet last evening.

D. B. Winston, of Minneapolis, arrived in the city last evening and F. G. Winston came in today.

W. W. Butler, of Mississippi Falls, Wis., is at the St. Louis.

A. C. Clauson, state grain inspector, came up from St. Paul today.

Mrs. E. B. Daugherty and her three sons and Miss Hanson leave on Monday's limited for Fairbault, Minn., where the two older boys will attend Shattuck military school. Mrs. Daugherty and Otto, the youngest son, and Miss Hanson will have quarters at the Hotel Brainerd in that city for the winter.

Mal. Sears has come to Ontonagon, Mich., on a trip of inspection.

J. W. Ames, mayor of Osage, Iowa, was shown about the city today by Mayor Lewis. Mr. Ames came over from West Superior with James H. Agon who before he moved to the town across the bay used to be a prominent citizen of Osage.

H. V. Burns, a big barley dealer at Buffalo, was in the city yesterday, a guest of F. E. Lindahl.

Superintendent H. A. Tuttle, of the North American Telegraph company, is in town today.

Thomas Barclay, the Ashland capitalist, came over this morning.

P. G. Korh, an Izy business man, is in town.

Mrs. J. E. Wichand, Miss Carrie Roecker and Ernest Schneider, of this city, were among the passengers on the steamer Augusta Victoria which sailed today from New York for Europe.

Mrs. Mary Larned, who has been visiting her niece, Mrs. P. C. Ouellette, of 401 East Sixth street, returned home today on the Northland.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullom, dentist, Palladio, Phone No. 9, Dr. Schifflin fills teeth without pain. Smoke Endon cigar. W. A. Foote, "Reveler" Ins. Co., Providence bldg. Dr. Drenning has removed from the Lyceum to the Providence building.

A stereoscopic entertainment will be given at the First Baptist church, under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society, Friday evening, Sept. 6, by Amen Rasi, a native of Mount Lebanon, Palestine. The subject will be "The Holy Land," and will be illustrated with over 100 views, fifteen feet square. Tickets, 25c; children, 15c.

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George Curran arrived this morning from Ewen, Mich., where he is running a hotel, and will meet Ed Shepard this evening at the Parlor theatre in a fifteen cent round contest for \$100 a side and gate receipts.

M. H. Johnson has taken out a permit for the erection of a 14-story frame dwelling on the south side of Third street, between Second and Third avenues west, to cost \$3200.

Two deaths were recorded this morning. Victor, 8-month-old son of Frank and Mary Bellanger, 18 Fifty-sixth avenue west, from cholera infantum, and Anna, 8-month-old daughter of D. B. and Catherine Mackey, 424 First avenue east, from tuberculosis of the bowels.

Ganges Williams, charged with complicity in the burglary of Ranney's feed store Sept. 2, was arraigned in municipal court yesterday afternoon and his preliminary set for Sept. 13. Charles Engstrom was fined \$25.00 for keeping his saloon open on Sunday.

There will be a Hoo Hoo confection tomorrow evening at the Spaulding and it is expected that eight or ten candidates will receive the degree of the playful kitten.

Miss Monk, Carl Riedel, Elsbeger, Ernest Laumann, Mark C. Jaker, the Gouard choir at Turner hall sang last Tuesday evening, Sept. 10, Tickets at the music store.

The remains of Augusta Liske arrived on this morning from Piquette Falls, where death occurred, and he funeral was held this afternoon from Bayha & Tibbitt's morgue, interment being at Forest Hill.

Surveying Party In.

The surveying party which has been out since May working on a route for the Lake Superior-Mississippi river canal came in today. Engineer John Key is in charge and there are eleven in the party. Some are young men from Duluth. Among them are Messrs. Bull, Jones, Paradis, of West Duluth, and others. They will leave again on Monday.

The route on which the party has been working is up the Brule river and on the upper St. Croix river. They have been considerably troubled with flies and mosquitoes during the summer but anticipate more pleasant work on the next trip. They will then take the St. Louis river route.

HAS BEEN POSTPONED.

The open air fair play by children, and concert by the Duluth Orchestra society which was to have been repeated on the grounds of C. P. Craig's residence, London road, this evening has been postponed until next Tuesday evening on account of the unsettled condition of the weather.

G. A. R. EXCURSION RATES TO LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY AND SOUTH.

The "St. Paul & Duluth R. R." will sell Sept. 8, 9 and 10, round-trip excursion tickets to Louisville, Ky., and return, at rate of \$15.50. Also to everybody. Tickets good returning until Oct. 6. A series of excursions has also been arranged to Chickamauga, Chattanooga and Atlanta at rate of 1 cent per mile south of Louisville. For particulars and rates call at city ticket office, 401 West Superior street, corner Palladio building.

F. B. Ross, Nor. Pass. Agent.

HIGHEST GRADE.

Scene in Court at 'Frisco

When the ex-Duluthian Was Sentenced.

W. A. Pinkerton Described Him as Confidence Man and Swindler.

Whiteman Received His Sentence With But Slight Show of Feeling.

The full account of the proceedings in court, when A. J. Whiteman was sentenced to nine years in the state penitentiary for forgery, is given in the San Francisco Chronicle of Aug. 31. The report says: Whiteman was convicted on June 20 last and two weeks later made an eloquent plea for a new trial. He spoke feelingly of his ancestry and education, and of how he had squandered a splendid fortune inherited from his father. He told of honorable positions held, both in business and public life, and protested his innocence with such feeling that for the time he almost shook the confidence of the prosecuting officers in the justice of their cause.

The judge, however, was fortified by the production of several affidavits, which seemed to establish his innocence. Whiteman's counsel, however, by Frank Dixon, the drawer of the check, declared the check genuine and asserted that he had sent it to Whiteman in payment of a debt. T. French, the clerk of the court, said that he had seen the check and that it was genuine. Whiteman rested his motion for a new trial.

It so happened, however, that Assistant District Attorney Benjamin made a statement to the effect that the check was not genuine. Whiteman's counsel, however, by Frank Dixon, the drawer of the check, declared the check genuine and asserted that he had sent it to Whiteman in payment of a debt. T. French, the clerk of the court, said that he had seen the check and that it was genuine. Whiteman rested his motion for a new trial.

Deserted by his attorneys, Whiteman appeared in court to hand his own case. He wore at the outset a jaunty air, which soon disappeared. Even his nerve failed him when he was asked to swear to the truth of his statements. He proved of most trying character. An attorney finally took pity on the prisoner and asked the court to grant him a continuance. Whiteman gladly accepted.

The reading of the counter-affidavits of the prosecution created a profound silence in the courtroom. His entire record was furnished by W. A. Pinkerton, head of the great, influential detective agency in Chicago. So scathing was the arraignment that Whiteman's soul, not least of all, his own, was seared and objected to the affidavit as scandalous.

"That is a matter of argument," said Judge Wallace, who ordered that the reading proceed.

The board of public works received bids this morning for several small contracts. The contracts had not been formally awarded this morning, but it is believed that the lowest bidder will be selected. The proposals apparently being regular. The lowest bidder for building a 3-foot sidewalk on the north side of Third street, between Second and Third avenues west, was John Boyer, his figure being \$15.00. The lowest bidder for building a 3-foot sidewalk on the north side of Third street, between Second and Third avenues west, was John Boyer, his figure being \$15.00.

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law in an Eastern college. He urged his motion to strike out the affidavits. They have been made, he said, to blacken his character. He denounced the affidavits of Pinkerton as false. The detective had been hired by his sister and brother-in-law in New York to get him out of the way. "I am accused," said Whiteman, "of nearly every crime in the calendar, and yet I have never been arrested before. Mr. Pinkerton says I am a great criminal, and yet he has never arrested me on any charge. I am not a criminal. These charges are false, and I am innocent of this crime."

As a final effort Whiteman read the affidavits of two Chicago friends, who claimed to have knowledge that Dixon had sent him the alleged forged check. But even this was of no avail.

"I see no reason to disturb the verdict in this case," said Judge Wallace, "and the motion for a new trial is denied." Whiteman started as one who had received a violent blow. "I can get other affidavits," he pleaded. "Will not your honor allow me two more weeks?"

Judge Wallace denied the request, and asked Whiteman if he had anything further to say before receiving his sentence. For moment the young man made no reply, and only a convulsive movement of the lips indicated the deep emotion which must have filled his heart. When he did speak it was in clear, though trembling tones.

"I have," he said, "no other legal objection to offer. It matters not if your honor sends me the penitentiary for one or for fourteen years. I will appeal to the supreme court for the justice which I believe has been denied me here. As I hope for justice on the last day, I swear now before heaven I never committed this forgery, but when sentence is pronounced my life will be ruined as badly as it can. So it matters not what the term may be. I am ready to plead guilty for mercy by informing your honor that in a distant Eastern town a white-haired mother waits for the electric messenger to announce the result of this proceeding, and that at her feet is a prattling babe too young to realize the position of its father. I would soon to plead for mercy, for I am innocent. Thousands of dollars have been spent in my quest for returning to New York to give testimony in an important case. I am confident that in timely innocence will be proved."

Judge Wallace, before passing sentence, asked the attorney of the prisoner's fortune, his advantages, and of the fortune he had dissipated. "From the record," said his counsel, "it appears that other forms of dissipation have brought you to this, I am sorry to see you here," and Judge Wallace said he would not consider the case.

Whiteman received his sentence of nine years' imprisonment with but slight show of feeling. He asked for and was granted a thirty-day stay of execution in which to perfect an appeal.

Judge Was Merciful.

Judge Edson made quick disposition of the petty criminal cases coming before him this morning. One of the cases was that of a man named Ed Marlin, a sailor who became unusually bold by reason of having been in the land lubber's line. The case was dismissed.

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TO LEAVE

Dr. J. M. Thoburn, Jr., to

Discontinue His Pastorate in Duluth.

He Will go to the Central

Methodist Church in Detroit.

This is One of the Finest

Appointments in American Methodism.

Dr. Thoburn, Jr., pastor of the First Methodist church, is to leave Duluth. That announcement was made yesterday afternoon and was received with great regret by the church trustees and congregation. For two years Dr. Thoburn has filled the pulpit of the First Methodist in a manner which has brought him to the prominent notice of the entire Methodist Episcopal church of America. He is an eloquent and fearless preacher, and no quality does he possess in greater abundance than that of sincerity. He has filled his pulpit in a dignified, aggressive and conscientious manner, and under his guidance the First Methodist church has had a flattering growth. The relations which he has sustained with his congregation have always been most cordial, and the support of his people has always been with him in every undertaking.

To a Herald man he said today: "Nothing was ever so hard for me to do as to break my connection with the First Methodist church, but the health of myself and my family imperatively demands it. I like Duluth and her people, and my friends in the congregation here are among the closest I have ever had. It is with the greatest regret that I leave here, but I feel that I must do it."

The church to which Dr. Thoburn will go is the Central Methodist church of Detroit, Mich. This is a great promotion for him, it being considered one of the finest appointments in American Methodism. It is the leading church of Michigan. There is, of course, a possibility that he will not get the appointment, as in the Methodist church the bishop of the conference—which in this case is Bishop Fowler—has the sole appointing power. The congregation, however, has agreed upon him, and Bishop Fowler, of this conference, has requested the transfer, and there is little doubt that it will be made.

Dr. Thoburn's last sermon in Duluth will be on Sunday in September, and he will then preach his last sermon. His successor will be appointed by Bishop Fowler at the October conference.

THE GOLD COUNTRY.

F. S. Wiley, of Port Arthur, Talks Concerning It.

F. S. Wiley, of Port Arthur, is in town this afternoon on his return home from a trip to St. Paul. Mr. Wiley came down the last of last week and took the first train for the Twin Cities. It was his first trip to Duluth for a year. Mr. Wiley is one of Port Arthur's most prominent men. Just now he is devoting considerable of his time to the development of a gold mining property in which he is interested. The property is located about seventy-five miles east of Shoal lake and about midway between the mouth and source of Selkirk river. When Mr. Wiley left a five-stamp mill which they have in operation had just finished a 117 hour run and had cleared up \$15,000 of gold besides about an equal amount of concentrates, which is considered a good output for the mill and the time.

Mr. Wiley considers that the principal obstacle to the development of the gold country in which he is interested is that too much money is wanted for prospects. This exorbitant price asks for the property for the mill and the time. However, since the disappearance of the files the number of prospectors has multiplied about eight times and results are said to show a less broken formation in that particular region than in that farther west.

Port Arthur, says Mr. Wiley, says exports a lively fall from the big wheat crop of the province of Manitoba. It is expected that Manitoba will export about 22,000,000 bushels of wheat from the present crop.

Inspectors Monegan and Chalk have been in the city for several days. They are here to inspect the wheat crop of the province of Manitoba. They are expected to report on the condition of the crop.

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Don't

Forget to have your Furs Remodeled while the prices are moderate.

Howard & Haynie.

ENGRAVING! BOTH WEDDING AND CARD.

WOULD BE PLEASED TO SHOW YOU OUR WORK AND PRICES. KNOW WE CAN SUIT YOU. PLATE AND 100 CARDS (new style) \$1.25

330 Hotel St. Louis Bldg.

Hurrah!

FOR THE--

COUNTY FAIR!

SEPTEMBER 19th, 20th and 21st.

..... IN PRIZES.

Every One Get Ready.

WATCH THIS SPACE FOR ANNOUNCEMENTS.....</

Men's
And Boys'
Suits
ALL GO

Never Has a Suit Sale Created
Such Enthusiasm as
this one has.

A Genuine Half-Price Sale..

That is Stirring up
the Whole Town....

Today and
Saturday!

\$35.00 Suits.....	\$17.50
\$30.00 Suits.....	\$15.00
\$25.00 Suits.....	\$12.50
\$20.00 Suits.....	\$10.00
\$15.00 Suits.....	\$7.50
\$10.00 Suits.....	\$5.00
\$8.00 Suits.....	\$4.00

M. S.
Burrows
& Co.

NO GOODS
SENT ON APPROVAL
**NO GOODS
CHARGED.**
It's a Good
Thing.
Come Quickly.

SUFFEL'S

IS THE BARGAIN STORE OF DULUTH.

SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!
Every man, woman and child in Duluth wears shoes. You cannot afford to go barefooted when reliable footwear is being almost given away. Read these prices; it means a great saving to you.

FOR SATURDAY AND MONDAY.
HALF PRICE. HALF PRICE. HALF PRICE.
MEN'S TAN SHOES—Men's \$4.00 Tan Shoes for two days only, \$1.98. Men's \$5.00 Tan Shoes for two days only, \$2.48. Men's \$6.00 Tan Shoes for two days only, \$2.98. Men's \$7.00 Patent Leather shoes, opera last, two days, for \$3.48. Over 100 pairs Men's fine grade shoes, slightly shewn, all go at \$2.48; former prices, \$5.00 to \$7.00.

BOYS' SHOES—Our entire stock of Boys' Russel Shoes half price for two days. Boys' \$2.00 Russel Shoes, just the thing for school, will go at \$1.00.

LADIES' SHOES—Buy now; this is your last chance.
Ladies' \$2.50 Razer-toe Tan Shoes, for two days, \$1.25. Ladies' \$4.00 Russel Shoes, for two days, \$1.98. Ladies' \$5.00 Russel Shoes, for two days, \$2.48. Ladies' \$6.00 Russel Shoes, for two days, \$2.98.

Ladies, can you wear small sizes? This is a chance of a lifetime. We offer for two days 400 pairs of Ladies high grade shoes at \$1.98; former prices were from \$4.00 to \$8.00. Sizes, 2, 2½, 3, 3½ and 4. Come early before your size is gone.

Ladies, we have just received our new fall "20th Century" Boots. Call and see them. Never has such an array of elegant footwear been shown in Duluth.

MISSSES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES—222 pairs Misses' Tan, Button, Spring-heeled Shoes, sizes from 11 to 2, all go at \$1.00 per pair; former price, \$1.50 and \$1.75. 110 pairs Misses' extra fine Tan Button Shoes, worth from \$2.00 to \$2.75, all go for two days at the uniform price of \$1.48. Children's Shoes at \$1.25, 3½c and up to 4c.

LADIES' READ THESE BARGAINS—Ladies' \$2.50 Cloth-top, Patent Tip, Button Shoes, all sizes go at 98c per pair. Ladies' \$2.00 Cloth-top, Patent Tip and Heel, Foxing, Lace Shoes, all sizes go at \$1.25 per pair.

OXFORDS—Over 500 pairs Ladies' Oxfords at less than half price. Misses' Dongola Patent Tip Oxfords, 3½c; worth 75c. Misses' Dongola Patent Tip Oxfords, 50c; worth \$1.25. Ladies' White Canvas Oxfords, worth \$1.25 go at 25c.

SHOE DRESSING—500 bottles Genuine Gilt-edge 25c Shoe Dressing, 15c a bottle. Bear in mind, we stand pre-eminently and alone as the only Shoe House in the state who has not advanced the prices on shoes one cent, although shoes have gone up in price fully 50 per cent. Buy now.

SUFFEL'S DRY GOODS—The Cheapest Store in the city.
We are again in the Dry Goods business, more than ever. Our store yesterday jammed all day long with anxious bargain seekers. Their verdict was, "How long can you exist and sell goods at such ridiculously low prices? We invite you to call and see us. We claim without fear of contradiction to sell reliable merchandise lower than it has ever been sold in Duluth.

SUFFEL'S

129 and 131 West Superior Street, Duluth.

Neckwear

America and
Europe's Choicest.....

De JOINVILLES, FALL '95
TECKS, ASCOTS,
4-IN-HANDS,
CLUB TIES
and BOWS.

50c

Two styles in particular, that no man who appreciates lovely neckwear can get away from—
De JOINVILLES Roman Stripes,
Light and dark colors, also satin spots in navy and red. These are something you want to see.
New Shirts. New Collars.
M. S. BURROWS & CO.

FALL HATS!

YOU MAN'S Celebrated New York Hat.
Black and new brown shade, price **\$5.00**



JOHN STETSON CO.

Stetson's Special,
Miller Styles,
Burrows Hats.....

\$4.00

Soft and Stiff Hats
from everywhere for everybody at \$3.00, \$2.50, \$2.00, \$1.50

M. S. BURROWS & Co.

INDICTED

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel D.
Smith Must Answer
For Crimes.

Three Indictments for Serious
Offenses Found
Against Her.

Charge Against Smith is
Grand Larceny in the
First Degree.

The grand jury made known the fact that it was in existence this morning by returning six indictments, of which number three were against Mrs. Samuel D. Smith. In the heavier indictment for grand larceny in the first degree her husband, who is now sejourning in the mysterious regions commonly called "parts-unknown," is included. This indictment charges that Jan. 10, 1895, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel D. Smith conspired at Detroit to steal \$507.24 from Mary Emma Schotzel, April 27, pursuant to that conspiracy, they obtained from Mrs. Schotzel a certificate of deposit on the Wayne County Savings bank, of Detroit, payable to the order of Mary Emma Schotzel.

They obtained this document without Mrs. Schotzel's knowledge, according to the indictment, and kept it until April 29, when Mrs. Smith presented it for payment at the American Exchange bank at Duluth, and after endorsing the name of Mary Emma Schotzel upon the back of the certificate she received the money.

Mrs. Smith has two other indictments from which her husband is free. For placing Mrs. Schotzel's name upon the back of the certificate she is indicted for forgery in the first degree, and she is also charged with uttering a forged instrument for the purpose of obtaining money. The case created a great deal of excitement when it came to light last May, when Mrs. Schotzel, or Cameron, as she called herself, attempted suicide by drowning because of the loss of her money and Smith's treatment of her.

Mrs. Smith has been in jail ever since, having been unable to procure bail. Tom Leonard was indicted for grand larceny in the second degree for breaking into R. W. Ranney's feed store at 110 West First street and stealing two hales of hay. John Pike and Frank D. Middleton were indicted for burglary in the third degree for breaking into J. D. Zein's saloon with intent to commit a crime.

Peter Swenson was indicted for grand larceny in the second degree for stealing an overcoat from J. B. Cotton.

Before Judge Morris, in Room 1, this morning, the case of James A. Dalgleish, a St. Paul & Duluth engineer, against Annie Dalgleish for divorce, on the ground of desertion was on trial. The defendant brings a cross bill for divorce and alimony on the ground of cruelty. She charged him with persecuting her by calling her vile names, following her on the streets, interfering with her liberty, etc.

In his reply Dalgleish says that he had only told her that she was not a lady, and he considered himself justified in that because he found letters showing that his wife was corresponding with one F. A. McGord, a traveling man.

QUICK LOANS
WITH OUR UNPAIDABLE
On or Before
Repayment Plan.
WITHOUT THE GOLD CLAUSE.
H. M. NEWPORT & SON,
Providence Bldg., W. BARTON CLARK, Mgr.

NORTH LAND'S LIST.
Big Boat Made Good Time
From the Sault.

The North Land passed the Sault at 4:20 last night and arrived in port at 1:30 this afternoon, making the trip from the Sault in twenty hours and fifty minutes, the best time either of the big boats have made. Among those who left on the down trip this afternoon were the following:

To Buffalo: Monsignor Satolli and party, A. H. Spahr, Minneapolis; Mrs. M. D. Grover, Misses Grover, Miss Jackman, St. Paul; Miss Woodbridge, Lieut. McKinstry, Duluth; Miss Lathrop, West Duluth; H. C. Jolley, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Hollingsworth, Boston; Mrs. C. H. Baker, Seattle; C. R. Baraback, San Francisco; Miss Williams, New Richmond; James Winn, Helena, Mont.; A. W. Garnett, Washington, D. C.; Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Risley, G. B. Sloan, New York; Miss Mozart, Portland, Ore.; Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Doyle, Cleveland; Miss J. C. Smith, Rochester, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Isham, Dunkirk, N. Y.; P. C. Dempsey, E. A. Stratton, Danbury, Conn.; Mrs. William Berryman, Buffalo.

To Detroit—W. H. Spencer, James B. McKay, Detroit; Mrs. James Eldridge, New York; Mrs. H. B. Wick, Youngstown, Ohio; J. H. Walker, Bessie Walker, Grand Rapids, Mich.; Miss Fahrman, Cleveland.

To Mackinac Island—Josephine and Mary Peyton, Mrs. A. L. Orlean, Duluth; W. A. Comstock, Alpena, Mich.

To the Sault—Mrs. C. P. Cr... Duluth.

Mountain Iron Failure.

R. E. White & Co., of Mountain Iron, have made a voluntary assignment for the benefit of their creditors to A. A. Warfield, of Duluth. An affidavit on file fixes the assets at less than \$20,000, and on that showing the assignee's bonds were fixed at \$40,000. They were filed and approved with the following sureties: C. E. Van Bergen, E. R. Jefferson, E. W. Matter, Louis Houshau, A. A. Warfield has been appointed assignee for James Billings in place of George Morris, who resigned because of his elevation to the bench.

Take yacht Picket for the boat races. Leaves Northern Pacific dock at 3:30 sharp.

St. Paul's kindergarten will reopen Monday, Sept. 2, at 1409 East Superior street. Alice Butchart, principal.

BASEBALL TOMORROW.

North Branch and Duluth Will
Cross Bats.

The Invincibles, of North Branch, will arrive in Duluth tomorrow at 1:50, and after partaking of luncheon will repair to the base ball park at Thirty-second avenue west and play the first game of the series with the Duluth team. The game will be called at 3:30 sharp tomorrow and ladies will be admitted free. Following is the position of the players in both clubs:

North Branch..... Duluth,
Lambert..... Pitcher..... Pichen
McClure..... Second base..... Bennett
St. Vaughan..... Third base..... Rutger
W. Smith..... Left field..... Lackie
Cline..... Catcher..... Couper
E. Herried..... Right field..... Neff
O. Herried..... First base..... Control
W. Vaughan..... Center field..... McCallum
F. Smith..... Extra..... Kretwitz
The North Branch club is composed of some very heavy hitters and as both clubs are playing winning ball a close contest may be looked for.

ENTER THE BUSINESS UNIVERSITY
And College of Shorthand at the annual opening, Monday.

Simon Clark

GROCERY COMPANY.

CASH GROCERS,

118-120 West Superior Street.

Carload strictly fancy Acme Tomatoes
40c a Bushel.

Green Tomatoes,
35c a Bushel.

Fancy Osage Melons, ripe, sweet and
luscious,
7c Each.

Minnesota Watermelons, very fine,
2 for 25c.

Sweet Corn from Glen Avon,
10c per Dozen.

Table and Cooking Apples,
20c Peck.

Green Cucumbers for the million,
1c Each.

A rattling good Japan Tea,
35c, 3 lbs \$1.

California Plums, Pears, Peaches
in abundance, at
Reasonable Prices.

We Will Have
A full line of
Home Grown
Vegetables
Tomorrow,
Saturday.

Pickling Cucumbers, fancy stock,
35c Peck.

For Tomorrow Only
FISH.

We have the finest that swim from
the Atlantic and Pacific oceans and
the lakes. Game and Oysters in
abundance.

CHICKENS.
Spring Chickens..... 15c lb
Hens..... 12½c lb

BEEF.
Shoulder Steak..... 8c lb
Round Steak, 10c lb, or 3
lbs for..... 25c
Sirloin Steak..... 12½c lb
Pot Roasts..... 8c lb
Good Shoulder Roasts..... 8c lb
Rib Boiling Beef..... 2½c lb

MUTTON.
Legs Mutton..... 10c lb
Shoulder Mutton..... 8c lb
Mutton Stew..... 5c lb

Christensen's Bakery Dept.
Home-made Special and Vienna
Bread, six loaves..... 25c
Pies, full assortment, each..... 7c
All kinds of Cookies, per doz..... 7c
Doughnuts, per doz..... 7c
Lard Fingers, Macaroons and
Kisses, per lb..... 45c
Sponges, Wine and Ginger
Cake, 3 for..... 25c
Buns, Rolls, Fingers, 3 doz for..... 25c
Angel Food and Layer Cakes
made to order..... 7c
Ice Cream Soda, per glass..... 5c

Prompt Delivery—Lakeside, Lester Park,
Glen Avon, 3 p. m. Saturdays.

SIMON CLARK

GROCERY CO.

118 and 120 West Superior Street.

FREIMUTH'S

The Place to do Saturday's Shopping!

A matchless
array of
Bargains in
every Department
for tomorrow. New, bright and
desirable Wares at the smallest of
prices.

Ladies' Kid Gloves—

25 dozen 4-button Glace Kid Gloves in brown and tan,
a strong and serviceable Glove and worth \$1.00.
For tomorrow only..... **69c**

Ostrich Feather Collarettes—

2 BIG BARGAINS—
Bargain No. 1—Black and natural Ostrich Feather
Collarettes, real value \$2.50. Price tomorrow..... **\$1.38**
Bargain No. 2—Black Ostrich Feather Collarettes
very full and glossy, worth \$3.50.
Price tomorrow only..... **\$1.98**

Bargain in Corsets—

50 dozen 6-hook, extra quality satcen Corsets in black
and drab, equal in looks, wear and fit to any \$1.00
Corset. Our price tomorrow only..... **50c**

Flannelette Night Gowns—

JUST ABOUT AT THE PRICE OF THE MATERIAL.
Children's Flannelette Night Gowns, well made, ample
in size and perfect fitting, would be cheap at 75c.
Tomorrow only..... **50c**

Misses' size, made the same as the above, would be
cheap at 95c. Tomorrow only..... **69c**

Ladies' Flannelette Night Gowns, made of dressy
material, very dainty pattern, cheap at \$1.25.
Price tomorrow only..... **85c**

Muslin Night Gowns—

Ladies' Muslin Night Gowns, richly trimmed with
embroidery, a bargain at \$1.00.
Tomorrow only..... **79c**

Ladies' Underwear—

Ladies' heavy cotton ribbed vests and pants,
real value 35c each.
Tomorrow, each only..... **23c**

Children's ribbed, natural colored vests and pants,
real value 40c. Price tomorrow..... **25c**

Ladies' Hose—

Ladies' French Lisle Thread Hose, double soles and
heels, stainless Hermsdorf dye, cheap at 35c.
Price tomorrow..... **25c**

Shell Side Combs—

Italian Shell Side Combs, real value 20c a pair.
Tomorrow only..... **10c**

Gents' Negligee Shirts—

Gents' Negligee Shirts, regular \$1.00, \$1.25 and
\$1.50 quality. Tomorrow only..... **69c**

Gents' Neckwear—

50 dozen New Gents' Teck Ties, choice patterns
and extra quality, well worth 50c each.
Price tomorrow..... **25c**

Cloak Room—

Ladies' Silk Waists—Perfect in style and fit, extra
quality, figured Taffeta silk, sold all season at \$6.50.
Price tomorrow..... **\$4.48**

Ladies' Moreen Skirts—Regular \$2.50 grade.
Tomorrow only..... **\$1.98**

Ladies' Mackintoshes—With detachable double cape,
double texture material, usual price \$10.00.
Price tomorrow..... **\$6.50**

Ladies' Calico Wrappers—Well made, regular price \$1.00.
Saturday's price only..... **69c**

Shoe..... Department



We offer for Saturday's bargains in Misses' and Children's
School Shoes that you can't afford to miss.
Most complete line in the city to select from.

127 pairs Misses' Dongola Kid Button Shoes, with patent
leather tips, sizes 11 to 2.
Saturday, per pair..... **\$1.37**

SPECIAL LOT—86 pairs Ladies' Patent Leather Walking
Boots, in lace and button, with heavy soles,
every pair worth \$6.00. Choice..... **\$3.88**

97 pairs Misses' Dongola Kid Button, patent
leather tip, sizes 11 to 2.
Saturday's price..... **89c**

60 pairs Youths' Grain and Kangaroo button, spring
heel, sizes 11 to 2, just the thing for wear.
Saturday's price..... **\$1.37**

OUR OXFORD TIES IN BLACK AND TAN MUST ALL GO.
THESE PRICES OUGHT TO SELL EVERY PAIR.

Oxfords that sold for \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.00.
Now your choice at..... **\$1.19**

Oxford Ties that sold at \$2.25, \$2.50, \$2.75 and \$3.00
now go for..... **\$1.98**

Your choice of any \$3.25, \$3.50 or \$4.00 Oxford in
the store, tan or black..... **\$2.87**

New Dress Goods, New Cloaks, New Carpets, New Furs, New
Carpets, New Millinery Keep on Coming in.

SEE OUR AD SUNDAY FOR THE NEW THINGS.

FREIMUTH'S

5 O'CLOCK
EDITION.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

5 O'CLOCK
EDITION.

THIRTEENTH YEAR.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1895.

THREE CENTS.

280 Feet
of Couches!

Standing side by side. That is just what we are showing on our big second floor. All colors, shapes and coverings and at any notch of the scale of prices.

They start at this Couch for

\$6.95

Spring edge and tufted in figured corduroy.

Open Saturday Evenings.

Visit the September Sale.

Partial Payments--

All goods sold on this plan.
Hundreds of pleased customers.

French & Bassett.

Blank Books,
Office Supplies,

The
Largest assortments
In the city
At our own
Popular prices.

Chamberlain & Taylor's

BOOKSTORE, 323 West Superior Street.

Hurrah!

FOR THE--

COUNTY FAIR!

SEPTEMBER 19th, 20th AND 21st.

\$3,000

..... IN PRIZES.

Every One Get Ready.

WATCH THIS SPACE FOR ANNOUNCEMENTS.....

FOR RENT.

Cold Storage building, formerly occupied by Swift & Co., on Lake Avenue
Already leed. Also Commission house.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES

VALKYRIE IS LEADING

The First of the Yacht Races for the America's Cup Was
Sailed Today and the British Yacht
is Leading.

The American Yacht Defender Was Outfooted and Out-
pointed by the Valkyrie From the Start to
the Finish of the 30-Mile Course.

The Wind Was Light and From Six Miles at the Start Died
Away Until There Was Only a Four-
Mile Breeze Blowing.

On Board the Steamship Mackay-Bennett off Sandy Hook, Sept. 7.—(By cable to the Associated Press.)—The first of the great yacht races for the America's cup was started from the Scotland lightship, the course being east by south from Normandy-by-the-sea, which is a light right out to sea from the Jersey coast. The wind was very light, not over five miles an hour.

THE START.
By cable to the Associated Press on board the steamship Mackay-Bennett, off Sandy Hook, Sept. 7.—The preparatory signal was hoisted at 11:55 a. m. The course was signalled as east by south from Normandy-by-the-sea, which is a light right out from the Jersey coast. The first start was recalled and the yachts started again at 12:26. The Valkyrie crossed the line at 12:29:05; the Defender crossed about five seconds later. At 12:35 both the Defender and the Valkyrie are standing away to the northeast on the starboard tack. The Valkyrie appears to be crossing her lead on the Defender. Both yachts are carrying mainsails, club topsails, staysails, and jib topsails.

The excursion fleet is hampering the yachts badly and the racers are only picking their way through the accompanying fleet. The Valkyrie is now over 200 yards ahead of the Defender and seems to be gaining instantly. No less than a dozen big side wheeler excursionist boats are to the windward of the yachts. The latter have never been so badly hampered by the captains of the excursion steamers.

A LIGHT WIND.
The wind at the start was about east, blowing at the rate of about four miles an hour. The sky was cloudy and there was a moderate sea running. Just previous to the start, the Defender slipped in between the judges' boat and the Valkyrie on the latter's weather quarter and both yachts were across on the starboard tack, under mainsails, club topsails, staysails, jibs and baby jibs.

Although the Defender was slightly to windward in crossing, the Valkyrie began to draw away, and at 12:37 she had a lead of about 200 yards on the Defender and was gaining constantly, although the two had to pick their way through the excursion fleet, which hampered their movements badly. In fact the captains of the excursion steamers never interfered so badly with the movement of the yachts as they did at the start to day. Not less than a dozen of the big side wheeler excursion steamers were to windward of the yachts shortly after the start.

The wind at 12:39 p. m. was freshening, and there was good prospect of a rattling breeze before the race was ended. The Valkyrie, during the last few minutes, did not gain so much as the Defender, as the yachts pulled from the excursion fleet, the American yacht appeared to be doing better. The Defender was getting a good breeze and was cutting down the Valkyrie's lead.

The Valkyrie, at 12:40 p. m., went about on the port tack, and crossed the Defender's bow. The American yacht followed suit afterwards. Both yachts were heading southeast. The excursion boats were still standing very close to the racers, and one of the steamers had to backwater in order to allow the Defender to pass. The two yachts held on to the canvas under which they crossed the line, and when the tack was made, the cup challenger did not seem to be more than half a length ahead and to windward of the Defender, while the American boat seemed to be out-footing the Britisher.

VALKYRIE LEADING.
At 12:50 p. m. the Luckenbach steamed ahead of the yachts in an attempt to lay out the course fifteen miles to windward. The Valkyrie was then widening the distance between herself and her rival. They both held on to the port tack, the Valkyrie not making much headway, while going through the water as Defender did. The race at this point was an extremely close one, but it seemed as if the British yacht had the best of it for she was apparently crawling away from the Defender. The Valkyrie held her large jib jib top sail set, while the Defender only held her ordinary jib top-sail.

The wind was freshening and both yachts were standing south by east close hauled. In spite of this, from here it seemed as if the Defender's jib topsail was leading her off, as it was evident that she did not hold the wind

as well as the Valkyrie which was pointing higher. Though the Defender seemed to be footing faster at 1 p. m., it seemed as if there was a gap of fully a quarter of a mile between the two boats and it also appeared as if the Valkyrie was considerably to windward. Although not footing as fast as the Defender. But it looked as if she was constantly drawing away from the American boat although the latter was coming along nicely. For some reason the Defender did not look as if she was holding up to the wind as closely as she has done in her races with the Vigilant. The two yachts were still on the port tack and headed southeast. The Valkyrie at 1:04 p. m. was still on the port tack and leading the Defender. The British yacht's club topsail was doing splendid work while that of the Defender, in comparison seemed too small.

At 1:12 p. m. Both yachts went about on the starboard tack. After an hour's racing the English boat lead by a quarter of a mile. At 1:35—the breeze freshened a little and was about six miles an hour. Prospects for an increasing breeze improved. At 1:36 the Valkyrie was still leading, but did not seem to point so well. At 1:47 p. m. the Valkyrie was half a mile ahead. At 1:55 p. m. the yachts split tacks, the Valkyrie taking the starboard lee. They looked to be half a mile apart. A slight mist settled down between but there was no change in the breeze. At 2:08 p. m. the Valkyrie was well ahead. Both yachts were on the starboard tack and nearly three-quarters of a mile apart. At this time the yachts have covered about twelve miles.

At 2:15 p. m. the Valkyrie was about a quarter of a mile ahead of the Defender. They were still standing to the eastward tack, both boats being sailed for all they were worth and in a most exciting manner, though the Valkyrie was well ahead. Shortly afterwards a heavy fog began working up from the eastward and it began to look as if it might possibly shut out the view obtained from here.

At 2:37 p. m. the Defender appeared to be gaining slightly. Everything that can muster a glass was along the beach, on the boat houses and every point of vantage. The patriotic sentiment here seemed apparent when every slight gain of the Defender was reported.

At 2:40 p. m. the Valkyrie apparently was widening the gap, and the yachts appeared likely to turn the outer mark within the next fifteen minutes. The Defender seemed to be teaching for it with sheets eased. The shift of the wind more to the south has been of great advantage to the Valkyrie.

OBSCURED BY MIST.
About 2:40 the fog bank commenced to creep up inshore and the yachts were standing along on the starboard tack. At 2:50 the Valkyrie's lead was increased to about three-quarters of a mile, but both boats were heading for the stake boat.

The Valkyrie turned the stake boat at 2:55 and immediately squared about for the home run. At this time both yachts went out of sight in the dense mist. The wind at 3:25 seemed to be dying out and it appeared doubtful if the yachts could finish inside the six hour time limit.

At 3:48 the tug Engineer arrived at the lightship from the scene of the race and reported the Valkyrie the lead. The passengers on the Engineer were landed because they were suffering from seasickness. At 3:53 the wind dropped down to a four knot breeze and the mist lifted a little. The captain of the Engineer says that he left the yachts at 2 o'clock and that the Valkyrie was always in front, though she made two unsuccessful attempts to cross the Defender's bows. He says that the official starting times were as follows: The Valkyrie, 12h 29m 05s; the Defender 12h 29m 50s.

A RAIN SQUALL.
At 4:27 a light rain squall sprang up, making it impossible to see far out to sea. The yachts in order to make a race will have to finish in less than two hours, and now there is little or no wind blowing, not more than three or four miles an hour. The leader will have to make pretty fast time during the rest of the race in order to com-

plete it today. The sloop in the lead has main sail top sail, staysails jib and No. 2 jib topsail set and is going through the water very fast considering the light breeze blowing. The excursion flotilla can be seen behind the two sloops, and there seems to be no doubt that they are the Valkyrie and the Defender. The haze still makes it very difficult to obtain a clear view.

At 4:45 the tug Daylight passed Scotland lightship and reported the Valkyrie still in the lead.

A CLOUDY MORNING.
New York, Sept. 7.—8 a. m.—A dark cloudy sky frowned over a leaden sea early this morning as the challenger for the America's cup, Lord Dunraven's Valkyrie III, and the gallant champion, America's Defender rolled and pitched at their moorings at the horseshoe inside Sandy Hook, two graceful, powerful centers of interest among a fleet of weather bound coasting schooners and a large number of yachts of all sizes. These two rival yachts from the Highlands looked like greyhounds held in leash eager for the dash forward longing for the test of speed and endurance.

All were busy on board the two yachts and their tenders immediately after the first gray light of dawn illumined the battlefields. The eyes of the whole world were upon them, for the arrangements to report the race were so complete not a move on board could be missed and every change of sail or course was flashed by cable direct from the Commercial Cable company's steamer, Mackay-Bennett, off Sandy Hook, throughout the United States, all over Europe and over the rest of the world.

Every point this morning reported the weather conditions prevailing in their immediate vicinity. Summed up



LORD DUNRAVEN.
The owner of the Valkyrie.

In brief they announced that the sky was cloudy with prospects of showers not severe enough, however, to interfere with the racing. The wind was about east with nearly steady tendency, and had been blowing at the rate of from fourteen to sixteen knots, throughout the night. Outside Sandy Hook a pretty heavy sea was running. Consequently should the wind hold on the eastward, the yachts will start on fifteen mile beat along the Long Island coast and will then run home.

The weather at Long Branch this morning is cloudy and showery with the wind northeast and wind about ten miles an hour. A pretty heavy, though smooth sea is running, and there is a light fog. Sandy Hook reports showers and a light fog, with wind northeast and about ten miles an hour. The prospects are that the racers will have a beat out along the Long Island coast in the prevailing weather, with heavy swell, with prospects of an increase in strength of breeze for the run home. There are indications of stormy weather, but the weather does not appear to have settled.

MISTY AT NAVESINK.

Highlands of Navesink, N. J., 7 a. m.—The air which had previously been clear enough to enable the watchers to distinctly distinguish the two lightships, Scotland and Sandy Hook, began to get misty, the wind commenced to veer northward and fell away until there was hardly enough of it to cause the flag to flutter from the flagstaff, on the other hand, the surf which had thundered along the shore all night, increased in strength, and there were signs of an approaching storm.

Shortly after 8 o'clock the weather had cleared somewhat, and the breeze increased in strength. Both yachts had been actively preparing for the race since their crews left the tender after breakfast and at 8:35, the Defender started off for the Hook in tow of the tug Wallace B. Flint, although she had no sails set, but her jib was up in stops. The Valkyrie remained at her moorings; but the members of her crew were all busy as bees on board of her.

The weather, at this hour, was far from being satisfactory to the yachtsmen and was looked upon as being unfavorable to Valkyrie's chances, it being the general opinion that she would not show up well in the heavy green swell and light air which then seemed to be the outlook for the racers.

Highlands of Navesink, Sept. 7, 9:50 a. m.—The Valkyrie passed outside the hook at 9:36 a. m., and as she did so she broke out her jib. The Defender followed suit a minute later. Both yachts at 9:45 a. m. were about a third of the way out to Scotland lightship and were under mainsails and jibs. From this point it looks as if the Defender's mainsail is much larger than the Valkyrie's. The swash channel was

then filled with steam yachts tearing down towards Sandy Hook and the lightships, and there were fully thirty of them between the Homer beacon and the two big yachts which headed the fleet.

SOME ENGLISH OPINIONS.

London, Sept. 7.—In the course of an article on the international yacht race the Pall Mall Gazette this afternoon says that there is less interest in the race in New York today than in the early of Dunraven's previous attempt to win the America's cup; but, despite any rash or unfair criticism which may have been uttered in the excitement of the moment, these competitions tend to unite the two nations more closely. The love of sport for sport's sake is characteristic of Americans as well as of the English. All gratitude is due to the earl of Dunraven, and if he should be beaten again it would only be another incentive to him and to others to try again.

T. P. O'Connor's Sun, in its issue today, says that over the claims of Americans to be ranked as sportsmen of the purest water there hangs a cloud. It is only necessary, the Sun says, to glance over their methods to be satisfied that they are most dangerous opponents.

ON THE CABLE STEAMER.

On board the steamer Mackay-Bennett, near Sandy Hook, Sept. 7.—(By cable to the Associated Press.)—The early morning indications for the race between the Defender and the Valkyrie were not as promising as had been anticipated the last night. The wind was light, the sky was cloudy, with an occasional sunburst, and a slight indication of a freshening breeze. Early as the Associated Press tug has started for the hook, there were many other craft on the way steaming and puffing down toward the old lightship. Off bay ridge, the largest flotilla of yachts ever gathered in this vicinity lay at anchor.

The international contest has never excited the same interest as the present series for the America's cup, and the bright and early start of the advance fleet was taken as evidence that about the line of the start a larger fleet will be gathered than has yet signalled the contenders off in their struggle. The Navahoe and the Mayflower, the latter an old cup defender, were passed, near the narrows, going out, while F. D. Morgan's cutter came along passing in, a short time later.

BALFOUR'S OPINION.

Does Not Think International
Bimetallism Can Succeed.

London, Sept. 7.—The Rt. Hon. A. J. Balfour, first lord of the treasury writes under date of Sept. 4, as follows: "With reference to recent declarations in the house of commons, I do not know why persons interested should be perplexed over my supposed change of attitude on the question of international bimetallism, for no such change has occurred. My answer, which has given rise to much unnecessary discussion, explicitly stated the opinions which I have long held, and which I thought all bimetallists held also."

Mr. Balfour then gives his reply to the question put in the house of commons whether he would advise the government to invite an international monetary conference, when he said: "I am and always have been in favor of an international agreement, but I have not the right to pledge my colleagues, and I do not believe that an international agreement would result from any international conference."

Mr. Balfour's letter then continues: "It is only as regards the statement that I thought an international conference would result in an international agreement, that any difference of opinion may possibly be found among bimetallists. In my judgment, however, there is but little prospect of a conference succeeding, unless governments who are to be represented at it, come to some understanding on the main points at issue, before the conference assembles. No such understanding, unfortunately, at present exists, and until it does exist a conference would probably do more damage than good."

CHINESE REBELLION.

China Asks Russia to Help
Suppress It.

Berlin, Sept. 7.—A special cablegram from Shanghai says that the rebellion in the province of Kan-Sui is becoming formidable. The insurgents have organized an army and with it have captured eleven cities. It is reported that the government at Peking is calling upon Russia for aid in suppressing the rebellion.

NEVER SPECULATED?

Minneapolis, Sept. 7.—The Minneapolis elevator companies have delivered 150,000 bushels of September wheat to the Peavey company, as against a threatened 800,000 bushels, and most of the companies are now protesting full friendship for the Peavey company. Although it is well understood in the trade that the elevator companies are a good deal disturbed because of the loss of carrying charges, the responsibility for which is credited to the Peavey company as a result of their active buying operations. The report that the Peavey company was endeavoring to "corner" September wheat is known to be without foundation, as that company never speculated in wheat in any form.

AN OLD SURGEON DEAD.
Dubuque, Iowa, Sept. 7.—Dr. G. M. Staples, one of the most prominent physicians in the Northwest, died today, aged 75 years. He was a resident of Dubuque for forty years and was surgeon in the Union academy and prominent in G. A. R. circles. He was surgeon for the Milwaukee, Illinois Central and Burlington railroads.

TREASURY CONDITION.
Washington, Sept. 7.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows available cash balance, \$181,981,422; gold reserve, \$100,112,297.

MORNING HALL TODAY.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 9:30 a. m. Louisville, 2.

BURNED

Boston's Handsome Masonic
Home Ruined by Fire
This Morning.

A Heavy Loss Which is Estimated at Over
\$400,000.

One Fireman Killed During
the Progress of the
Fire.

Boston, Sept. 7.—Masonic temple, one of the finest Masonic buildings in the United States, was almost entirely destroyed by fire today. The building was magnificently furnished and the loss will probably reach \$400,000. The fire was discovered by a passer-by at 1:05 and a few moments later an alarm from Box 53, noted as being located in one of the most dangerous fire districts in the city, was sent in. At almost the same time an alarm was sent in from Box 72 in the Parker house, and all the fire apparatus down town hurried to the scene of fire.

The blaze proved to be trivial, but the confusion resulting from the almost simultaneous alarms gave the fire in the temple a good start before the apparatus arrived. District Chief Regan, who was on top of the tower, on the Tremont street side of the building, found the flames curling up around him and was forced to jump to the roof, almost twenty feet below. He escaped uninjured. About the same time a tube on Chemical Engine No. 2 exploded and Lieut. Madden, who was working on the engine, was thrown to the ground and probably fatally injured. He struck on his head and it was believed his skull was fractured.

An investigation shows that above the second floor the temple is practically destroyed, while considerable damage was caused at the rear of the building on the second floor. The library, one of the most valuable in the United States, and the museum of relics on the second floor escaped serious damage. All of the regalia rooms on the third floor were gutted and their contents were destroyed. Gothic hall, Egyptian hall and the room were badly damaged, with their costly decorations. A number of the valuable paintings in these rooms were saved.

Twenty-six lodges and commanderies met in the rooms of the building, and nearly all of these will sustain some loss. It is almost impossible to make an accurate estimate of loss because of the many interests represented, but it is believed that it will reach about \$400,000. The building was insured for \$250,000, and it is estimated the structure is damaged to the extent of \$70,000. The loss on regalia will reach over \$20,000. The furniture and decorations will add greatly to the loss.

HOTEL SUIT.

Lindell Hotel in St. Louis is in
Trouble.

St. Louis, Sept. 7.—The recent disagreement between Peter A. Brady, John F. Donohue, John Kroger and Robert E. Tommerson, resulting in the severance of Kroger's and Tommerson's connection with the management of the Lindell hotel, has today been taken into court. Tommerson and Kroger have filed a bill in the circuit court praying for a dissolution of the co-partnership that they allege exists between them and Brady and Donohue for an accounting, for an injunction to restrain Brady and Donohue from managing the hotel to the exclusion of the plaintiffs, for a receiver pending the suit and for a sale of the lease and the payment to themselves of their equitable interest in that business.

The plaintiffs claim a one-fifth interest in the leasehold and the profits of the business, under an annual salary of \$1500. The defendants were to furnish the material, they to furnish the experience and manage the hotel.

THE WALLER CASE.

Park, Sept. 7.—The Journal des Debates, in an article discussing the case of ex-Consul Waller (whose name is spelled with a 'W'), which was seized by the French authorities in Madagascar, have fully proved the case against him. The Journal des Debates adds: "Mr. Waller's protestations will fail to invalidate the judgment of the court martial. It is an unfortunate affair, but what else could we do?"

SHOT AT THE STRIKERS.

Milwaukee, Sept. 7.—A special from Ishpeming, Mich., says: A few strikers who attempted to cross the guard line at the Lake Angelie East End mine, where the shovel is in operation, were fired at by the guards. They were requested to halt, but did not do so. The aim was not taken to injure or kill. The men were surprised and somewhat frightened and quickly got out of the way.

WILL NOT ADMIT WOMEN.

Warrenton, Mo., Sept. 7.—The St. Louis district German Methodist conference has voted against the Hamilton amendment, which provides for the admission of women as delegates to the general conference, and voted strongly against the change of ratio of ministerial representation to the general conference.

OCEAN STEAMER DELAYED.

New York, Sept. 7.—The steamship Normannia, which arrived today, was delayed by the breaking of the high pressure cylinder of her port engine on Sept. 1. She proceeded with the starboard engine for sixteen hours, until the necessary repairs had been made to the defective cylinder.

TROOPS IN CUBA.

Havana, Sept. 7.—Fourteen hundred troops arrived at Santiago de Cuba today from Spain. The reinforcements consist of a battalion of the constitution regiment and two companies of the Burgos regiment. The press of Havana have agreed to give a banquet to the last battalion that arrived from Spain.

OPPOSE IT

Interviews With Some West Duluthians on the Water Purchase Question.

Out of Eight Only One Found in Favor of Purchase.

Balance Against it and Most of Them Favor Building.

A few business men this morning when asked volunteered the following opinion on the water question:

C. A. Johnson—I am in line with the course taken by The Herald on this question from beginning to end. Your paper has expressed my sentiments on this question exactly.

Dr. Burnside—I am unqualifiedly opposed to the purchase of the plant at even a million dollars. As a taxpayer I feel that our taxes are already too high and if I had my way I would let the matter rest as it is for a time at least. The old plant may not let us want and we are not now in the condition to build a new one.

U. S. Sharp—I am unqualifiedly opposed to the purchase of the old plant at the price asked.

A. Farnsworth—if the West Duluth plant was included in the deal I might be in favor of the project, but in the present phase I am certainly opposed to the proposition.

J. A. Scott—I am opposed to the proposed purchase. I was opposed to it before on the grounds that the price was outrageous and I consider the present proposition worse for \$200,000. I consider that \$200,000 is extra for extension is but a delusion and a snare to catch the voters of West Duluth.

The West Duluth Light and Water company is no shape to sell and if they were the heaviest stockholders in that concern have never given the assurance that they would accept that figure for the plant.

A. Barclay—I suppose that it would be a great annoyance to again tear up the streets to put in a new plant, but the old one is not what we want and taking everything into consideration I am in favor of building a new plant.

Van R. Brown—A purchaser must be suited in the article offered and the price demanded. I do not think the citizens of Duluth are satisfied with either.

John Home—I am not in favor of buying the old plant. Between the two propositions I am in favor of building a new one.

G. J. Mallory—I have been thinking the matter over carefully and am of the opinion that it would be better to buy the old plant. I believe that a vote to build means simply to delay the matter. The question of water supply is now for years. We have done much injury to the city by advertising the dangerous condition of the water supply. The idea that we can parallel the water company is to my mind an error and taking all phases of the question into consideration I believe the proper step is to buy the old plant and put the question to rest forever.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.
Do White's Cakes, Little Early Biscuits and Witch Hazel, sold at Spencer's. Newly printed cards, 10¢ per month each. C. W. Hoyt.

The E. O. S. will give an ice cream social at Masonic hall next Monday evening.

A pleasant party was given at Swine's hall last evening in honor of Miss Nellie Day. About twenty-five couple were present.

Miss Delia Day will leave for Marquette tomorrow on a visit.

Operator Lynch has been summoned to Buffalo to the bedside of his dying mother.

The trio consisting of Misses Kinney, Collins and Walsh, will sing at St. James' Catholic church tomorrow.

E. D. Home has gone to Milwaukee on a visit.

J. Forbester has opened a grocery store in the building on Raleigh street lately vacated by Lofgren & Co.

Rev. S. A. Jameson went to Aitkin yesterday.

Lost—Between Central avenue and the Merrill & Ring row, a ladies' gold watch. Finder will be rewarded by returning to Mrs. Gilbert.

THE DOCTOR'S COLUMN.
K. H. L. Wash, D. C.—I am very nervous, and feel tired all the time. What will help me?

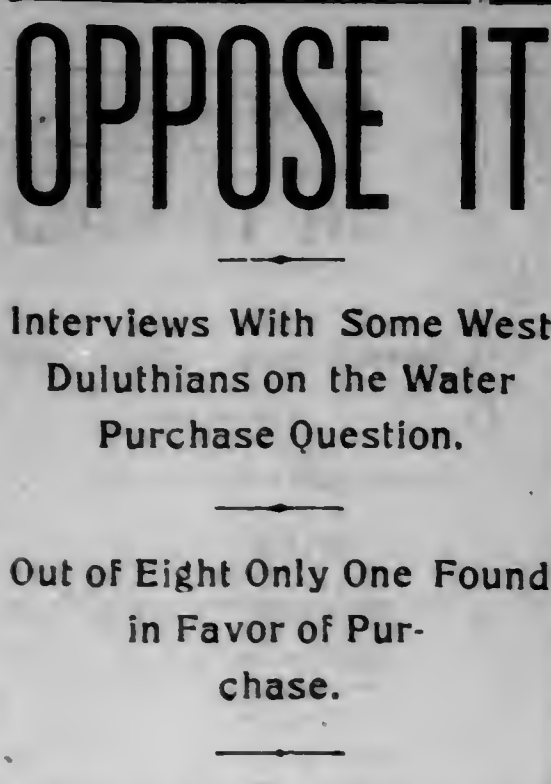
Cerebrine, extract of the brain, in five-drop doses, on the tongue, three times daily, for two months. Natrolithic Salts, twice a week.

Geo. New York—After eating I have a very full feeling and pain in my stomach. What will help me?

Take a teaspoonful of Gastrine after each meal. Natrolithic Salts, twice a week, before breakfast.

W. L. J. Chicago—Am very much troubled with pimples that appear on my face and chest.

Eczemura, applied twice daily to affected parts. Natrolithic Salts, as above.



MANY CHILDREN

As well as thousands of grown people, have been cured of scurvy and other blood diseases, by taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Every disorder that can be reached through the blood, yields to its purifying qualities. Eczema, Yellows, Boils, Carbuncles, and the worst Scrofulous Sores and Swellings are permanently cured.

Mr. Thos. Harris, of Wakefield, Mass., writes: "About four years ago my daughter, Helen E. Harris, was afflicted with Eczema in a distressing form. She tried medicines too numerous to mention, but they did no good. I told her that I would write to Dr. Pierce, which I did, and after a few months use of his medicines I believe your medicine cured her."

Miss Jno. H. H. Harris, a widow living near Wakefield, Va., a few years ago, was in extremely bad health, and used your proprietary medicine with entire success.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

IN DULUTH.
Note: The quotations below are for goods which change rapidly, and the open market, in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, and any other jobbing prices has to be charged.

Crackers, separators, extra, 19 00
Medium, hand picked, per bu. 1 00
Dried lots, per bu. 1 00
Brown beans, fancy, 1 00
Green peas, per bu. 1 00
Yellow peas, per bu. 1 00
Potatoes, Minnesota, 1 00
Canned stock, strictly fresh, 1 00
Parsley, per doz. 1 00
Cauliflower, per doz. 1 00
Tomatoes, per doz. 1 00
Carrots, per doz. 1 00
Cabbage, per doz. 1 00
Turnips, per doz. 1 00
Squashes, Hubbard, per doz. 1 00
Cabbages, home grown, per doz. 1 00
Onions, 1 00
Bananas, bunches, 1 00
Grapes, Concord, baskets, 1 00
Apples, medium, per bu. 1 00
Tokays, crates, 1 00
Peaches, per box, 1 00
Peaches, Crawford, per box, 1 00
Peaches, Michigan, per box, 1 00
Peaches, California, small basket, 1 00
Peaches, California, large basket, 1 00
Oranges, Mediterranean sweets, per box, 1 00
Apples, per bu. fancy, 1 00
Apples, medium, per bu. 1 00
Watermelons, per hundred, 1 00
Germ melons, per basket, 1 00
Veal, fancy, 1 00
Veal, choice, 1 00
Mutton, fancy dressed, 1 00
Mutton, medium, 1 00
Lamb, fancy, 1 00
Lamb, medium, 1 00
Spring chickens, 1 00
Straight hens, 1 00
Roasters, 1 00
AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.
Bran, 50 lb. sacks including, 12 50
Wheat, 50 lb. sacks including, 12 50
Midlings, 10 lb. sacks including, 12 50
Red dog, 10 lb. sacks including, 12 50
Ground feed No. 2, 10 lb. sacks including, 12 50
Chick feed No. 2, 10 lb. sacks including, 12 50
Northern Minn., 10 lb. sacks including, 12 50
Poor, 10 lb. sacks including, 12 50
Tame, 10 lb. sacks including, 12 50
Choice timothy, 10 lb. sacks including, 12 50

CHICAGO, Sept. 6.—Butter, steady; creamery, 14 00; dairies, 13 50. Eggs, steady, 13 00.
NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—Butter, steady; Western dairy, 14 00; Eastern dairy, 13 50.
NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—Wheat, steady; No. 1 hard, 1 00; No. 2 hard, 95¢; No. 3 hard, 90¢; No. 4 hard, 85¢; No. 5 hard, 80¢; No. 6 hard, 75¢; No. 7 hard, 70¢; No. 8 hard, 65¢; No. 9 hard, 60¢; No. 10 hard, 55¢; No. 11 hard, 50¢; No. 12 hard, 45¢; No. 13 hard, 40¢; No. 14 hard, 35¢; No. 15 hard, 30¢; No. 16 hard, 25¢; No. 17 hard, 20¢; No. 18 hard, 15¢; No. 19 hard, 10¢; No. 20 hard, 5¢; No. 21 hard, 0¢; No. 22 hard, 0¢; No. 23 hard, 0¢; No. 24 hard, 0¢; No. 25 hard, 0¢; No. 26 hard, 0¢; No. 27 hard, 0¢; No. 28 hard, 0¢; No. 29 hard, 0¢; No. 30 hard, 0¢; No. 31 hard, 0¢; No. 32 hard, 0¢; No. 33 hard, 0¢; No. 34 hard, 0¢; No. 35 hard, 0¢; No. 36 hard, 0¢; No. 37 hard, 0¢; No. 38 hard, 0¢; No. 39 hard, 0¢; No. 40 hard, 0¢; No. 41 hard, 0¢; No. 42 hard, 0¢; No. 43 hard, 0¢; No. 44 hard, 0¢; No. 45 hard, 0¢; No. 46 hard, 0¢; No. 47 hard, 0¢; No. 48 hard, 0¢; No. 49 hard, 0¢; No. 50 hard, 0¢; No. 51 hard, 0¢; No. 52 hard, 0¢; No. 53 hard, 0¢; No. 54 hard, 0¢; No. 55 hard, 0¢; No. 56 hard, 0¢; No. 57 hard, 0¢; 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CITY BRIEFS.

Cullom, dentist, Palladio, Phone No. 9. Dr. Schiffman pulls teeth without pain. Smoke Endon cigar. W. A. Foote, Travelers' Ins. Co., Providence Bldg. Dr. Dronning has removed from the Lyceum to the Providence building. Large loans wanted. Moore & Stark, P. Longenecker, formerly editor of the Duluth Post, has decided to start a Swedish weekly newspaper, to be known as the Duluth Journal. It will be published every Saturday and will be an independent paper. The erection of a new water plant and the defeat of the purchase proposition will be strongly advocated.

The broken strap with which Fred Schindler jerked out his life at the county jail last week, has been added to the museum at the central station, and Secretary Ed Ford surveys it with a pleasant expression whenever he looks towards the glass case.

Rev. Robert Grice, pastor of the First Christian church, will speak at the men's mass meeting in the Assembly hall of the Young Men's Christian association tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock. This evening at 8 o'clock there will be a gospel meeting at the J. J. C. A. rooms at which C. H. Wheatley will speak.

Helen Segrist, the 12-year-old daughter of Fred Segrist, of 194 East Third street, is seriously ill with diphtheria. The Duluth Turn Verein will hold a concert of its pupils at the turn Verein garden tomorrow. A two-act drama will be presented in the evening and Mulholland's orchestra will furnish the music.

Owing to the uncertain state of the weather, the King's Daughters have postponed their open air fair, play and concert till Wednesday evening next. All tickets already issued will be good for that date. The play will be given in the grounds of C. P. Craig's residence on London road.

Caroline Windle, aged 67, was to be committed for insanity, before Judge Ayer, this afternoon. She is an old and childish, and has a habit of running around town at all times.

A marriage license has been issued to Axel Swanson and Annie Nelson.

PROGRAM OF SPORTS.

County Fair Will Present Some Fine Attractions.

The program for the sports and athletic contests at the county fair has been presented by C. S. Jager, who is in charge of that department. It is as follows:

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15.

10 a. m.—Pony trotting race.

10 a. m.—Baseball game between New England and Duluth.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 16.

10 a. m.—Pony trotting race.

10 a. m.—Football game between teams of Duluth Boat club and Duluth high school.

10 a. m.—Baseball game between Duluth and Iron Range.

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PERSONAL.

Mrs. Gervaise Graham, the celebrated beauty doctor, of Chicago, is in the city, the guest of Mrs. Boyd, W. H. Whitmore, of Bay City, Mich., is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Hoyt, of Kalamazoo, Mich., is in the city.

Mrs. George Hubbard, of Ashland, O., and Miss Lucy E. Mosser, of Allentown, Pa., are in the city.

A. P. Hall came up from St. Paul last evening.

William Santury, of Stillwater, was in the city last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Cowles, of St. Paul, are in the city.

Carl M. Johanson returned yesterday from the city on the North Land.

F. A. Blades and wife, of Detroit, Mich., are the guests for a few days of their son, W. H. Blades, Mr. Blades is city controller of the city of Detroit.

L. H. Corcoran went to Saginaw today.

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Larke and Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Ross left yesterday afternoon to attend the ticket agent's convention in Boston.

J. J. Ellis left for St. Paul this afternoon.

W. H. Hoyt went to St. Paul this afternoon.

A party left this afternoon to attend the Grand Army meeting at Louisville.

Among the party were M. W. Bates, Mrs. Davey, Mr. and Mrs. Reynolds and Miss Palmer.

Mrs. F. Barto left yesterday for a three months' visit to her parents at Troy, N. Y.

Mrs. Barto has been in the city since early spring, being accompanied by her husband and two children, and is here for a permanent recovery from her illness.

She has been spending the past week with her sister, Mrs. J. H. Richards, who has been in the city since early spring.

Miss Cochrane and Miss Caroline Cochrane, of Ashland, are visiting in the city.

J. H. Madden is here from Ashland, C. T. Wilkinson, of Chicago, is registered at the St. Louis.

Philip McDermott, of Stillwater, is in the city.

S. Woolley, of Chicago, is in the city.

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MEANS IT.

Health Officer Routh Will Tackle the Smoke Nuisance in Earnest.

He Will Ask for the Passage of a More Explicit Ordinance.

Many Complaints Have Been Entered Against Two or Three Buildings.

The people who are responsible for the smoke nuisance will be given a chance to squirm when Health Officer Routh returns from his trip to St. Paul.

He is consulting Dr. Charles N. Hewitt, of that city, on health matters and incidentally on the means used in the Sanitary City for the promulgation of smoke consumers.

Dr. Hewitt is secretary of the state board of health and a recognized authority on matters of hygiene.

The trouble heretofore has been in the wording of the existing smoke ordinance which went into effect June 1, 1894. Section 1 reads as follows: "From hereafter it shall be unlawful for any person, corporation or firm to cause smoke to be emitted from any source whatsoever within the corporate limits of the city of Duluth in such quantities as to constitute a public nuisance and to be injurious to the public health."

Dr. Routh will request the law department to secure the necessary change in the law and a number of prosecutions will follow.

The place about which the most complaints are received is the iron company's plant at Twenty-sixth avenue west and the Spalding and Board of Trade are close favorites for second.

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THEIR INSTRUCTIONS. Judges of Elections Being Informed of Their Duties.

City Clerk Richardson has sent out a letter of instructions to the 126 judges chosen for the coming election and many of them do not seem to understand under the amended law.

The city clerk's office is crowded with judges anxious for fuller information and some who come to dispute. Some of the new clauses are as follows:

The special bond election to be held Sept. 24, 1895, will be conducted under the law regulating elections in cities of over 12,000 and less than 40,000 as heretofore; but it has been amended in regard to hours for registration, which will be from 6 o'clock in the morning to 9 o'clock in the evening of each day; and no clerks are provided for, except on the first day.

On the first day of registration, the judge must transfer to the new registers from the old poll list the names of persons voting at the last preceding election. This will not be done on the other registration days.

"Section 67 of the election law requires the registers to be returned to the city clerk on the 10th day of the month in the morning of the day succeeding registration. This will necessitate the return of the registers on the 10th of Sept. 10. One of the judges will present the registers to the city clerk at the city hall on the 10th of Sept. 10.

The clerk will remain in his office on the night of Sept. 10 for the purpose of these registers to be returned to the city clerk on the 10th of Sept. 10.

These rules necessitate a great deal more work on the part of the judges than has heretofore been the case.

The grand jury will be in session all this morning and adjourned at noon without bringing in any indictments.

The prisoners indicted yesterday morning were arraigned yesterday afternoon and will plead this afternoon.

Yesterday afternoon James A. Dalgleish was given an Annie Dalgleish on the ground of desertion. In a divorce case of John Dalgleish against Dalgleish, City against Dalgleish, the defendant was ordered this morning to pay \$25 alimony and \$25 more on the day of the trial.

The special term calendar this morning did not contain much of interest, but it was not until noon when the case of the Dalgleish was given to a good part of the afternoon. Judge Meier was hearing the case of John Dalgleish against Dalgleish, City against Dalgleish, the defendant was ordered this morning to pay \$25 alimony and \$25 more on the day of the trial.

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The special term calendar this

scored three in the second, one in the fifth and two in the ninth. The fastest runner in the game was the heavy work for Duluth and Pitch's short stop, who made a brilliant play to win the applause from the large crowd present.

The score by innings was as follows:

	Marquette	2	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	8
Duluth	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

It was thought that this was the last game considered if the best that had been played there this season.

Manager Knapp, however, by Marquette, was also very interesting, and kept the crowd noisy until finished.

There were many points at the points for Duluth, while Smith and

of the adze, "A place for everything, and everything in its place." The hell went to the devil and safely home, says the *Enterprise* (p. 7). The more conservative Philadelphians are thankful, and are opposed to taking any more risks with their money. The *Enterprise* is not alone in Atlanta, and eight of them have filed a bill in equity praying for an injunction against the removal of the bells from Independence Square.

It seems to the present paragrapher that the objections to the itinerancy of the old bell is a waste of time. The bells should go straggling through the country. Moreover it is very much less interesting when wrrenched from its proper moorings, than when it is in its own place where it belongs. It seems no too much to ask that people who want to see the Liberty Bell should go to Philadelphia.

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ARTIAN

This story began more than 2000 years ago on the banks of the Nile, and the end is not yet, says the Baltimore Sun. It concerns the life, and more than the life, of

an Egyptian woman, and another chapter was written in her history yesterday afternoon at the Woman's college of Baltimore, Md. The resident Goucher mummy, wrapped in wrappings which a mummified body has rested undisturbed through all the ages of time since the Ptolemies ruled over Egypt. What will be the end of it all no one knows, but it seems tolerably certain that the mummy will find a resting place in the new hall of Baltimore University, where the students and the college visitors can gaze upon the form and features of an "old-time wo-

man," Dr. Goucher secured this mummy and another while in Egypt last winter through the kindness of the late Dr. Lepsius, the director of the famous museum of Gizeh, near the pyramids, where the best and most valuable of the relics of ancient Egypt have been collected during the past century. The mummy was found in the enormous tombs at Fayum on the Nile. One of the two secured by Dr. Goucher is supposed to be of a girl who was connected with the royal family of an early dynasty. It is much more elaborately decorated than the other, and altogether it has the appearance of having been embalmed with much more care and expense than the one which was unwrapped. The latter one was probably a woman of the middle class.

The process of removing the wrappings and getting down anywhere near the mummy consumed the best part of an hour. The mummy was taken out of the gaudily decorated case in which it was rested for nearly a year and stretched out on a table in one of the upper rooms of Goucher hall. President Goucher then drew near, armed with a pair of shears, while around him clustered an eager group of spectators, among whom were Dean J. B. Van Meter, Charles E. Hilliard, a trustee of the college; Dr. J. S. Barnard, Gustave Kahn, superintendent of the college buildings, and Cashier George

The shapings were found to be put on in several different ways. First there would be strips of linen, two or three inches wide, running from the neck and shoulders down the length of the body. Then bits of linen of irregular size would be tacked on, and the outside of the garment would appear smooth and rounded, and then across the body would be still other strips of linen not much more than a half inch wide. The doctor, as he worked his way down, found layers after layers put on in this manner, some of them being as thick as two inches thick all around the body. The linen was a light brown color and tore apart easily from its great age. The out-

Bitumen had been put on the body thickly and carelessly by the embalmer, and the passing of the years had made it half an hour with but little tangible result, the doctor decided to give up the job for the day and wait until some other time.

When he left off only the elbows, right hand and ears were in sight. They were as dark as the bitumen by which they were encased. The face was a smooth, unmarred plane, the bitumen by a smooth marbled appearance. The outline of the face was usually the most interesting part of a mummy, and the woman of 1913 was young.

or aged, pretty or homely, strong in
character, or lacking in strength.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

Railroad Travel in That Sec

tion of Country.

The train to San Pedro Sula was made up of a rusty engine and three

little cars, with no glass in the windows, and with seats too wide for one person, and not at all large enough for two. The natives made a great expedition of this journey, and piled the

crushed ice with lemons and bananas and tropical fruit. The train was filled with bottles of mineral water, says Richard Harding Davis in September Harper's Magazine. We carried no luncheons ourselves, but we had the greater advantage of them in that we were enjoying for the first time the most beautiful stretch of tropical swamp land and jungle that we came across during our entire trip through Honduras.

regular as the elms leading to an English country house, and again through the jungle where they grew in the most wonderful riot and disorder, so that their branches swept in through the car windows and brushed the cinders from the roof. The jungle spread out within a few feet of the track on either side, and we peered into an impenetrable net-work of vines and creeper and mammoth ferns and caeti and giant trees covered with orchids, and so tall that one could only see their

The railroad journey from Puerto Cortez to San Pedro Sula lasts four hours, but the distance is only thirty-seven miles. This was, until a short time ago, when the line was extended by a New York company, the only thirty-seven miles of railroad track in Honduras, and as it has given the country a foreign debt of \$2,992,850, the country on which has not been paid since 1877, it would seem to be quite

enough. About thirty years ago an interoceanic railroad was projected from Puerto Cortez to the Pacific coast a distance of 148 miles, but the railroad turned out to be a colossal swindle, and the government was left with this debt on its hands, an army of despoiled stockholders to satisfy and only thirty-seven miles of bad road for itself.

The road was to have been paid for at a certain rate per mile, and the men who mapped it out made it in consequence twice as long as it need

MORAL POWER OF THE PRESS.
Great credit was due to the press for its assistance in discovering and exposing the frauds of the whisky ring, says Professor E. B. Andrews in September Scribner. Notwithstanding exaggerations and errors here and there, laying faults at wrong doors, its work was simply magnificent. As the New

Beecham's pills are for biliousness, bilious headache, dyspepsia.

ziness, sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, loss of appetite, sallow skin, etc., when caused by constipation and constipation is the most frequent cause of all of them.

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On the first night that we tied up at

On the side of the canal we heard the muffled drum aloard the police boat of a town near by. Its steady tum-tum, tum-tum seemed not to cease all night, says Julian Ralph in Harper's. The boat was a 10 or 15-ton sailing vessel, carrying on its forward deck a little cannon, such as a pleasure yacht at home might carry. The sound of the drum brought to my mind a little Chinese village of my acquaintance, where, during the night, the

the single street of shops announced to the world that the inhabitants had banded themselves to keep order, had hired a watchman, and now requested all persons assisting in keeping the peace to be on hand.

"The thieves of the locality are not likely to pay their trade here," said a local police officer, "when they think they can throw the watchman out of work. It would not be considered kindly or neighborly to do this. The police are on hand in his bailwick. According to the fixed Chinese rule, the watchman will be paid as long as there is no robbery. In case of a robbery, takes place he will have provided

— blankets, underwear—all woolsens—they're the same as when they were in the city as when they went in and clean. Pure—delicious for the taste. At all leading dealers.

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himself useless, and that he was not fit to be a prime minister, was expected to keep the country out of trouble. He was caught by surprise when Japan declared war, and for that he lost his yellow jacket. Straight to the top, the rank never vacated, the emperor, in his capacity as the son of Heaven, is supposed to keep the gods appeased. Therefore when the drought in China with drought or famine the emperor publicly blames himself, and increases his devotion to the gods whom he has neglected." The missionary said that he employed a watchman at his mission, but that he was very old and blind.

visit from burglars, he at last discharged the watchman. Immediately thieves broke into one of the buildings. The watchman was not a party to the crime. The thieves had kept away out of neighborhood respect for him, but when he was discharged there was no reason for longer staying their hands. The reader may be sure that the watchman was at once restored to his old post.

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